202 DEFINITIONS

<u>ACCESSORY BUILDING OR USE</u>: A subordinate building or use, the function of which is clearly incidental to that of the main building or use on the same lot.

<u>ACCESSWAY</u>: A public right-of-way, a portion of which is hard surfaced, for use by pedestrians and bicyclists providing a direct route where public roads require significant out of direction travel.

<u>ACCESS DRIVE</u>: A private way, with a travel surface generally no more than 12 feet in width, created by deed or easement to provide vehicular ingress to, or egress from not more than two lots or parcels.

<u>ACTIVE RECREATIONAL AREA:</u> An area such as a park, sports field, or golf course, where turf lawn provides a playing surface that is dedicated to active play.

<u>ADJOINING</u>: Contiguous or abutting exclusive of street width. It shall include the terms adjacent, abutting or contiguous.

<u>AIRPORT, PERSONAL-USE</u>: An airstrip restricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner and, on an infrequent and occasional basis, by his invited guests, and to commercial activities in connection with agricultural operations only.

<u>AIRPORT, PRIVATE USE</u>: An airport restricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner and his invited guests. The determination as to whether an airport is private or public-use is made by the Oregon Department of Aviation.

<u>AIRPORT, PUBLIC-USE</u>: An airport that is open to use by the flying public, with or without a request to use the airport.

<u>ALLEY</u>: A travel way that is used primarily for vehicular service access to the back or side of properties otherwise abutting on a street.

ALTERATION, CULTURAL RESOURCE: Any exterior change or modification, through public or private action, of any cultural resource or of any property located within an historic district including, but not limited to, exterior changes to or modification of structure, architectural details or visual characteristics such as paint color and surface texture, grading, surface paving, new structures, cutting or removal of trees and other natural features, disturbance of archaeological sites or areas, and the placement or removal of any exterior objects such as signs, plaques, light fixtures, street furniture, walls, fences, steps, plantings and landscape accessories affecting the exterior visual qualities of the property.

<u>ANTIQUES</u>: Goods that, by virtue of their age or unusual quality, are generally considered to be of historical and/or artistic interest, ordinarily such items are in good state of preservation or are restorable to their original conditions.

AQUIFER: A layer of rock or alluvial deposit which holds water.

ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES: Features include, but are not limited to cornices, canopies, sunshades, gutters, chimneys, fireplaces, flues and eaves. Architectural features shall not include any portion of a structure built for the support, occupancy, shelter or enclosure of persons or property of any kind.

<u>ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES, CULTURAL RESOURCE</u>: The architectural elements embodying style, design, general arrangement and components of all of the outer surfaces of an improvement, including, but not limited to, the kind, color, texture of the building materials and type and style of all windows, doors, lights, signs and other fixtures appurtenant to such improvements.

<u>AUTOMATIC IRRIGATION CONTROLLER</u>: An automatic timing device used to remotely control valves that operate an irrigation system. Automatic irrigation controllers schedule irrigation events using either evapotranspiration (weather-based) or soil moisture sensor data.

<u>BABYSITTER</u>: A person who goes into the home of a child to give care during the temporary absence of the parent or legal guardian or custodian.

<u>BASEMENT</u>: A portion of a building which has less than one-half of its height measured from finished floor to finished ceiling above the average elevation of the adjoining ground, but not an "underground structure" as defined in this ordinance.

<u>BEACON</u>: Any light with one or more beams directed into the atmosphere or directed at one or more points not on the same site as the light source; also, any light with one or more beams that rotate or move.

<u>BED AND BREAKFAST HOMESTAY</u>: A use that is conducted in an owner-occupied single-family dwelling, provides rooms for rent on a daily or weekly basis to the public, and includes breakfast as part of the cost of the room. A maximum of two guest rooms and a maximum of five guests at one time are permitted.

<u>BED AND BREAKFAST INN</u>: A use that is conducted in an operator- or owner-occupied single-family dwelling, provides rooms for rent on a daily or weekly basis to the public, and includes breakfast as part of the cost of the room. A bed and breakfast inn may include a restaurant offering meals to the general public as well as to overnight guests.

<u>BED AND BREAKFAST RESIDENCE</u>: A use that is conducted in an operator- or owner-occupied single-family dwelling, provides rooms for rent on a daily or weekly basis to the public, and includes breakfast as part of the cost of the room. In addition to the required breakfast, other occasional family-style meals may be provided for overnight guests.

<u>BICYCLE RACK</u>: An apparatus designed to support the central frame of a bicycle and allow locking of both wheels, without the removal of wheels.

<u>BIKEWAY</u>: A paved facility provided for use by cyclists. There are five types of bikeways.

Shared Roadway: A type of bikeway where motorists and cyclists occupy the same roadway area. Shared roadways are allowed on neighborhood streets and on rural roads and highways.

Shoulder Bikeway: A bikeway which accommodates cyclists on paved roadway shoulder.

Bike Lane: A section of roadway designated for exclusive bicycle use, at the same grade as the adjacent roadway.

Bike Path: A bike lane constructed entirely separate from the roadway.

Cycle Track: An exclusive "grade-separated" bike facility elevated above the street level using a low-profile curb and a distinctive pavement material.

<u>BLANKETING</u>: The visual blocking of one sign by another as seen by a motorist traveling a street or highway.

<u>BLOCK</u>: A parcel of land bounded by streets, railroad rights-of-way, waterways, parks, unsubdivided acreage, or a combination thereof.

<u>BUILDING</u>: Any structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy.

<u>BUILDING ENVELOPE</u>: The three dimensional space which is to be occupied by a building.

<u>BUILDING LINE</u>: A straight line that is parallel and adjacent to the front side of the main building and parallel to the front lot line.

<u>BUILDING OR STRUCTURE HEIGHT</u>: The term "height of building" shall be calculated by the methods identified in the State of Oregon Structural Specialty Code or the State of Oregon One and the Two Family Dwelling Specialty Code, as applicable.

<u>BULK PLANT</u>: Hazardous substances at the bulk plant level are manufactured, collected, repackaged, stored, or distributed, but are generally not used on the site. The primary emphasis of uses at the bulk plant level is on hazardous substances. Materials are stored in large permanent tanks. Bulk plant quantities are larger than amounts transported in or out in any single shipment. Processors of hazardous substances will generally be at this level. Uses which produce hazardous substances as a by-product or accessory to another product are not in this category.

<u>CANNABINOID</u>: Any of the chemical compounds that are the active constituents of marijuana.

CANNABINOID CONCENTRATE: A substance obtained by separating cannabinoids from marijuana by a mechanical extraction process; a chemical extraction process using a nonhydrocarbon-based or other solvent, such as water, vegetable glycerin, vegetable oils, animal fats, isopropyl alcohol, or ethanol; a chemical extraction process using the solvent carbon dioxide, provided that the process does not involve the use of high heat or pressure; or any other process identified by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission, in consultation with the Oregon Health Authority, by rule.

<u>CANNABINOID EDIBLE</u>: Food or potable liquid into which a cannabinoid concentrate, cannabinoid extract, or dried marijuana leaves or flowers have been incorporated.

<u>CANNABINOID EXTRACT</u>: A substance obtained by separating cannabinoids from marijuana by a chemical extraction process using a hydrocarbon-based solvent, such as butane, hexane or propane; a chemical extraction process using the solvent carbon dioxide, if the process uses high heat or pressure; or any other process identified by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission, in consultation with the Oregon Health Authority, by rule.

<u>CANNABINOID PRODUCT</u>: A cannabinoid edible and any other product intended for human consumption or use, including a product intended to be applied to the skin or hair, that contains cannabinoids or dried marijuana leaves or flowers. Cannabinoid product does not include usable marijuana by itself, a cannabinoid concentrate by itself, a cannabinoid extract by itself, or industrial hemp as defined in Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 571.300.

<u>CARE</u>: The provision of room and board and other services as needed to assist in activities of daily living, such as assistance with bathing, grooming, eating, medication management, money management, or recreation.

<u>CHILD CARE FACILITY</u>: As defined in ORS 329A.250 but excluding a family child care home.

