Continuum of Care (CoC) and Emergency Solutions Grant Program (ESG)

2015 Policy Manual

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CoC Lead: Abby Ahern	Signature
Date: August 22, 2016	
See Attachment D for Priority Order for Chronic Homeless Persons	

Program Overview

The Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act of 2009 (HEARTH Act) consolidated three separate homeless assistance programs administered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act into a single grant program. The HEARTH Act revised the Emergency Shelter Grants program and renamed the program the Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) program. The HEARTH Act also codified in law the Continuum of Care (CoC) planning process that is part of HUD's annual application for funding of programs and services that assist homeless persons.

24 CFR Part 576 Subpart B details the program components and eligible activities of the ESG program. The five components are:

- 1. Street Outreach
- 2. Emergency Shelter
- 3. Homeless Prevention
- 4. Rapid Re-housing
- 5. HMIS (Homeless Management Information System)

ESG provider sub-recipients are selected through a Request for Proposals process conducted by Clackamas County Housing and Community Development Division at least every three years.

The Clackamas County Continuum of Care (CoC) is a consortium of individuals and organizations with the common purpose of planning for a housing and services continuum for people who are homeless.

The mission of the Clackamas County CoC is to facilitate the development of a continuum of housing and services that provide sufficient opportunities to significantly mitigate homelessness in Clackamas County, via:

- Full utilization of mainstream resources
- Coordination of service delivery and housing systems
- Systemic agreements and institutional focusing on populations at high risk of homelessness
- Creative cultivation of new resources
- Public awareness to foster a collective sense of responsibility for addressing homelessness

CoC funded providers operate transitional housing, permanent supportive housing and rapid rehousing programs and follow the program rules listed in CoC Interim Rule 24 CFR Part 578.

ESG provider sub-recipient contracts also include many ESG program requirements. Each ESG and CoC provider may decide to set standards for their homeless services that exceed these minimum standards, but will at the very least comply with the following Clackamas County Homeless Services General Standards:

General Standards:

1. COORDINATED ASSESSMENT:

Minimum standards for the coordinated access and assessment system are:

- Once the Continuum of Care has developed and adopted a coordinated assessment system in accordance with HUD's requirements (24 CFR Part 578) all ESG and CoC providers in Clackamas County shall participate in that assessment system.
- Victim services providers are encouraged to provide input in the planning and implementation of the coordinated assessment system, but may choose not to use the Continuum of Care's coordinated assessment system.

2. HOMELESS MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM (HMIS):

Minimum standards for CoC and ESG data are:

- Providers, except for victim service providers, shall utilize the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS), to enter data on people served and assistance provided under ESG and CoC.
- Victim service providers shall utilize a comparable data system that meets HUD's standards (24 CFR 576.107).
- All providers including victim services providers, shall adhere to the reporting and data quality standards in the current Clackamas County HMIS Policies and Procedures.

3. PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT

All providers will submit Annual Performance Reports (APRs) to HUD. At least annually all providers will be measured using the following HUD CoC performance measures according to the type of project/service provided:

- a. Ending Chronic Homelessness Have providers met commitments made to HUD or have any new chronic persons been housed? (permanent housing projects)
- b. Housing Stability Have participants stayed in or moved to permanent housing? (transitional housing projects)
- c. Jobs and Income Growth Have participants increased their income? (all projects)
- d. Mainstream Benefits Have participants gotten access to services? (all projects)

- e. Rapid Re-Housing Have families been appropriately housed as quickly as possible? (RRH projects)
- f. At least 30% of people exiting shelters go to transitional or permanent housing (shelter providers).

4. EDUCATION OF CHILDREN 24 CFR 578.23 (c) 7

Clackamas County CoC strongly values education, believing that increased educational attainment lowers risk of future homelessness. ESG and CoC programs shall inform parents and unaccompanied youth of their educational rights, take the educational needs of children into account when families are placed in housing and will, to the maximum extent practicable, place families with children as close as possible to their school of origin so as not to disrupt such children's education. Providers and homeless school liaisons coordinate schooling for each school-age child, reducing school migration and connecting students to services.

