ZDO-277: HOUSING STRATEGIES ISSUES PAPER: #2020-1



OVERVIEW

1. Presentation and Discussion of Issues Paper

2. Input into:

- A. Are the correct strategies included? Does the recommended order make sense?
- B. What methods of engagement should be used during the course of the project?
- c. What other items should be considered while the project is underway?



Additional capacity for up to 5,000 housing units is needed in urban area. Exhibit 63 Types of Financially Attainable Housing by Median Family Income (MEI) for Clarke

Exhibit 63. Types of Financially Attainable Housing by Median Family Income (MFI) for Clackamas County (\$81,400), 2018

Source: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Clackamas County, 2018. Note: Clackamas County is part of the Portland MSA. HUD reports median household incomes for the Portland MSA for Clackamas County.

Housing units that:

- Are Affordable
- Can be Accessed
- Are Available
- Are Diverse



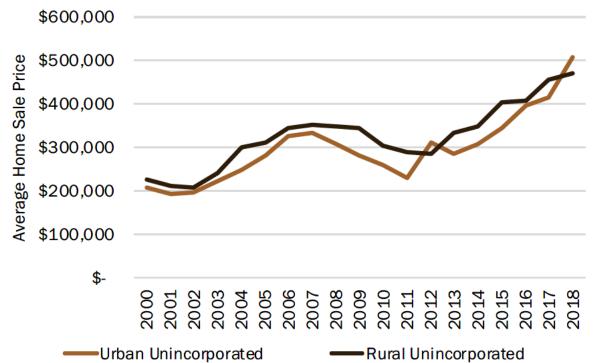


Affordable:

 34% of households are cost burdened and spend more than 30% of their income on housing.

Exhibit 46. Average Sales Price, Urban and Rural Unincorporated Clackamas County, 2000 - 2018

Source: RLIS.



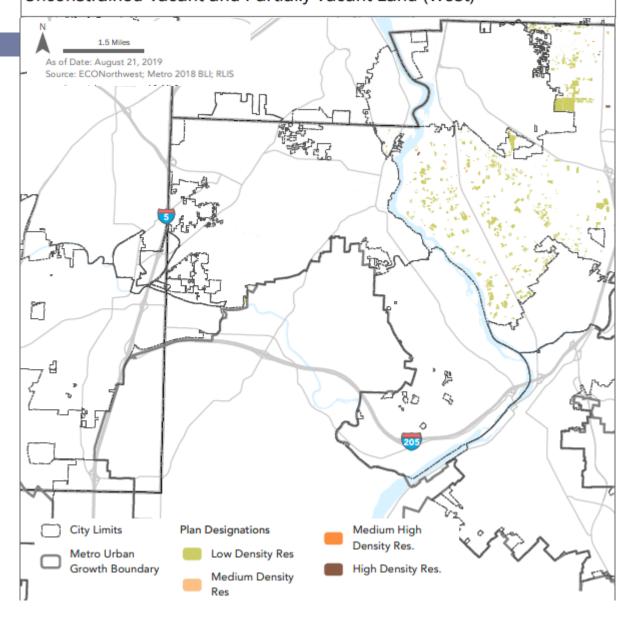


Access:

- Close to transit, employment centers, commercial centers and services
- Available
- Affordable

Exhibit 6. Unconstrained vacant and partially vacant residential land, Urban Unincorporated Clackamas County (West), 2019

URBAN UNINCORPORATED HNA BUILDABLE LAND INVENTORY
Unconstrained Vacant and Partially Vacant Land (West)



Available:

 There is a deficit in buildable residential land

Exhibit 84. Comparison of capacity of existing residential land with demand for new dwelling units and land surplus or deficit, Urban Unincorporated Clackamas County, 2019 to 2039

Source: Buildable Lands Inventory; Calculations by ECONorthwest. Note: DU is dwelling unit.

Plan Designation	Capacity (Dwelling Units)	Demand (Dwelling Units)	Comparison (Capacity minus Demand)	Land Deficit Gross Acres
Low Density	2,747	2,902	(155)	(35)
Medium Density	88	1,430	(1,342)	(124)
Medium-High Density	208	1,471	(1,263)	(78)
High Density	135	2,372	(2,237)	(86)
Total	3,178	8,175	(4,997)	(323)

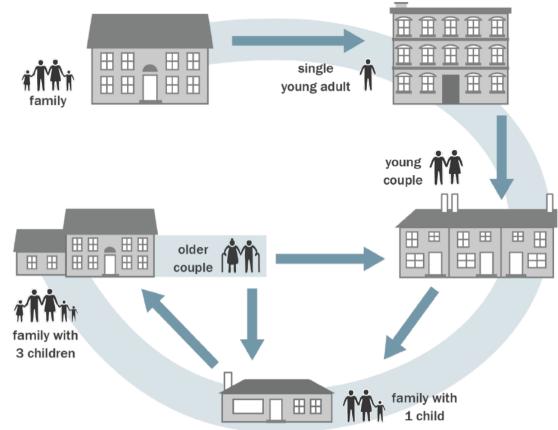


Diverse:

 There is a need for a variety of housing types

Exhibit 29. Effect of demographic changes on housing need

Source: ECONorthwest, adapted from Clark, William A.V. and Frans M. Dieleman. 1996. Households and Housing. New Brunswick, NJ: Center for Urban Policy Research.