<u>CLACKAMAS REGIONAL CENTER</u>: The regional center identified on Comprehensive Plan Map <u>10</u>X-CRC-1, *Regional Center, Corridors, and Station Community*, excluding the portion in the City of Happy Valley.

<u>CLACKAMAS REGIONAL CENTER AREA</u>: The Clackamas Regional Center Area identified on Comprehensive Plan Map <u>10X</u>-CRC-1, *Regional Center*, *Corridors, and Station Community*, excluding the portion in the City of Happy Valley.

<u>COGENERATION FACILITY</u>: A facility that produces, through the sequential use of energy, electric energy and useful thermal energy including but not limited to heat or steam, used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes; and is more than 50 percent owned by a person who is not an electric utility, an electric holding company, an affiliated interest, or any combination thereof.

<u>COMMERCIAL USE</u>: The use of land and/or structures for the conduct of retail, service, office, artisan, restaurant, lodging, child care, adult daycare, entertainment, private recreational, professional, and similar uses.

<u>COMMON OWNERSHIP</u>: Land commonly owned to include open space lands dedicated in planned unit developments and lands dedicated for open space which are owned by homeowners associations.

<u>COMMUNITY GARDEN</u>: A site where any kind of plant, except marijuana, is grown, and several individuals or households cultivate the site. The site may be divided into individual allotments, or gardeners may work together to cultivate the entire property. The land may be publicly or privately owned. The plants are grown for personal use by the gardeners, or for donation, and sales are prohibited.

<u>COMPOSTING</u>: The managed process of controlled biological decomposition of green feedstocks. It does not include composting for the purposes of soil remediation.

<u>COMPOSTING FACILITY</u>: A site or facility, excluding home composting and agricultural composting conducted as a farm use, which utilizes green feedstocks to produce a useful product through a managed process of controlled biological decomposition. Composting may include amendments beneficial to the composting process. Vermiculture and vermicomposting are considered composting facilities.

<u>CONGREGATE HOUSING FACILITY</u>: A building that contains more than one dwelling unit and provides common facilities and services for residents who require or desire a more supportive living environment than typically afforded to residents in other types of dwellings. Regular on-premise supervision by a registered physician, registered nurse, or other health care provider may be included.

<u>COTTAGE CLUSTER</u>: A group of four or more detached dwelling units with a common courtyard, all of which are located on the same lot of record or on middle housing lots.

<u>COTTAGE CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT</u>: A development site with one or more cottage clusters.

<u>CULTURAL RESOURCE</u>: Improvements, buildings, structures, signs, features, sites, places, areas or other objects of scientific, aesthetic, educational, cultural, architectural, or historical significance to the community members of the county.

<u>CULTURAL RESOURCE INVENTORY</u>: The official list of designated cultural features, sites, districts subject to the provisions of Section 707, *Historic Landmark* (*HL*), *Historic District* (*HD*), and *Historic Corridor* (*HC*).

<u>CULTURAL RESOURCES OBJECT</u>: A material thing of functional, aesthetic, cultural, symbolic or scientific value, usually by design or nature movable.

<u>DEDICATION</u>: The designation of land by its owner for any general or public use.

<u>DESIGNATED SITE</u> (historic site, cultural resource site, landmark site): A parcel or part thereof on which a cultural resource is situated, and any abutting parcel or part thereof constituting part of the premises on which the cultural resource is situated, and which has been designated pursuant to this Ordinance.

<u>DESIGNATED STRUCTURE</u> (landmark, cultural resource, historic structure): Any improvement that has special historical, cultural, aesthetic or architectural character, interest or value as part of the development, heritage or history of the county, the State of Oregon, or the nation and that has been designated pursuant to this ordinance.

<u>DIMENSIONAL STANDARD</u>: A numerical measurement for a distance or area standard of this Ordinance, such as building height, lot size, or setback; or a percentage of a distance or area measurement of this Ordinance, such as lot coverage or landscaped area.

<u>DIRECT ROUTE</u>: The shortest reasonable route between two points. A route is considered direct if it does not involve significant out of direction travel that could be avoided. Out of direction travel is significant if it is more than 50 percent longer than the straight line between two points.

<u>DISTINCTIVE URBAN FOREST</u>: Forested or woodland areas which are visually prominent or contain unique or rare tree and plant communities. These areas are usually found in association with other open space resources within the urban area.

<u>DRIP LINE, TREE</u>: The outermost edge of a tree's canopy; when delineating the tree drip line on the ground, it will appear as an irregularly shaped circle defining the canopy's perimeter.

<u>DROUGHT-TOLERANT PLANTS</u>: Plants that will survive in the typical or somewhat less than typical amount of rainfall in the Willamette Valley, and therefore require very little or no supplemental water once established.

<u>DUPLEX</u>: A building that contains exactly two dwelling units, both of which are located on the same lot of record or on middle housing lots. If one of the two dwelling units is an accessory dwelling unit, the building is not a duplex.

<u>DWELLING</u>: A building that contains one or more dwelling units. A dwelling may be a residential trailer or a manufactured dwelling but not a recreational vehicle, except when the recreational vehicle is approved as a temporary dwelling pursuant to Section 1204, *Temporary Permits*.

<u>DWELLING, ACCESSORY HISTORIC</u>: A detached single-family dwelling legally constructed between 1850 and 1945 that was converted from a primary dwelling to an accessory dwelling, pursuant to Section 843, *Accessory Historic Dwellings*.

<u>DWELLING</u>, <u>DETACHED SINGLE-FAMILY</u>: A building that contains only one dwelling unit and is detached from any other dwelling, except where otherwise permitted for an accessory dwelling unit. A manufactured dwelling, residential trailer, or dwelling unit in a cottage cluster is not a detached single-family dwelling.

<u>DWELLING, MULTIFAMILY</u>: A building that contains five or more dwelling units.

<u>DWELLING UNIT</u>: A building, or portion thereof, with one or more rooms designed for residential occupancy by one family.

<u>EASEMENT</u>: A right of usage of real property granted by an owner to the public or to specific persons, firms, and corporations.

<u>EDIBLE GARDEN</u>: A garden that contains plants that produce food for human consumption.

<u>ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATION</u>: A location where a vehicle can plug into an electrical source to re-charge its batteries.

<u>EQUINE FACILITY</u>: Premises that are used for the stabling or training of equines, including, but not limited to, providing riding lessons, training clinics, and schooling shows.

<u>FAMILY</u>: Any individual or group of persons, regardless of relationship but not exceeding 15 persons, living together as a single housekeeping unit within a dwelling unit.

<u>FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME</u>: A child care provider who provides child care to 16 or fewer children, including children of the provider, regardless of full-time or part-time status, in the home of the provider. Child and child care are as defined in ORS 329A.250.

<u>FARMERS' MARKET</u>: An organized seasonal outdoor market dedicated to the direct sales by growers of agricultural goods, including plants, produce, meats, and other animal products (e.g., eggs, cheese, honey), but excluding marijuana.

<u>FLAG</u>: Any fabric, banner, or bunting containing distinctive colors, patterns, or symbols.

<u>FLOOR AREA</u>: The area included within the surrounding exterior walls of a building or portion thereof, exclusive of porches and exterior stairs, multiplied by the number of stories or portion thereof. The floor area of a building, or portion thereof, not provided with surrounding exterior walls shall be the usable area under the horizontal projection of the roof or floor above. Floor area shall not include portions of buildings used for parking of vehicles, except the square footage of commercial uses in parking structures can be counted as part of the total floor area.

<u>FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR)</u>: A measurement of density expressed as the ratio of floor area (in square feet) to net site area (in square feet). The greater the ratio, the greater the density. For example, a building occupying one-fourth of the net site area has a FAR of .25:1, or .25; adding a second floor of equal area to the same building increases the FAR to .5:1, or .5.

<u>GOVERNMENT CAMP</u>: The unincorporated community of Government Camp, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map <u>10X</u>-MH-4, *Government Camp Village Plan, Land Use Plan & Boundary*.

<u>GRADE</u>: The line of the street or ground surface deviation from the horizontal.