5. FAMILY UNITY

The CoC and ESG providers of emergency shelter, transitional housing, rapid rehousing and permanent housing serving families shall ensure that no members of a household with children under 18 are denied admission or separated when entering shelter or housing.

6. DEFINITION OF FAMILY

Family includes, but is not limited to, regardless of marital status, actual or perceived sexual orientation, or gender identity, the following:

- (1) A single person, who may be an elderly person, displaced person, disabled person, near-elderly person, or any other single person; or,
- (2) A group of persons residing together, and such group includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. A family with or without children (a child who is temporarily away from the home because of placement in foster care is considered a member of the family);
 - b. An elderly family;
 - c. A near-elderly family;
 - d. A disabled family;
 - e. A displaced family; and,
 - f. The remaining member of a tenant family.

In general, this definition of "family" applies to both the ESG and CoC Program rules. However, the McKinney-Vento Act, as amended by the HEARTH Act, distinguishes individuals from families. Therefore, paragraph (1) of the definition of family under the

Equal Access Rule is considered an individual under the CoC and ESG programs and the definition of family for these programs is defined as follows:

Family includes, but is not limited to, regardless of marital status, actual or perceived sexual orientation, or gender identity, any group of persons presenting for assistance together with or without children and irrespective of age, relationship, or whether or not a member of the household has a disability. A child who is temporarily away from the home because of placement in foster care is considered a member of the family.

7. REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS

Clackamas County is committed to the equal treatment of all persons, and believes that no eligible individual with disabilities should, solely on the basis of disability, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination under any CoC programs.

All providers will provide **Reasonable Accommodations** to applicants and participants of CoC and ESG Programs. A reasonable accommodation is an agency or program modification or change to its policies or procedures that will assist an eligible person with a disability to attain equal participation in programs.

Providers will assist clients in reviewing and understanding the agency or program Reasonable Accommodation Policy and completing any type of Request for Reasonable Accommodation documentation, as needed.

8. TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE (24 CFR Part 578.91(a))

Minimum standards for termination of assistance are:

- In general If a program violation occurs and the provider terminates assistance as a result, the termination shall follow an established process that recognizes the rights of the individuals affected. Termination shall only occur in the most severe cases.
- Program participants receiving rental assistance or housing relocation or stabilization services When terminating rental assistance or housing relocation and stabilization services, the required formal process shall minimally consist of:
 - Written notice clearly stating the reasons for termination;
 - A review of the decision that gives the participant opportunity to present objections to the decision maker; and
 - A prompt written final notice.
- **Ability to provide further assistance** Termination will not bar the provider from providing later additional assistance to the same family or individual.

9. GRIEVANCE PROCESS (24 CFR Part 578.91(b))

All providers shall have a Grievance Process that recognizes the rights of individuals to due process when assistance is terminated. Individuals receiving assistance are informed at entry of the grievance process for that particular provider. The process shall consist of an informal process and a formal process.

Providers will assist clients in reviewing and understanding the agency or program Grievance Process and completing any type of Grievance Process documentation. Under no circumstances shall engaging in a grievance process negatively impact the services provided to the person or household.

10. NONDISCRIMINATION/EQUAL OPPORTUNITY/AFFIRMATIVE

<u>OUTREACH:</u> CoC and ESG providers must maintain copies of their marketing, outreach, and other materials used to inform eligible persons of the program to document compliance with the requirements in 24 CFR 578.93(c).

ESG providers minimum standards shall comply with the requirements for nondiscrimination, equal opportunity and affirmative outreach identified in 24 CFR 576.407 (a-b).

Service providers must ascertain the preferred language of participants and make every effort to provide services in the preferred language.