HOUSING STRATEGIES

Strategies Identified Through:

- 1. State Mandates
 - □ HB 2001 (2019)
 - □ SB 1051 (2017)
- Housing Affordability and Homelessness Task Force Recommendations
- 3. 2019-2021 Long-Range Planning Work Program



HOUSING STRATEGIES

Strategies Designed to:

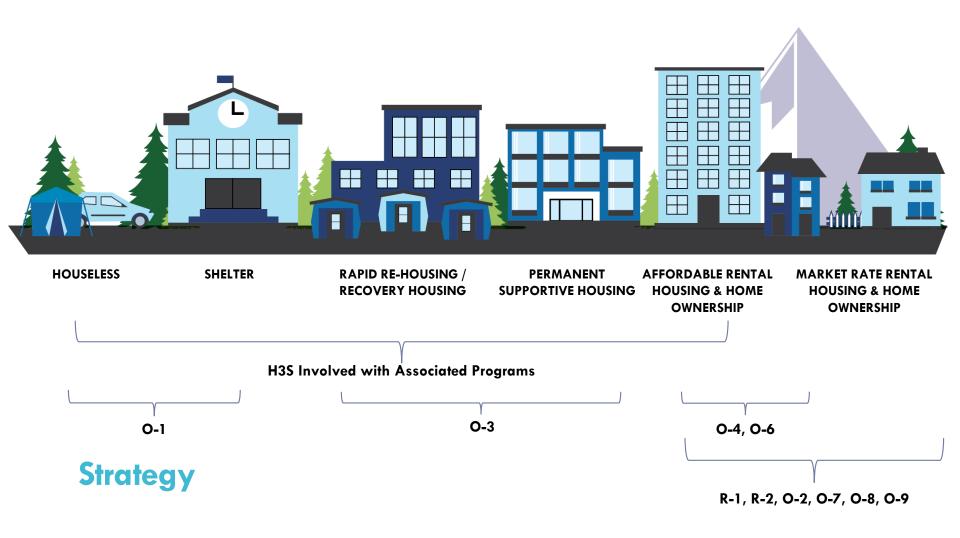
- Address needs identified in the Housing Needs Assessment
 - Increase places for new housing units
 - Increase diversity of new housing units
- 2. Address recommendations from the Housing Affordability and Homelessness Task Force including:
 - Improve access to housing
 - Improve housing stability
 - Limit potential for displacement
- 3. Meet legislative mandates



HOUSING STRATEGIES

	Table 1: DTD Housing Strategies for Initial Review			
Items liste	Items listed with an R are required by state legislation, while items listed with an O are optional.			
R-1	Modify the zoning code to have clear and objective criteria for housing			
R-2	Allow duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, cluster cottages and townhouses in urban single-family zones			
0-1	Identify appropriate areas and processes to allow shelter off the streets			
O-2	Review potential to add housing to schools, places of worship and church-owned property			
O-3	Consider permanent regulations to allow transitional shelter communities			
0-4	 (a) Consider providing a tiered density bonus for inclusion of affordable housing, and (b) Create a transferrable development rights bonus system 			
O-5	Consider increasing or removing maximum density requirements for multifamily developments in commercial zoning districts			
O-6	Consider creating a hierarchy of minimum parking standards based on proximity to transit and/or dwelling unit affordability			
0-7	Consider rezoning land to preserve manufactured dwelling parks			
O-8	Explore opportunities for permitting additional housing types, such as micro-units, co-housing, live/work units, and mixed use development			
O-9	Clarify Comprehensive Plan policies for rezoning in low density residential districts to protect neighborhood character (H-1C)			
O-10	Restrict Temporary Dwellings for Care	CLACK		

Housing Continuum



PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS

Considered:

- Regulatory Framework
- Available resources including staff time and budget
- Needs identified in the Housing Needs Assessment
 - Does the strategy increase places for new housing units?
- Equity including:
 - Does the strategy improve access to housing?
 - Does the strategy improve housing stability?
 - Does the strategy limit potential for displacement?
- Legislative mandates

MANDATES

R1. Modify policies and code to have clear and objective criteria. SB 1051 (2017)

R2. Make duplexes, triplexes, cluster cottages and quadplexes outright use in urban single-family zones. HB 2001 (2019)

LOCATION

Downtown Salem

ADDRESS

1365 Chemeketa St. NE Salem, OR

LOT SIZE / DENSITY

4,350 sf / 30 per acre

DWELLING SIZE

750 - 1,250 sf

RENT VS. OWN

Owned and rented



21

Triplex converted from a single dwelling home built in 1900. The three units consist of a main two-story unit, a one-bed/one-bath attic unit as well as a lower level unit. The two upper units share entrances off the front porch and the basement unit has a separate entrance along the side.