GREEN FEEDSTOCKS: Yard debris, non-treated wood waste, vegetative food waste, produce waste, vegetative restaurant waste, vegetative food processor by-products, crop waste, and livestock manure. Non-treated wood waste excludes wood waste treated with paint, varnish, or other chemicals or preservatives.

<u>GREEN ROOF</u>: A vegetated roof designed to treat storm runoff.

<u>GROUNDWATER:</u> Any water, except capillary moisture, beneath the land surface or beneath the bed of any stream, lake, reservoir, or other body of surface water, whatever may be the geological formation or structure in which such water stands, flows, percolates, or otherwise moves.

<u>GUEST HOUSE</u>: An accessory building, or portion thereof, that includes at least one bedroom and is—with the exception of bathrooms, closets, and halls—constructed as habitable space under the Oregon Residential Specialty Code.

<u>HARDSCAPES</u>: In the practice of landscaping, refers to the inanimate, manmade, non-planted, outdoor areas where the soil is no longer exposed and that are surfaced with pervious or non-pervious durable materials such as masonry, wood, stone, paving, tile, or similar material to create patios, walkways, water fountains, benches, gazebos, etc.

<u>HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE</u>, <u>MATERIAL</u>, <u>OR WASTE</u>: Any hazardous substance, material, or waste listed in the following federal regulations:

- 1. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986, Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances List (40 C.F.R 355, App. A and B);
- 2. Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation & Liability Act Superfund (CERCLA) of 1980, Hazardous Substances List (40 C.F.R 302, Table 302.4);
- 3. SARA of 1986, Section 313, Toxic Chemicals List (40 C.F.R Section 372.65);
- 4. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and 1984 Amendments, Hazardous Wastes List (P & U Categories) (40 C.F.R Section 261.33(e) and (f)); and
- 5. DOT Hazardous Materials Table (49 C.F.R Part 172.101).

<u>HISTORIC AREA</u>: Any area containing improvements which have a special character, historical interest or aesthetic value or which represent one or more architectural periods or styles typical of the history of the County and which improvements constitute a distinct section of the County that has been designated a cultural resource district pursuant to this ordinance.

<u>HOME COMPOSTING</u>: A composting area operated and controlled by the owner or person in control of a single-family dwelling and used to dispose of vegetative waste, garden wastes, weeds, lawn cuttings, leaves, and prunings generated from that property.

<u>HOME OCCUPATION</u>: An occupation or business activity that results in a product or service and is conducted, in whole or in part, in a dwelling unit, an accessory building normally associated with primary uses allowed in the subject zoning district, or both. Home occupations do not include garage sales, yard sales, holiday bazaars, or home parties which are held for the purpose of the sale or distribution of goods or services unless such sales and parties are held more than six times in a calendar year or operate in excess of 24 total days in a calendar year.

<u>HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION</u>: The grouping or uniting of persons residing within a defined area, such as a subdivision, into an incorporated entity for the prosecution of a common enterprise.

<u>HOSPITAL</u>, <u>ANIMAL</u>: A building or premises for the medical or surgical treatment of domestic animals or pets, including dog, cat, and veterinary hospitals.

<u>HOTEL</u>: A building which is designed or used to offer short-term lodging for compensation, with or without meals, for six or more people. A facility that is operated for the purpose of providing care beyond that of room and board is not a "hotel".

HOUSEKEEPING UNIT: A living arrangement within a dwelling unit in which the kitchen, living and dining rooms, and other general living areas of the dwelling unit are shared in common, and the duties, rights, and obligations associated with the performance of domestic tasks and management of household affairs, are shared by the residents by virtue of legal relationship or mutual agreement. Such a living arrangement also may include the provision of food, shelter, personal services, care, and when appropriate, a planned treatment or training program of counseling, therapy, or other rehabilitative social service, for persons of similar or compatible conditions or circumstances who are members of the resident family.

<u>HYDROELECTRIC FACILITY</u>: Any facility relating to the production of electricity by waterpower, including, but not limited to the power generating plant, associated dams, diversions, penstocks, navigation locks, fish ladders, fish screens, reservoirs and detention areas, recreation facilities, <u>interconnecting transmission lines</u>, substations, access roads, offices or commercial and industrial structures proposed to be built in connection with the energy facility; and activities involved in their construction and operation.

<u>IMPROVEMENT</u>: Any building structure, parking facility, fence, gate, wall, work of art or other object constituting a physical betterment of real property, or any part of such betterment.

<u>INDIRECT ILLUMINATION</u>: A nonelectric sign illuminated by an indirect or separate light source.

<u>INDUSTRIAL USE</u>: The use of land and/or structures for the manufacturing or processing of primary, secondary, or recycled materials into a product; warehousing and associated trucking operations; wholesale trade; and related development.

INSTITUTIONAL USE: The use of land and/or structures for activities such as child care, adult daycare and pre-school facilities, public and private schools, colleges, universities, art, music, trade and other educational and training facilities, convalescent care facilities, nursing homes, hospitals, places of worship, fraternal lodges, municipal and civic buildings, transit centers and park-and-ride facilities, parks, swimming pools and other recreational facilities open to the public or a membership group, senior and community centers, libraries, museums, cemeteries and mausoleums, utility facilities, and similar public and private uses.

<u>INVASIVE NON-NATIVE OR NOXIOUS VEGETATION</u>: Plant species that are listed in the Oregon Department of Agriculture's Noxious Weed Policy and Classification System.

<u>KENNEL</u>: Any lot or premises on which four or more dogs, more than six months of age or with permanent canine teeth, are kept for purposes other than a veterinary clinic.

<u>KIOSK</u>: A small structure used as a newsstand, information booth, refreshment stand, bandstand, or display of goods, etc.

<u>KITCHEN, ACCESSORY</u>: A kitchen that complies with all of the following standards:

- 1. It shall be incidental to a primary dwelling.
- 2. It shall be located in a room that is approved for residential occupancy and used for a purpose in addition to that of a kitchen (e.g., a recreation room, a bedroom).
- 3. It shall not be located in a detached accessory building.
- 4. Any of the following features shall be located within a contiguous area that is no more than 30 inches deep and 10 feet long: cooking appliances, sinks, refrigerators, dishwashers, counters, and cabinets.

<u>LANDSCAPING</u>: Areas of land planted with groundcover, grasses, shrubs, annuals, perennials, or trees.

<u>LIMITED USE</u>: A use allowed in a district on a limited basis and subject to conditions specified therein which are generally more restrictive than the conditions placed on primary or accessory uses within the same district.

<u>LIVESTOCK</u>: One or more domesticated animals raised to produce commodities, such as food, fiber, and labor. Livestock includes, but is not limited to, miniature livestock, fowl, and farmed fish.

<u>LOT</u>: A single unit of land that is created by a subdivision of land. For the purposes of this Ordinance, lot includes parcel and lot of record unless otherwise specified in the context of the specific provisions.

<u>LOT AREA OR LOT SIZE</u>: The total surface area (measured horizontally) within the lot lines of a lot.

<u>LOT, CORNER</u>: A lot with street frontage on two streets intersecting at a corner of the lot. A lot within the radius curve of a single street is not a corner lot. A lot may be both a corner lot and a through lot.

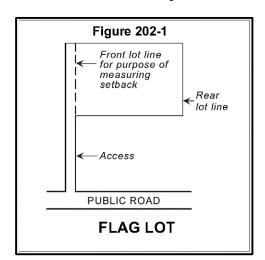
<u>LOT COVERAGE</u>: The area of a lot covered by a building or buildings, exclusive of architectural features and swimming pools, expressed as a percentage of the total lot area.

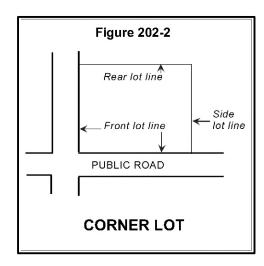
<u>LOT DEPTH</u>: The mean horizontal distance between the front lot line and the rear lot line of a lot.

<u>LOT, FLAG</u>: A lot that has access to a road by means of a narrow strip of lot or easement.