CoC Standards - 24 CFR 578.7(a)(9)

- **1. Eligibility**. The CoC standard for evaluating individuals' and families' eligibility for assistance is to use an intake process that includes a coordinated assessment to determine and document participant eligibility. All CoC providers will follow CoC Program guidelines to establish the client's status as homeless and verify household income eligibility, if applicable. 24 CFR 578.103 and 24 CFR 576.500
- **2. Transitional Housing.** The CoC standard for determining and prioritizing which eligible individuals and families will receive transitional housing: CoC providers shall use an intake process with the coordinated assessment to prioritize which persons will receive any available transitional housing on a first come first served basis. The determination will be documented in the client file.
- **3. Rapid Re-housing (RRH).** The CoC standard for determining and prioritizing which eligible individuals and families will receive rapid re-housing assistance: CoC providers shall use an intake process with the coordinated assessment to prioritize which persons will receive any available Rapid re-housing units on a first come first served basis. The determination will be documented in the client file.

- **4. Participant share of RRH assistance**. The CoC standard for determining what percentage or amount of rent each program participant must pay while receiving rapid re-housing assistance: CoC providers shall consider the income information for the last 30 days collected at intake and during the coordinated assessment to determine the percentage or amount each program participant must pay while receiving assistance. The determination will be documented in the client file. Participants will pay no more than 30% of their household income for rent per 24 CFR 578.77 (c).
- **5. Permanent Supportive Housing.** The CoC standard for determining and prioritizing which eligible individuals and families will receive permanent supportive housing assistance: CoC providers shall use an intake process with the coordinated assessment to determine and prioritize which persons are best served by placement in any available Permanent Supportive Housing unit. Chronically homeless persons are prioritized for PSH beds in accordance with HUD guidance in CPD Notice 14-012 (Attachment D). The determination will be documented in the client file.

ESG Standards - 24 CFR 576.400 (e):

1. Evaluating Eligibility. Standard policies and procedures for evaluating individuals' and families' eligibility for assistance under ESG:

Per 24 CFR 576.401: ESG (sub-recipients) providers must conduct an initial evaluation to determine each individual or family's eligibility for ESG assistance and the amount and types of assistance the individual or family needs to regain stability in permanent housing. All ESG providers will follow federal documentation guidelines to establish the client's status as homeless or at-risk of homeless and their income eligibility. These evaluations must be conducted in accordance with the centralized or coordinated assessment requirements set forth under §576.400(d).

2. Coordination Among Providers. Policies and procedures for coordination among all Clackamas County emergency shelter providers, essential service providers, homelessness prevention and rapid re-housing assistance providers, other homeless assistance providers, and mainstream service and housing providers:

The ESG providers must coordinate and integrate, to the maximum extent practicable, ESG-funded activities with other ending homelessness programs in the area covered by the Continuum of Care or area over which the services are coordinated to provide a strategic, community-wide system to prevent and end homelessness. The list of programs are included in 24 CFR Part 567.400(b)

ESG provider managers and case managers shall participate in Clackamas County Continuum of Care meetings to coordinate services and to discuss ESG policies and procedures. ESG providers receive feedback from other homeless services providers on all services available for low-income and homeless persons including; accessing mainstream services; housing, legal and health care services.

3. Determining and Prioritizing. Policies and procedures for determining and prioritizing which eligible families and individuals will receive homelessness prevention assistance and which eligible families and individuals will receive rapid re-housing assistance:

ESG-funded providers will be responsible for ensuring that potential participants are served, with provisions for serving eligible households who meet prioritization criteria established through the Continuum of Care using coordinated assessment protocols.

Coordinated assessment tools thoroughly explore a family's or individual's situation and pinpoints their unique housing and service needs. Based upon the coordinated assessment, families and individuals should be referred to the type, level and duration of housing and services most appropriate to their situations and need.

Under homelessness prevention, ESG assistance is available to individuals and families below 30% of Area Median Income (AMI), and are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless.

ESG funds can be used to prevent an individual or family from becoming homeless and regain stability in current housing or other permanent housing. Rapid re-housing funds can be used to assist individuals and families who are literally homeless progress toward permanent housing and achieve housing stability.