29

Built in 2016, the development consists of two buildings, one duplex, and one triplex on a single tax lot. Parking is attached and accessed by an alley in the back.

LOCATION

Lair Hill Neighborhood

ADDRESS

3312 SW 1st Avenue Portland, OR

LOT SIZE / DENSITY

10,000 sf / 22 per acre

DWELLING SIZE

1,872 sf

RENT VS. OWN

Typically owned





O1. Identify appropriate areas and processes to allow shelter off the streets

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 Conditional Use (CU) procedure available for campgrounds and government uses Emergency declaration used for temporary shelters 	 Discretionary land use approval process not well-suited to serve this immediate need Access to housing and stability would be moderately increased through coordination with H3S programs Displacement has already occurred 	 Short-term: Rely on current procedures to provide more temporary types of shelters Long-term: Focus efforts on regulations related to shelter off the streets in more permanent structures through strategy O-3



O2. Review potential to add housing to schools, places of worship and church-owned property

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 Housing can be added to schools and places of worship if underlying zoning code requirements/ densities are met 	 Many school/church sites fully developed with parking, playgrounds, athletic fields, etc. Unclear how much & what kinds of housing may be appropriate Access to housing may be moderately increased Displacement and stability impacts are unknown 	 More time needed to engage agency/community partners to understand objectives & scope work Evaluate in Phase III of the DTD Housing Strategies project



O3. Consider permanent regulations to allow transitional shelter communities

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 Conditional Use procedure available for government uses Temporary rules allowing for shelter on government-owned, industrial lands expired 8/2019 ("Vet's Village") Market pressures in MF zones discourage this type of use 	 Would address the needs of some of the lowest-income HHs (a Board priority) for a reasonably low amount of staff effort because of existing ordinance language Access to housing and stability would be increased substantially with structures and access to H3S programs Displacement has already occurred. 	 Include in Phase I of the DTD Housing Strategies project

OPTIONAL STRATEGY 04 (a)



O4(a) Provide a tiered density bonus for inclusion of affordable housing

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 A 5-8% increase in base density available for one dwelling unit per affordable dwelling unit 	 Rarely (if ever) used Recommended by Task Force structure density bonus to create a more feasible financial incentive Could provide moderate amount of new housing units Would improve access to housing, if used 	 Immediate need for more affordable housing Analysis and amendments could be addressed on a relatively fast timeframe Include in Phase I of the DTD Housing Strategies project

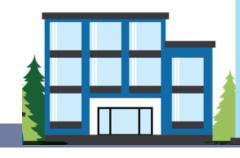
OPTIONAL STRATEGY 04 (b)



O4(b) Create a transferrable development rights (TDR) bonus system

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
ZDO does not have TDR system	 Need for this will be informed by other amendments made in Housing Strategies project Unknown potential impact to housing access, availability or affordability 	 Premature to study prior to outcome of other proposed changes to ZDO Evaluate need and feasibility in Phase III of the DTD Housing Strategies project





O5. Consider increasing or removing maximum density requirements for multifamily developments in commercial zoning districts

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
MF housing development is allowed in most urban commercial zones Some commercial zones (C-3; CC; OC; & RTL) zones limit density to 25 units per acre	 Limits to MF density inconsistent with allowed FAR if developed as commercial or mixed-use Could result in substantial increase to the number of new housing units and increased access Moderate improvement on stability and displacement depending on rental rates 	 Opportunity to leverage existing grant funding to explore this option (Park Ave. & 82nd Corridor projects), then possibly apply county-wide Include in Phase I of the DTD Housing Strategies Project



O6. Consider creating a hierarchy of minimum parking standards based on proximity to transit and/or dwelling unit affordability

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 ZDO has one parking standard -# spaces per dwelling unit (DU) - for all single-family and MF units, regardless of location and affordability level Ranges from 1 per DU for detached SF to sliding scale of 1.25 to 1.75 per DU for MF units 	 Ratio results in need for more expensive structured parking on some sites Could result a substantial number of new housing units and improved access Moderate impact on stability and displacement 	 Opportunity to leverage existing grant funding to explore option (Park Ave. & 82nd Corridor projects), then possibly apply county-wide Include in Phase I of the DTD Housing Strategies Project