<u>LOT LINE, FRONT</u>: Any boundary line separating a lot from a County, public, state, or private road, or from an access drive. Exceptions are:

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in Subsection 903.08, the front lot line of a flag lot shall be within the boundaries of the lot by a distance equal to the width of the narrow strip of lot or easement providing access to the lot. The front lot line shall be parallel to the lot line extending from the road to the lot line opposite and most distant from the road. (See Figure 202-1.)
- 2. A corner lot has at least two front lot lines, except where one of the lot lines that would otherwise be a front lot line abuts a private road or access drive and motor vehicle access from the lot is not taken to that private road or access drive. In that case, the lot line where motor vehicle access is not taken is a side lot line.
- 3. A through lot has at least two front lot lines except where one of the lot lines that would otherwise be a front lot line abuts a collector, arterial, expressway, interstate, or other feature that precludes motor vehicle access. In that case, the lot line where access is precluded is the rear lot line.





<u>LOT LINE, REAR</u>: Any boundary line opposite and most distant from the front lot line and not intersecting a front lot line. Exceptions are:

- 1. For a corner lot, the rear lot line is any one of the boundary lines opposite the front lot lines. Any other opposite boundary line is a side lot line. (See Figure 202-2.)
- 2. A triangular-shaped lot has no rear lot line.
- 3. A through lot has no rear lot line except where one of the lot lines that would otherwise be a front lot line abuts a collector, arterial, expressway, interstate, or other feature that precludes motor vehicle access. In that case, the lot line where access is precluded is a rear lot line.

<u>LOT LINE</u>, <u>SIDE</u>: Any boundary line that is not a front or rear lot line.

LOT OF RECORD:

- 1. A lot or parcel created by a subdivision or partition plat, as defined in ORS chapter 92, filed with the Clackamas County Surveyor and recorded with the Clackamas County Clerk;
- 2. A unit of land created by a recorded deed or recorded land sales contract and in compliance with all applicable planning, zoning, and subdivision or partition ordinances and regulations, if any, in effect on the date the deed or land sales contract was signed by the parties to the deed or contract; or
- 3. A unit of land created solely to establish a separate tax account or for mortgage purposes; that did not conform to all planning, zoning, or subdivision or partition ordinances or regulations in effect on the date it was created; and that was sold prior to September 5, 2023, under the foreclosure provisions of ORS chapter 88.

<u>LOT, THROUGH</u>: A lot that has street frontage on two or more non-intersecting streets. A lot may be both a corner lot and a through lot.

LOT WIDTH: The mean horizontal distance between the side lot lines of a lot.

<u>LOT, ZONING</u>: A "zoning lot or lots" is a single tract of land located within a single block, which (at the time of filing for a building permit) is designated by its owner or developer as a tract to be used, developed, or built upon as a unit under single ownership or control. Therefore, a "zoning lot or lots" may or may not coincide with a lot of record.

<u>LOW VOLUME IRRIGATION</u>: The application of irrigation water at low pressure through a system of tubing or lateral lines and low-volume emitters such as drip, drip lines, and bubblers. Low volume irrigation systems are specifically designed to apply small volumes of water slowly at or near the root zone of plants.

<u>MAJOR TRANSIT STOP</u>: A transit center, major bus stop, or light rail stop, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map 5-8a, *Transit, Urban*.

<u>MAJOR TRANSIT STREET</u>: A street with a Frequent Service Bus Line, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map 5-8a, *Transit, Urban*; existing or planned High Capacity Transit, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map 5-8c, *High Capacity Transit (HCT) System Plan*; or both.

<u>MANUFACTURED DWELLING</u>: A mobile home or manufactured home but not a residential trailer or recreational vehicle.

MANUFACTURED DWELLING PARK: Any place where four or more manufactured dwellings or prefabricated structures, as defined in ORS 455.010, that are relocatable and more than eight and one-half feet wide, are located within 500 feet of one another on a lot, tract, or parcel of land under the same ownership, the primary purpose of which is to rent or lease space or keep space for rent or lease to any person for a charge or fee paid or to be paid for rental or lease or use of facilities or to offer space free in connection with securing the trade or patronage of such person. Manufactured dwelling park does not include a lot or lots located within a subdivision being rented or leased for occupancy by no more than one manufactured dwelling per lot.

MANUFACTURED HOME: A structure constructed on or after June 15, 1976, for movement on the public highways that has sleeping, cooking, and plumbing facilities, that is intended for human occupancy by one family, that is being used for residential purposes, and that was constructed in accordance with federal manufactured housing construction and safety standards and regulations in effect at the time of construction.

MARIJUANA: The plant Cannabis family Cannabaceae, any part of the plant Cannabis family Cannabaceae, and the seeds of the plant Cannabis family Cannabaceae. Marijuana does not include industrial hemp as defined in ORS 571.300.

<u>MARIJUANA ITEMS</u>: Marijuana, cannabinoid products, cannabinoid concentrates, and cannabinoid extracts.

<u>MARIJUANA PROCESSING</u>: The processing, compounding, or conversion of marijuana into cannabinoid products, cannabinoid concentrates, or cannabinoid extracts, provided that the marijuana processor is licensed by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission (OLCC), a holder of a research certificate issued by the OLCC, or registered with the Oregon Health Authority.

MARIJUANA PRODUCTION: The manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, trimming, harvesting, or drying of marijuana, provided that the marijuana producer is licensed by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission (OLCC), a holder of a research certificate issued by the OLCC, or registered with the Oregon Health Authority and a "person designated to produce marijuana by a registry identification cardholder."

<u>MARIJUANA RETAILING</u>: The sale of marijuana items to a consumer, provided that the marijuana retailer is licensed by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission or registered with the Oregon Health Authority.

<u>MARIJUANA WHOLESALING</u>: The purchase of marijuana items for resale to a person other than a consumer, provided that the marijuana wholesaler is licensed by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission.

<u>MASTER PLAN</u>: A sketch or other presentation showing the ultimate development layout of a parcel of property that is to be developed in successive stages or subdivisions. The plan need not be completely engineered but shall be of sufficient detail to illustrate the property's inherent features and probable development pattern.

MIDDLE HOUSING: A duplex, triplex, quadplex, townhouse, or cottage cluster.

MIDDLE HOUSING LAND DIVISION: A partition or subdivision of a lot of record that is developed, or proposed to be developed, with more than one middle housing dwelling unit. The type of middle housing developed on the original lot of record is not altered by a middle housing land division.

MIDDLE HOUSING LOT: A lot or parcel created through a middle housing land division. A middle housing lot is a separate lot of record; however, development on a middle housing lot is limited by conditions imposed at the time of the middle housing land division. Middle housing lots are not divisible.

MILL SITE, ABANDONED OR DIMINISHED: A mill, plant, or other facility engaged in the processing or manufacturing of wood products, including sawmills and facilities for the production of plywood, veneer, hardboard, panel products, pulp, and paper, that is located outside of urban growth boundaries; was closed after January 1, 1980, or has been operating at less than 25 percent of capacity since January 1, 2003; and contains or contained permanent buildings used in the production or manufacturing of wood products.

<u>MIXED-USE</u>: A mix of uses located within a single building, such as retail on the first floor and residential or office uses on the upper floors.

MOBILE HOME: A structure constructed for movement on the public highways that has sleeping, cooking, and plumbing facilities, that is intended for human occupancy by one family, that is being used for residential purposes, and that was constructed between January 1, 1962, and June 15, 1976, and met the construction requirements of Oregon mobile home law in effect at the time of construction.

MOBILE VENDING UNIT: A vehicle that is used in selling and dispensing goods or services to the customer. Notwithstanding this definition, a mobile vending unit shall not be used in selling and dispensing marijuana items. As used in this definition, a vehicle is motorized or non-motorized transportation equipment containing an axle and intended for use on public roads, including, but not limited to, a car, van, pickup, motorcycle, recreational vehicle, bus, truck, detached trailer, or a truck tractor with no more than one trailer.

<u>MOTEL</u>: A building or series of buildings in which lodging only is offered for compensation and which may have more than five sleeping rooms or units for this purpose and which is distinguished from a hotel primarily by reason of providing direct independent access to and adjoining parking for each rental unit designed primarily for automobile tourists and transient persons. The term includes auto courts, tourist courts, tourist homes, and motor lodges.