- a. Homeless Prevention Households will be re-certified for continued eligibility every 3 months.
- b. Rapid Re-Housing Households will be re-certified annually.

4. Income Determination and Requirements

a) Income Eligibility

There are no income eligibility requirements for receiving street outreach, emergency shelter or transitional housing services and assistance. To qualify for rapid re-housing, an applicant must be at imminent risk of homeless which has no income requirements. However, in order to continue to receive rapid re-housing assistance, clients must have an annual income that does not exceed 30% of AMI at time of re-evaluation. To qualify for homeless prevention assistance, applicants must have an annual income below 30% AMI at time of intake.

b) Calculating Gross Annual Income

Annual Income is the gross amount of income anticipated to be received by a household during the coming year based on the household's circumstances at the time of program intake and assessment. Annual Income determination is consistent with the Housing Choice Voucher definition of annual Income found at 24 CFR 5.609.

When determining the annual income of a household to establish eligibility for ESG assistance, Providers must count the income of all adults in the household, including nonrelated individuals, within the limitations imposed by 24 CFR 5.609. Not everyone living in the unit is considered a member of the household for the purposes of determining a household's income. Excluded persons include: foster children, foster adults, live-in aides, children of live-in aides and an unborn child. A child subject to a shared-custody agreement should be counted as a household member if the child resides with the household at least 50 percent of the time.

Income generated by an asset, such as the interest on a savings or checking account is considered household income even if the household elects not to receive it. For example, though an applicant may elect to reinvest the interest or dividends from an asset, the interest or dividends are still counted as income anticipated to be received during the coming 12 months. Asset income is discussed in 24 CFR 5.609. Income producing assets include: bank accounts; life insurance policies; lump sum additions (legal settlement, refund, etc.); personal property held as investments; retirement/pension funds; trusts; assets disposed of for less than fair market value; and stocks, bonds or mutual funds.

5. STREET OUTREACH STANDARDS

MINIMUM STANDARDS:

Targeting/Engagement:

Providers of Street Outreach services shall focus on unsheltered homeless individuals and families, meaning those with a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings, including a car, park, abandoned building, bus or train station airport or camping ground.

Assessment/Service Provision/Referral/Prioritization:

- Individuals and families shall be offered an initial need and eligibility assessment and qualifying program participants, including those meeting special population criteria, will be offered the following Street Outreach services, as needed and appropriate: engagement, case management, emergency health and mental health, transportation services.
- When appropriate based on the individual's needs and wishes, the provision of or referral to rapid rehousing services that can quickly assist individuals to obtain safe, permanent housing shall be prioritized over the provision of or referral to emergency shelter or transitional housing services.

References: 24 CFR 576.101 and 576.400 e (3) (ii)

6. EMERGENCY SHELTER STANDARDS

MINIMUM STANDARDS:

Admission:

Providers of Emergency Shelter services shall admit individuals and families who meet the HUD definition of "homeless," as specified in 24 CFR 576.2 (1, 2, 3 & 4) and agencies' eligibility criteria.

Assessment:

Individuals and families shall be offered an initial need and eligibility assessment and qualifying program participants, including those meeting special population criteria, will be offered Emergency Shelter services, as needed and appropriate.

Prioritization/Diversion/Referral:

When appropriate based on the individual's needs and wishes, the provision of or referral to Homeless Prevention or Rapid Rehousing services that can quickly assist individuals to maintain or obtain safe, permanent housing shall be prioritized over the provision of Emergency Shelter or Transitional Housing services.

Reassessment:

Program participants will be reassessed as case management progresses, based on the participant needs and goals as well as the individual service provider's policies.

Discharge/Length of Stay:

Program participants shall be discharged from Emergency Shelter services when they choose to leave or when they have successfully obtained safe, permanent housing. Any Length of Stay limitations shall be determined by the individual service provider's policies and clearly communicated to program participants.