O7. Consider rezoning land to preserve manufactured dwelling parks

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 ZDO and state law require fee paid to each tenant park closes to be redeveloped Manuf. dwelling parks are valuable source of naturally-occurring affordable housing 	 Important consideration but may lack high urgency – staff only aware of 2 park closures since fee began Limited increase to the number of housing units and housing access Substantial increase in stability and limits displacement 	 Will take time to engage public, park owners and study other city's experiences Consider in Phase III of the DTD Housing Strategies Project



O8. Explore opportunities for permitting additional housing types, such as micro-units, co-housing, live/work units, and mixed use development

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 To understand how these and other less- conventional housing types are (or are not) addressed in ZDO, first need to develop clear definitions 	 Considerations will need to be given for higher density in residential area and/or new housing types on commercial areas May create limited number of places for new housing units Could moderately improve access to housing 	 More time needed to engage agency/community partners to understand objectives & scope work Include in Phase III of the DTD Housing Strategies project



O9. Clarify Comprehensive Plan policies for rezoning in low density residential districts

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 Chapters 4 & 6 of the Comprehensive Plan include policies related to zoning in low density residential districts Request from community to clarify policies and potentially restrict zone changes in urban low-density residential areas 	 Recent land-use appeals have made it apparent that the current policies need more clarity – also ties into "clear and objective" standards (R1) Little to no increase on places for new housing units Limited impact on improving access or stability and limited affect on displacement 	 Include in Phase II and complete in conjunction with Strategies R1 and R2



O10. Restrict Temporary Dwellings for Care

Current Status	Preliminary Assessment	Recommendation
 ZDO allows in all zoning districts with a land use application, which is not transferable ZDO requires temp. dwelling be removed when no longer needed or if the property is conveyed to another party Request from community to consider limiting who/which properties could qualify for this use 	 Restricting who can apply for this permit counter to goals in Comp. Plan and goals of Housing Strategies project Reduced number of housing units Reduced access to and stability of housing Increased potential for displacement of elderly and disabled residents 	 Do not include in the Housing Strategies project

RECOMMENDATION

Recommended·Order·of·Review·for·DTD·Housing·Strategies¤						
Phase∙I¤	O-3¤	Consider·permanent·regulations·to·allow·transitional·shelter· communities¤				
	O-4·(a)¤	Consider·providing·a·tiered·density·bonus·for·inclusion·of·affordable· housing¤				
	O-5¤	Consider·increasing·or·removing·maximum·density·requirements·for-multifamily·developments·in·commercial·zoning·districts¤				
	O-6¤	Consider·creating·a·hierarchy·of·minimum·parking·standards·based·on·proximity·to·transit·and/or·dwelling·unit·affordability¤				
Phase·II¤	R-1¤	Modify·the·ZDO·to·have·clear·and·objective·criteria·for·housing¤				
	O-9¤	Clarify·Comprehensive·Plan·policies·for·rezoning·in·low·density· residential·districts·¤				
	R-2¤	Allow·duplexes,·triplexes,· <u>quadplexes</u> ,·cluster·cottages·and·townhouses· in·urban·single-family·zones¤				



RECOMMENDATION

Phase·III¤	O-2¤	Review·potential·to·add·housing·to·schools,·places·of·worship·and·church-owned·property¤		
	O-4·(b)¤	Create·a·transferrable·development·rights·bonus·system¤		
	O-7¤	Consider·rezoning·land·to·preserve·manufactured·dwelling·parks¤		
	O-8¤	Explore-opportunities-for-permitting-additional-housing-types,-such-as-micro-units,-co-housing,-live/work-units,-and-mixed-use-development¤		
Do·not∙ include¤	O-1¤	Identify-appropriate-areas-and-processes-to-allow-shelter-off-the-streets¤		
	O-10¤	Restrict·Temporary·Dwellings·for·Care¤		



RECOMMENDATION

Work Plan Approach:

- Lead with an equity lens
- 2. Update Comprehensive Plan
- 3. Leverage existing projects
- 4. Extend project timeline into 2021

	Winter/Spring 2020	Summer/Fall 2020	Winter /Spring 2021	Summer/Fall 2021
Public Engagement	2020	2020	2021	2021
Phase I – DTD Strategy				
review and recommendation				
Phase II – DTD Strategy				
review and recommendation				
Phase III – Reassess approach				
for Phase III DTD Strategies				

QUESTIONS:

- 1. Does the staff recommendation presented in Issue Paper #2020-1 include the correct strategies, in the correct order, to move the project forward?
- 2. What methods of engagement should be used during the course of the project?
- What other items should be considered while the project is underway?



THANK YOU