<u>NATIVE PLANTS</u>: Any indigenous or resident species currently or historically found in the Willamette Valley.

<u>NATURAL AREA</u>: An area of land or water that has substantially retained its character and functions as an important habitat for plant and animal life.

<u>NONCONFORMING DEVELOPMENT</u>: An element of development, such as landscaping, parking, height, signage, or setbacks that was created in conformance with development regulations which, due to a change in the zone or zoning regulations, is no longer in conformance with the current applicable regulations.

<u>NONCONFORMING USE</u>: A use of any building, structure or land allowed by right when established or that obtained a required land use approval when established but, due to a change in the zone or zoning regulations, is now prohibited in the zone.

NURSERY: The propagation of trees, shrubs, vines or flowering plants for transplanting, sale, or for grafting or budding; planting of seeds or cuttings; grafting and budding one variety on another; spraying and dusting of plants to control insects and diseases, and buying and selling the above plant stock at wholesale or retail. Help and seasonal labor may be employed. The term "nursery" contemplates the sale of a product of such nursery. The conduct of a nursery business presumes parking places for customers, the keeping of sales records, and quarters for these functions. However, the use does not include the business of reselling goods purchased off the premises, except plant stock, or the establishment of a roadside stand.

NURSING HOME: A nursing, convalescent, or rest home facility licensed by the State under ORS chapters 441 and 442, or an assisting living facility licensed under ORS 443, which provides, for a period exceeding 24 hours, the continuous services of licensed nursing personnel to care for chronically ill or infirm patients, exclusive of those patients related to the owner or facility administrator by blood or marriage. Such nursing, convalescent, or rest home must provide nursing services to those patients who, in the judgment of a physician, registered nurse, or facility administrator, require remedial, restorative, supportive, or preventive nursing measures.

<u>OPEN SPACE</u>: Land within a development which has been dedicated in common to the ownership within the development or to the public specifically for the purpose of providing places for recreational uses or for scenic purposes. Open space shall be used as such in perpetuity.

OVERBURDEN: Earth that lies above a natural deposit of a mineral.

<u>OVERHEAD SPRINKLER IRRIGATION</u>: The application of irrigation water from spray heads, rotors, or other above-ground emitters that send water through the air.

<u>OWNER</u>: Person or persons holding fee title to a parcel, lot or tract of land, except in those instances when the land is being sold on contract, the contract purchaser shall be deemed the owner.

<u>PARCEL</u>: A single unit of land that is created by a partition of land. For the purposes of this Ordinance, parcel includes lot and lot of record unless otherwise specified in the context of the specific provisions.

<u>PARKING STRUCTURE</u>: A building having at least two levels that are designed and used for parking vehicles, or a building having one level of covered parking area under an open space or recreational use. A one-level surface parking area, garage, or carport is not a parking structure.

<u>PARTITION</u>: To divide an area or tract of land into two or three parcels within a calendar year when such area or tract of land exists as a unit or contiguous units of land under single ownership at the beginning of such year. "Partition" does not include divisions of land resulting from lien foreclosures, divisions of land resulting from foreclosure of recorded contracts for the sale of real property and divisions of land resulting from the creation of cemetery lots; and "partition" does not include any adjustment of a lot line by the relocation of a common boundary where an additional parcel is not created. "Partition" does not include the sale of a lot in a recorded subdivision, even though the lot may have been acquired prior to the sale with other contiguous lots or property by a single owner.

<u>PEDESTRIAN AMENITIES</u>: Outdoor improvements directly visible and accessible to pedestrians that promote and facilitate pedestrian use, including plazas, pocket parks, courtyards, awnings or other weather protection, kiosks, gazebos, water features, drinking fountains, sculpture, outside seating areas, planters, trellises, and street furniture.

<u>PEDESTRIAN PATHWAY</u>: A hard-surfaced or permeable hard-surfaced pedestrian facility adjacent to a public roadway where there is no curb, but is protected from vehicular traffic or set back behind a planting strip.

<u>PEDESTRIAN-SCALE LIGHTING</u>: Street lights designed to illuminate sidewalks to provide security for nighttime use by pedestrians. Pedestrian scale lighting includes ornamental lighting with a 14- to 25-foot mounting height and which meets the Illumination Society guidelines for Commercial Collector roadways.

<u>PENNANT</u>: Any lightweight plastic, fabric, or other material, whether or not containing a message of any kind, suspended, usually in series, from a rope, wire, or string, and designed to move in the wind.

PERSON DESIGNATED TO PRODUCE MARIJUANA BY A REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARDHOLDER: A person designated to produce marijuana by a registry identification cardholder under ORS 475B.420 who produces marijuana for a registry identification cardholder at an address other than the address where the registry identification cardholder resides or at an address where more than 12 mature marijuana plants are produced.

<u>PERVIOUS</u>: Any surface or material that allows the passage of water through the material and into the underlying soil.

<u>PLAT, FINAL</u>: A final map and other writing containing all the descriptions, locations, specifications, dedications, provisions, and information concerning a partition or subdivision and recorded as required by ORS Chapter 92.

<u>PLAT, PRELIMINARY</u>: A clearly legible and approximate drawing of the proposed layout of streets, blocks, lots and other elements of a subdivision or partition which shall help furnish a basis for the approval or disapproval of the general layout of a partition or subdivision. As used in this Ordinance, preliminary plat shall be synonymous with tentative plan as used in ORS Chapter 92.

<u>POROUS PAVEMENT</u>: Surface to walk, drive or park on that may reduce stormwater runoff by allowing water to soak into the ground. Examples are permeable pavers, pervious concrete, porous asphalt, and gravel.

<u>PREMISES</u>: A lot, building, or portion of a lot or building, occupied by a use with its appurtenances.

<u>PRESERVATION, CULTURAL RESOURCES</u>: The identification, study, protection, restoration, rehabilitation or enhancement of cultural resources.

<u>PRIMARY BUILDING WALL</u>: Exterior building wall which contains a public entrance to the occupant's premises and faces either a street or a parking area.

<u>PRODUCE STAND</u>: A table, bench, cart, or structure, any of which may be covered, that is located or erected for the purpose of direct sales by growers of agricultural goods, including vegetables, fruits, flowers, bulbs, herbs, plants, honey, and similar products, but not including marijuana or processed foods such as jams or jellies, that are produced on the same tract on which the produce stand is located.

<u>PROFESSIONAL SERVICES</u>: Activities such as those offered by a physician, surgeon, dentist, lawyer, architect, engineer, accountant, artist, teacher, real estate agent, and insurance agent.

<u>PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENT</u>: A relocation or elimination of all or a portion of the common property line between two abutting lots of record that does not create an additional lot of record. As used in this definition, a property line is the division line between two abutting lots of record.

<u>PUBLIC OWNERSHIP</u>: Land owned by federal, state, regional, or local government, or governmental agency.

<u>PUBLIC UTILITY</u>: A utility regulated by the Public Utility Commission under ORS 757 or any other utility that provides electrical energy directly to consumers within the State of Oregon, including, but not limited to, municipalities, cooperatives and people's utility districts.

<u>PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM</u>: A system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has more than three service connections and is a facility licensed by the State of Oregon Health Division.

<u>QUADPLEX</u>: A building that contains exactly four dwelling units, all of which are located on the same lot of record or on middle housing lots.

<u>RAINWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM</u>: A system of pipes, container (rain barrel, rainwater tank, pond, or rainwater reservoir), valves and associated apparatus for collecting and storing harvested rainwater runoff, typically from rooftops via rain gutters, but also from ground catchment systems.

<u>RECREATIONAL VEHICLE</u>: A vehicle licensed by the State of Oregon, with or without motive power, that is designed for human occupancy and to be used temporarily for recreational, seasonal, or emergency purposes, and has a gross floor area not exceeding 400 square feet in the set-up mode. These shall include but are not limited to park trailers, travel trailers, pickup campers, motor homes, fifth wheel trailers, camping and tent trailers.

RECYCLABLE DROP-OFF SITE: A convenient location not within a public right-of-way where mobile depots or drop boxes may be sited as a recyclable material collection point for nearby residents prior to delivery to a broker or user of such materials.