Safety and Shelter Safeguards for Special Populations:

Safety and Shelter Safeguards shall be determined by the individual Special Population service provider's policies and clearly communicated to program participants.

Reference: 24 CFR 576.102 and 576.400 (e) (iii) and (iv)

7. HOMELESSNESS PREVENTION AND RAPID RE-HOUSING STANDARDS (24 CFR 576.103 and 104)

ELIGIBILITY/PRIORITIZATION:

Minimum standards for determining and prioritizing which eligible families and individuals shall receive homelessness prevention assistance and which eligible families and individuals shall receive rapid rehousing assistance:

Rapid Re-housing (RR) – To be eligible for RR Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services and Short-term and Medium-term Rental Assistance, people must:

- Meet the federal criteria under paragraph (1) of the "homeless" definition in 24 CFR 576.2 OR
- Meet the criteria under paragraph (4) of the "homeless" definition in 24 CFR 576.2 and live in an emergency shelter or other place described in paragraph (1) of the "homeless" definition. (See Attachment A).

Homelessness Prevention (HP) – To be eligible for HP Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services and Short-term and Medium-term Rental Assistance, program participants must:

- require HP services to prevent moving into an emergency shelter or another place described in paragraph (1) of the "homeless" definition in 24 CFR 576.2 (See Attachment A).
- have an annual income below 30% of the median income for the area and:
- meet the federal criteria under the "at risk of homelessness" definition in 24 CFR 576.2 OR
- meet the criteria in paragraph (2), (3) or (4) of the "homeless" definition in 24 CFR 576.2 (See Attachment A).

PARTICIPANT CONTRIBUTION TO RENT:

Minimum standards for determining what percentage or amount of rent and utilities costs each program participant shall pay while receiving homelessness prevention or rapid rehousing assistance:

- Participants shall pay at least 10% but no more than 50% of their adjusted gross income to rent and utilities based on the household income level established upon intake or when re-evaluated. Any additional requirements regarding the percentage or amount of rent and utilities costs each program participant shall pay shall be determined by the individual service provider's policies and clearly communicated to program participants.
- Participant's income shall be verified prior to approval for initial and additional
 financial assistance. Documentation of the participant's income and expenses,
 including how the participant is contributing to housing costs, if at all, shall be
 maintained in participant's file. This file shall also contain a plan to sustain
 housing following the assistance, including either a plan to increase income or
 decrease expenses or both. 24 CFR 576.400 (e) (vii)

RENTAL ASSISTANCE DURATION AND ADJUSTMENT (24 CFR 576.105): Minimum standards for determining how long a particular program participant shall be provided with rental assistance and whether and how the amount of that assistance shall be adjusted over time:

- Participants receive approval for the minimum amount of financial assistance necessary to prevent the current episode homelessness. If short-term (1-3 months) or medium-term (4-12 months) is determined to be needed, documentation of financial need shall be kept in the participant's file for each month of financial assistance received. Participants shall not be approved for more rental assistance than can be justified given their income and expenses at a given time.
- Any additional requirements regarding how long a program participant shall be
 provided with rental assistance and whether and how the amount of that assistance
 shall be adjusted over time shall be determined by the individual service
 provider's policies and clearly communicated to program participants.

SERVICE TYPE, AMOUNT & DURATION:

Per 24 CFR 576.400 e (viii) the minimum standards for determining the type, amount, and duration of housing stabilization and/or relocation services to provide to a program participant:

Financial Assistance:

No Use with other subsidies – Payment for Financial Assistance costs shall not be provided to a participant who is receiving the same type of financial assistance through other public sources or to a participant who has been provided with

replacement housing payments under the URA, during the period of time covered by the URA payments.

Rental application fees – Payment shall only be made for fees charged by the owner to all applicants.

Security deposits – Payment shall not exceed two (2) month's rent.

Last month's rent – Payment shall not exceed one (1) month's rent and shall be included in calculating the participant's total rental assistance.