<u>RECYCLE/RECYCLING</u>: A process by which solid waste materials are transformed into new products in such a manner that the original products may lose their identity. It shall also include the collection, transportation, or storage of products by other than the original user or consumer, giving rise to the product's being in the stream of commerce for collection, disposal, recycling, reuse, resource recovery, or utilization.

<u>RECYCLING CENTER</u>: A facility that primarily purchases for recycling or reuse principal recyclable materials which have been source-separated by type, such as vegetative yard debris, paper, glass, and metal, by the person who last used the unseparated solid wastes, but not a salvage or junkyard. Principal recyclable materials are those items defined as such by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality.

<u>RELATIVE</u>: A parent, child, brother, sister, grandparent, or grandchild of a person or person's spouse.

<u>REPLAT</u>: The act, other than a property line adjustment or a middle housing land division, of platting the lots, parcels, tracts, or easements in a final plat to achieve a reconfiguration of the existing final plat or to increase or decrease the number of lots or parcels.

<u>RESERVE STRIP</u>: A strip of land, usually one foot in width, across the end of a street or alley which shall be under the ownership of the County to insure street extensions where needed.

<u>RESIDENTIAL TRAILER:</u> A structure constructed for movement on the public highways that has sleeping, cooking, and plumbing facilities, that is intended for human occupancy by one family, that is being used for residential purposes, and that was constructed before January 1, 1962.

<u>RESOURCE RECOVERY FACILITY</u>: Any facility at which solid waste is processed for the purpose of extracting, converting to energy, or otherwise separating and preparing solid waste for reuse, but not a salvage or junkyard.

<u>RHODODENDRON</u>: The unincorporated community of Rhododendron, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map <u>4</u>IV-7, *Non-Urban Area Land Use Plan, Mt. Hood Corridor Land Use Plan*.

RIGHT-OF-WAY: The legal right, established by usage or grant, to pass along a specific route through grounds or property belonging to another A passageway conveyed for a specific purpose.

<u>ROAD</u>: A public or private way created to provide ingress to, or egress from, one or more lots, parcels, areas or tracts of land, or that provides for travel between places by vehicles. A private way created exclusively to provide ingress and egress to land in conjunction with a forest, farm or mining use is not a "road". The terms "street", "access drive" and "highway" for the purposes of this Ordinance shall be synonymous with the term "road".

<u>ROAD, COUNTY</u>: A public way under County jurisdiction which has been accepted into the County road maintenance system by order of the Board of County Commissioners.

<u>ROAD</u>, <u>PRIVATE</u>: A private way created by deed or easement to provide vehicular ingress to, or egress from, three or more lots or parcels.

<u>ROAD, PUBLIC</u>: A public way dedicated or deeded for public use but not accepted into the County road maintenance system, intended primarily for vehicular circulation and access to abutting properties.

<u>ROADWAY</u>: That portion of a road or alley that has been improved for vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

<u>SALVAGE</u>: Separating, collecting, or retrieving reusable solid waste for resale.

<u>SALVAGE</u>, <u>JUNKYARD</u>: A location at which solid wastes are separated, collected, and/or stored pending resale.

<u>SCHOOL, COMMERCIAL</u>: A building where instruction is given to pupils in arts, crafts, or trades, and operated as a commercial enterprise as distinguished from schools endowed or supported by taxation.

<u>SENSITIVE GROUNDWATER AREA</u>: Any area classified by the State of Oregon as a groundwater limited area, critical groundwater area, or other area where new groundwater appropriations are restricted by the State of Oregon.

SERVICE STATION: A commercial establishment with sales and services limited to the sale of motor fuels and supplying goods and service generally required in the operation and maintenance of automotive vehicles and fulfilling a motorist's needs. These may include sale of petroleum products; sale and servicing of tires, batteries, automotive accessories and replacement items; washing and lubricating services; the performance of minor automotive maintenance and repair, and the supplying of other incidental customer services and products. Major automotive repairs, painting and fender work are excluded. An electric vehicle charging station is not a service station.

<u>SETBACK</u>: The shortest horizontal distance between a structure and the lot line.

<u>SETBACK, FRONT</u>: The shortest horizontal distance between a structure and the front lot line.

<u>SETBACK</u>, <u>REAR</u>: The shortest horizontal distance between a structure and the rear lot line.

<u>SETBACK, SIDE</u>: The shortest horizontal distance between a structure and the side lot line.

<u>SHARED PARKING</u>: Parking spaces used jointly by two or more uses within the same development, or separate adjacent developments, which either have peak hours of operation that do not overlap, or typically provide services to many of the same patrons (e.g., restaurant in an office complex or hotel providing lodging for convention participants within the same development), provided satisfactory legal evidence is presented in the form of deeds, leases, or contracts securing full access to such parking spaces for all parties jointly using them.

SHORT-TERM RENTAL: The rental of a dwelling unit, portion of a dwelling unit, or guest house for overnight residential purposes, for a period of up to 30 consecutive nights. Overnight occupancy of the dwelling unit plus any guest house shall not exceed 15 persons. A short-term rental may include use of accessory structures, such as decks or swimming pools, that are located on the same lot as the dwelling unit or guest house being rented.

<u>SIDEWALK</u>: A concrete pedestrian facility adjacent to a curb along a road or set back from the curb behind a planting strip.

<u>SIGN</u>: A presentation or representation, other than a house number, by words, letters, figures, designs, pictures or colors displayed out of doors in view of the general public so as to give notice relative to a person, a business, an article of merchandise, a service, an assemblage, a solicitation, or a request for aid or other type of identification. This definition specifically includes billboards, ground signs, freestanding signs, wall signs, roof signs, logo signs, and signs on the following: marquees, awnings, canopies, street clocks and furniture and includes the surface upon which the presentation or representation is displayed.

<u>SIGN, ANIMATED</u>: Any sign that uses movement or change of lighting to depict action or create a special effect or scene.

SIGN AREA, OR SURFACE AREA: The area, on the largest single face of a sign, within a perimeter which forms the outside shape of a sign. If the sign consists of more than one module, the total area of all modules will constitute the sign area. The area of a sign having no such perimeter or border shall be computed by enclosing the entire copy area within the outline of either a parallelogram, triangle, circle or any other easily recognized geometric shape and then computing the area. Where a sign is of a three-dimensional, round or irregular shape, the largest cross section shall be used in flat projection for the purpose of computing sign area.

<u>SIGN, BUILDING</u>: Any sign attached to any part of a building, as contrasted to a freestanding sign.

<u>SIGN, CHANGEABLE COPY</u>: A sign or portion thereof with characters, letters, or illustrations that can be changed or rearranged without altering the face or the surface of the sign. A sign on which the message changes more than eight times per day shall be considered an animated sign and not a changeable copy sign for purposes of this ordinance.

SIGN, COMMERCIAL: Any sign associated with a commercial activity.

<u>SIGN, DIRECTORY</u>: An onsite sign that identifies and directs traffic to a number of tenants, uses, or buildings within a development.

<u>SIGN, DRIVE-THRU</u>: A freestanding or building sign for a commercial drive-thru window service that is oriented toward a drive-thru lane on the same property and that is for viewing by drivers and their passengers while they are in the drive-thru lane, but does not extend higher than eight feet above grade.

<u>SIGN, ELECTRONIC MESSAGE CENTER</u>: A sign, display, or device, or portion thereof, whose message may be changed by electronic process or remote control, and includes electronic time and temperature displays and the device known in the advertising industry as a commercial electronic variable message sign.

<u>SIGN</u>, <u>FREESTANDING</u>: A sign not attached to a building.

<u>SIGN, INCIDENTAL</u>: A sign, generally informational, that has a purpose secondary to the use of the site on which it is located, such as "no parking," entrance," "loading only," "telephone," and other similar directives.

<u>SIGN, INTEGRAL ROOF</u>: Any sign erected or constructed as an integral or essentially integral part of a normal roof structure of any design, such that no part of the sign extends vertically above the highest portion of the roof and such that no part of the sign is separated from the rest of the roof by a space of more than six inches.

<u>SIGN, LOGO</u>: A sign consisting of a trademark or symbol.

<u>SIGN, MESSAGE</u>: Anything displayed on an electronic message center sign, including copy and graphics.

<u>SIGN, MONUMENT</u>: A sign which extends from the ground or which has a support which places the bottom thereof less than two feet from the ground.

<u>SIGN, OFF-PREMISES</u>: A sign which advertises goods, products or services which are not sold, manufactured, or distributed on or from the premises or facilities on which the sign is located.

<u>SIGN, POLE</u>: A sign erected and maintained on a freestanding frame, mast or pole and not attached to any building but does not include ground-mounted signs.

<u>SIGN, PORTABLE</u>: Any sign not permanently attached to the ground or other permanent structure, and/or designed to be transported, including, but not limited to, signs designed to be transported by means of wheels; signs converted to A- or T-frames; menu and sandwich board signs; balloons used as signs; umbrellas used for advertising; and signs attached to or painted on vehicles parked and visible from the public right-of-way, unless said vehicle is used as other than a sign in the normal day-to-day operations of the business for transportation of goods and/or personnel.

<u>SIGN, PROJECTING</u>: Any sign affixed to a building or wall in such a manner that its leading edge extends more than six inches beyond the surface of such building or wall.

<u>SIGN, PUBLIC SERVICE INFORMATION</u>: Any sign, or message on an electronic message center sign, which provides the time, date, temperature, weather, or information concerning civic, charitable or other noncommercial activities.

SIGN, RESIDENTIAL: Any sign associated with a dwelling.

<u>SIGN, ROOF</u>: Any sign erected and constructed wholly on and on top of the roof of a building, supported by the roof structure.

<u>SIGN, SEGMENTED MESSAGE</u>: Any message or distinct subunit of a message presented by means of at least one display change on an electronic message center sign.

<u>SIGN, TEMPORARY</u>: Any sign that is normally considered to be of temporary duration and is not permanently mounted. Examples include, but are not limited to: commercial signs for limited term events, election signs, real estate signs, etc.

<u>SIGN, TRAVELING MESSAGE</u>: A message which appears to move across an electronic message center sign.

<u>SIGN, WALL</u>: Any sign parallel to, and attached within six inches of a wall, painted on the wall surface, or erected and confined within the limits of an outside wall of any building or structure, which is supported by such wall or building, and which displays only one sign surface.

<u>SIGN, WINDOW</u>: Any sign, pictures, symbol, or combination thereof, that is placed inside a window or upon the window panes or glass and is visible from the exterior of the window.

<u>SIGNIFICANT NATURAL AREAS</u>: Natural areas as defined in "Oregon National Areas - Clackamas County Data Summary" published by The Nature Conservancy. This list of natural areas may be amended by the County as additional areas are identified.

<u>SMALL POWER PRODUCTION FACILITY</u>: A facility that produces energy primarily by use of biomass, waste, solar energy, wind power, water power, geothermal energy, or any combination thereof; is more than 50 percent owned by a person who is not an electric utility, an electric utility holding company, an affiliated interest, or any combination thereof; and has a power production capacity that, together with any other small power production facility located at the same site and owned by the same person, is not greater than 80 megawatts.

<u>SNOW SLIDE AREA</u>: The area around a building that may be subject to snow buildup as a result of snow sliding from the sloped roof of the building.

<u>SOIL MOISTURE SENSOR</u>: A device that measures the amount of water in the soil. The device also suspends and initiates irrigation events.

<u>SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM</u>: Any solar collector, or other solar energy device, the primary purpose of which is to provide for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy for space heating or cooling, water heating, or electricity.

- 1. The power generating capacity of a roof-mounted solar energy system that is located on a primary use, conditional use, or limited use structure is limited only by the size of the system that can fit within the confines of the roof surface to which it is mounted.
- 2. The power generating capacity of a ground-mounted solar energy system, or of a roof-mounted solar energy system that is located on an accessory structure, is limited to power consumed by the development to which the system is accessory, or—if the system feeds power into the grid of a public utility company—to an amount equivalent to no more than the annual usage of the development to which the system is accessory.

<u>SOLID WASTE</u>: As defined in Chapter 10.03, *Solid Waste and Wastes Management*, of the Clackamas County Code.

<u>STORY</u>: A portion of a building included between a floor and the ceiling next above it, exclusive of a basement.

<u>STREAM</u>: A body of perennial running water, together with the channel occupied by such running water.

STREAM CORRIDOR AREA: An area including the streambed and a required strip or buffer of land on each side of the streambed necessary to maintain streamside amenities and existing water quality. The width of the stream corridor area varies with the site conditions and shall be determined by on-the-ground investigation, as provided under Subsection 1002.04(B). The intent of the stream corridor area shall be to preserve natural environmental qualities and the function of land to purify water before it reaches the stream but not to prohibit timber management activities pursuant to the State Forest Practices Act.

<u>STREET FRONTAGE</u>: The entire linear distance of a lot abutting a street. Toe strips or flair strips shall not be used to satisfy the minimum street frontage requirements of the Ordinance.

STREET: See "ROAD".

STREET FURNITURE: Any structural element other than residential, industrial or commercial buildings, streets, sidewalks and curbs shall be considered street furniture including, but not limited to, benches, bus shelters, newsstands, bulletin boards, kiosks, drinking fountains, bicycle stalls, etc.

<u>STRUCTURE</u>: Anything constructed or erected, which requires location on the ground or attached to something having a location on the ground.

<u>SUBDIVIDE</u>: To divide an area or tract of land into four or more lots within a calendar year when such area or tract exists as a unit or contiguous units, under a single ownership at the beginning of such year, whether or not that area or tract of land is divided by a water course or a road right-of-way.

<u>SUBDIVISION</u>: A division of property creating four or more lots in the same calendar year.

<u>SUBDIVISION</u>, MAJOR: A subdivision creating 11 or more lots in the same calendar year.

<u>SUBDIVISION, MINOR:</u> A subdivision creating four to 10 lots in the same calendar year.

<u>SUNNYSIDE VILLAGE:</u> The Sunnyside Village community plan area, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map <u>10</u>X-SV-1, *Sunnyside Village Plan, Land Use Plan Map*.

SURFACE MINING: Includes the mining of minerals by removing overburden and extracting a natural mineral deposit thereby exposed, or simply such extraction. Surface mining includes open-pit mining, auger mining, production of surface mining waste, prospecting and exploring that extracts minerals or affects land, processing to include rock crushing and batch plant operations, and excavation of adjacent offsite borrow pits other than those excavated for building access roads. Surface mining does not mean operations within a road right-of-way or other easement for the purpose of construction, reconstruction, or maintenance; excavations of sand, gravel, clay, rock, or other similar materials by a landowner or tenant for the purpose of construction, reconstruction, or maintenance of access roads; excavation or grading in the process of farming, forestry, or cemetery operations, or other onsite construction, unless more than 5,000 cubic yards of such materials are removed from the property for compensation, except that more than 5,000 cubic yards of such materials may be removed from the property for compensation when the construction activities are authorized by a building permit.

<u>SURFACE MINING, MINERALS</u>: Soil, clay, stone, sand, gravel, and any other inorganic solid excavated from a natural deposit in the earth for commercial, industrial, or construction use.

<u>SURFACE MINING, NONAGGREGATE MINERALS</u>: Coal and metal-bearing ores, including, but not limited to, ores that contain nickel, cobalt, lead, zinc, gold, molybdenum, uranium, silver, aluminum, chrome, copper, or mercury.

<u>SURFACE MINING</u>, <u>OPERATOR</u>: A legal entity engaged in surface mining or in an activity at a surface mining site preliminary to surface mining.

<u>SURFACE MINING, RECLAMATION</u>: Procedures designed to minimize the disturbance from surface mining and to provide for the rehabilitation of surface resources through the use of plant cover, soil stabilization, and other procedures to protect the surface and subsurface water resources, and other measures appropriate to the subsequent beneficial use of mined lands.

<u>SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT REGULATORY AUTHORITY</u>: The surface water management district in which the subject property is located, or, if there is no such district, the County.