Utility deposits – Payment shall only be made for gas, electric, water and sewage deposits.

Utility payments:

- Payment shall not exceed 24 months per participant, including no more than 6 months of utility payments in arrears, per service.
- A partial payment counts as 1 month.
- Payment shall only be made if the utility account is in the name of the participant or a member of the same household.
- Payment shall only be made for gas, electric, water and sewage costs.
- Participants shall not receive more than 24 months of utility assistance within any 3-year period.

Moving costs – Payment shall only be made for temporary storage fees accrued after the date the participant begins receiving housing relocation and stabilization services and prior to the date the participant moves into permanent housing. Payment shall not be made for storage fees in arrears.

Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services (24 CFR 576.105 and 576.400 e (ix)):

Housing search and placement services – Payment shall only be made for assisting participants to locate, obtain and retain suitable permanent housing through provision of the following services:

- Assessment of housing barriers, needs and preferences
- Development of an action plan for locating housing
- Housing search
- Outreach to and negotiation with owners
- Assistance with submitting rental applications and understanding leases
- Assessment of housing for compliance with ESG requirements for habitability, lead-based paint and rent reasonableness
- Assistance with obtaining utilities and making moving arrangements
- Tenant counseling

Payment for housing search and placement services shall not exceed 24 months during any 3-year period.

Housing stability case management – Payment shall only be made for assessing, arranging, coordinating and monitoring the delivery of individualized services to facilitate housing stability for a participant who resides in permanent housing or to assist a participant in overcoming immediate barriers to obtaining housing through provision of the following services:

- Using the centralized or coordinated assessment system
- Conducting the initial evaluation, including verifying and documenting participant eligibility
- Counseling
- Developing, securing and coordinating services and obtaining Federal,
 State and local benefits
- Monitoring and evaluating participant progress
- Providing information and referral to other providers
- Developing an individualized housing and service plan
- Conducting re-evaluations

Payment for housing stability case management services provided while the participant is seeking permanent housing shall not exceed 30 days.

Payment for housing stability case management services provided while the participant is living in permanent housing shall not exceed 24 months.

Mediation – Payment shall only be made for the cost of mediation between the participant and the owner or person with whom the participant is living, if it is necessary to prevent the participant from losing the permanent housing where he/she resides. Payment for mediation services shall not exceed 24 months during any 3-year period.

Legal services – Payment shall only be made for the cost of legal services, if they are necessary to resolve a legal problem that prohibits the participant from obtaining permanent housing or will likely result in the participant losing the permanent housing where he/she resides. Payment for legal services shall not exceed 24 months during any 3-year period.

Credit repair – Payment shall only be made for the cost of assisting the participant in obtaining skills related to household budgeting, managing money, accessing a free personal credit report and resolving personal credit problems. Payment will not be made for a debt or modification of a debt. Payment for credit repair services shall not exceed 24 months during any 3-year period.

- **Rental Assistance** (24 CFR 576.106): Payment shall not exceed 24 months total during a 3-year period in tenant-based or project-based housing.
- Payment for short-term rental assistance shall not exceed 3 months.

- Payment for medium-term rental assistance shall be for more than 3 months, but shall not exceed 24 months.
- Payment for rent arrears shall not exceed 6 months and shall be a one-time payment, including any late fees.
- Except for a one-time payment of rental arrears on the participant's portion,
 payment shall not be provided to a participant who is receiving tenant-based
 rental assistance or living in a unit receiving project-based assistance or to a
 participant who has been provided with replacement housing payments under the
 URA, during the period of time covered by the URA payments.
- Payment shall not exceed the Fair Market Rent established by HUD per 24 CFR 888 and shall comply with HUD's standard of rent reasonableness detailed in 24 CFR 982.507.
- Calculation of the rental payment amount shall only include monthly rent for the unit, any occupancy fees under the lease (except for pet and late fees) and if the participant pays separately for utilities, the monthly utility allowance established by the public housing authority for the area in which the housing is located.
- Payment for shall only be made when there is a rental assistance agreement between the agency and the owner, which sets forth the terms under which rental assistance will be provided, including the prior requirements; a requirement that the owner provide the subrecipient with a copy of any notice to vacate given to the participant or any complaint used to commence an eviction action; and the same payment due date, grace period and late payment penalty requirement as the participant's lease.
- Payment of any late payment penalties incurred by the agency shall not be claimed for reimbursement by ESG.
- Payment shall only be made when there is a legally binding, written lease for the rental unit between the participant and the owner, except for payment of rental arrears.
- The rental unit must meet minimum habitability standards per 24 CFR 576.403. See Attachment C.

Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

The rental assistance agreement with the unit owner shall be terminated without further payment if:

- The participant moves out of the unit
- The lease terminates and is not renewed
- The participant becomes ineligible to receive ESG rental assistance

Project-Based Rental Assistance

Payment shall only be made under the following conditions:

- The lease has an initial term of one year
- The rental assistance agreement covers one or more permanent housing units in the same building
- Each unit covered by the agreement is only occupied by participants
- Payment of no more than 100% of the first month's rent will be made for that month, if the participant signs a lease and moves into the unit before the end of that first month of occupancy.

Any additional requirements regarding the type, amount, and duration of housing stabilization and/or relocation services that will be provided to a program participant, including any limitations shall be determined by the individual service provider's policies and clearly communicated to program participants.

RE-EVALUATIONS:

Minimum standards for completing eligibility re-evaluations of individuals and families: **Timing:**

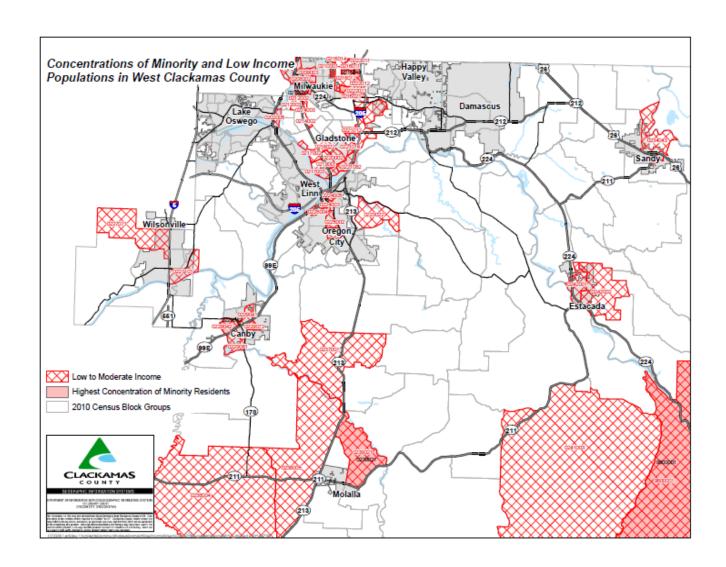
- Homelessness Prevention participants shall be re-evaluated not less than once every three months
- Rapid Rehousing participants shall be re-evaluated not less than once annually

Eligibility:

- To remain eligible, the participant shall have an annual income that is 30 percent of median family income for the area or less, as determined by HUD; **and**
- the participant shall lack sufficient resources and support networks necessary to retain housing without ESG assistance.

End of ESG Standards

MINORITY AND LOW INCOME CONCENTRATIONS MAP



Grantee Specific Appendices: HOME Program

- 1. Clackamas County intends to use HOME funds for homebuyer assistance, and will use the HOME affordable homeownership limits for the area provided by HUD.
- 2. Clackamas County has published HOME Program Guidelines. The guidelines include a description of eligible applicants (page 5), its process for soliciting and funding applications (pages 4-12). The HOME Guidelines may be downloaded from the Community Development Division website. The HOME Guidelines are also available as a digital document upon request, and are available in print at the Community Development Division office.
- 3. Clackamas County does not plan to limit the beneficiaries or give preferences to a particular segment of the low-income population.