<u>TOWNHOUSE</u>: A dwelling unit that shares at least one wall, or portion thereof, with another townhouse and is located on a separate lot of record from any other dwelling that is not an accessory dwelling unit.

TRACT: One or more contiguous lots of record under the same ownership. Notwithstanding the preceding definition, as used in Sections 706, *Habitat Conservation Area District*, 709, *Water Quality Resource Area District*, 1012, *Lot Size and Density*, 1013, *Planned Unit Developments*, and 1105, *Subdivisions*, *Partitions, Replats, Condominium Plats, and Vacations of Recorded Plats*, a tract is a unit of land (other than a lot or parcel) created by a subdivision, partition, or replat.

<u>TRAIL</u>: A hard- or soft-surfaced facility for pedestrians, bicyclists, or equestrians that is separate from vehicular traffic. Trails often go through natural areas and are designed to have a minimal impact on the natural environment.

<u>TRANSFER STATION</u>: A fixed or mobile facility used as part of a solid waste collection and disposal system or resource recovery system, between a collection route and a processing facility or a disposal site, including, but not limited to, drop boxes made available for general public use. Solid waste collection vehicles are not transfer stations.

TRANSIT STOP: Any posted bus or light rail stop.

<u>TRIPLEX</u>: A building that contains exactly three dwelling units, all of which are located on the same lot of record or on middle housing lots.

<u>TURF LAWN</u>: A ground-cover surface made up of thick, closely mowed, cultivated grass.

<u>UNDERGROUND STRUCTURE</u>: A structure in which more than 50 percent of the cubic footage of the enclosed, covered space is (1) constructed below the highest elevation of the ground adjoining the structure site prior to excavation; and (2) covered over by ground materials, such as soil, sod, sand or exterior paving, which are continuous on at least one side of the structure with contiguous surface ground materials. Conventional roofing materials may be used to cover any portion of the structure which extends above ground elevation.

<u>UNINCORPORATED COMMUNITY</u>: A settlement that conforms to the definition set forth in chapter 660, division 22 of the Oregon Administrative Rules. The County's unincorporated communities are identified in Chapter 4 of the Comprehensive Plan and shown on Map <u>4IV</u>-7 of the Comprehensive Plan.

<u>USE</u>: The purpose for which land or a building is arranged, designed or intended, or for which either land or a building is or may be occupied.

<u>UTILITY CARRIER CABINETS</u>: A small enclosure used to house utility equipment intended for off-site service, such as electrical transformer boxes, telephone cable boxes, cable television boxes, fire alarm boxes, police call boxes, traffic signal control boxes, and other similar apparatus.

<u>UTILITY FACILITY:</u> A building, structure, or any constructed portion of a system that provides for the production, transmission, conveyance, delivery, or furnishing of heat, light, power, natural gas, water, sanitary sewer, stormwater, telephone, cable television, internet, or other similar service. Utility facility does not include wireless telecommunication facility.

UTILITY LINE: A utility facility consisting of a cable, conduit, pipe, wire, or other linear conveyance system. A utility line may include support poles, support towers, and equipment for the monitoring or operation of the utility line, provided that such equipment is mounted on the poles or towers; underground; or both aboveground and not exceeding five feet in length, width, and height.

UTILITY SERVICE LINE: A utility line that ends at the point where the utility service is received by the customer. A service line is distinguished from larger utility lines including, but not limited to, distribution lines, mainlines, transmission lines, and trunk lines.

<u>VEHICLE</u>, <u>COMMERCIAL</u>: A commercially licensed and operated vehicle exceeding the capacity of one ton.

<u>VISUALLY SENSITIVE AREAS</u>: Prominent natural landscape features such as hillsides, forests, and waterways; historic district; visual corridors along major highways and rivers. Natural landscapes that occur within the urban area and along traffic corridors are of higher visual significance.

<u>WALKWAY</u>: A hard-surfaced facility for pedestrians, within a development or between developments, distinct from surfaces used by motor vehicles. A walkway is distinguished from a sidewalk by its location on private property.

<u>WELL, EXEMPT-USE</u>: A well from which groundwater is used as defined in ORS 537.545(1) as amended.

<u>WELL, PERMITTED</u>: A well from which the intended use of water requires a registration, certificate of registration, application for a permit, permit, certificate of completion, or groundwater right certificate under ORS 537.505 to 537.795 and 537.992.

<u>WEMME/WELCHES</u>: The unincorporated community of Wemme/Welches, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map <u>4IV</u>-7, *Non-Urban Area Land Use Plan, Mt. Hood Corridor Land Use Plan.*

<u>WETLANDS</u>: Areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

<u>WILDWOOD/TIMBERLINE</u>: The unincorporated community of Wildwood/Timberline, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map <u>4IV</u>-7, *Non-Urban Area Land Use Plan, Mt. Hood Corridor Land Use Plan*.

ZIGZAG VILLAGE: The unincorporated community of Zigzag Village, as identified on Comprehensive Plan Map 4IV-7, Non-Urban Area Land Use Plan, Mt. Hood Corridor Land Use Plan.

ZONING DISTRICT, COMMERCIAL: A zoning district regulated by Section 500, *Commercial Districts*.

<u>ZONING DISTRICT, INDUSTRIAL</u>: A zoning district regulated by Section 600, *Industrial Districts*.

ZONING DISTRICT, NATURAL RESOURCE: A zoning district regulated by Section 400, *Natural Resource Districts*.

<u>ZONING DISTRICT</u>, <u>RESIDENTIAL</u>: A zoning district regulated by Section 300, *Urban and Rural Residential Districts*.

[Amended by Ord. ZDO-224, 5/31/11; Amended by Ord. ZDO-231, 1/31/12; Amended by Ord. ZDO-232, 3/12/12; Amended by Ord. ZDO-234, 6/7/12; Amended by Ord. ZDO-243, 9/9/13; Amended by

Ord. ZDO-246, 3/1/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-249, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-248, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16 and 3/1/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-258, 1/18/17; Amended by Ord. ZDO-263, 5/23/17; Amended by Ord. ZDO-267, 8/28/17; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-269, 9/6/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by automatic repeal of Ord. ZDO-267, 8/28/19; Amended by Ord. ZDO-273, 1/17/21; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21; Amended by Land Use Board of Appeals Remand of Ord. ZDO-273, 1/24/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-282, 7/1/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-273, on remand, 5/30/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]

202-30

URBAN LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (R-2.5, R-5, R-7, R-8.5, R-10, R-15, R-20, AND R-30), VILLAGE STANDARD LOT RESIDENTIAL (VR-5/7), VILLAGE SMALL LOT RESIDENTIAL (VR-4/5), VILLAGE TOWNHOUSE (VTH), PLANNED MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (PMD), MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (MR-1), MEDIUM HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (HDR), VILLAGE APARTMENT (VA), SPECIAL HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (SHD), AND REGIONAL CENTER HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL (RCHDR) DISTRICTS

315.01 PURPOSE

Section 315 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Low Density Residential, Village Standard Lot Residential, Village Small Lot Residential, Village Townhouse, Medium Density Residential, Medium High Density Residential, High Density Residential, Village Apartment, and Regional Center High Density Residential areas.

315.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 315 applies to land in the Urban Low Density Residential (R-2.5, R-5, R-7, R-8.5, R-10, R-15, R-20, and R-30), Village Standard Lot Residential (VR-5/7), Village Small Lot Residential (VR-4/5), Village Townhouse (VTH), Planned Medium Density Residential (PMD), Medium Density Residential (MR-1), Medium High Density Residential (MR-2), High Density Residential (HDR), Village Apartment (VA), Special High Density Residential (SHD), and Regional Center High Density Residential (RCHDR) Districts, hereinafter collectively referred to as the urban residential zoning districts.

315.03 USES PERMITTED

- A. Uses permitted in each urban residential zoning district are listed in Table 315-1, *Permitted Uses in the Urban Residential Zoning Districts*. Uses not listed are prohibited, except:
 - 1. In the PMD District, uses similar to one or more of the listed uses for the PMD District may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*; and
 - 2. In the HDR, SHD, and RCHDR Districts, uses similar to one or more of the listed limited uses for the applicable zoning district may be authorized pursuant to Section 106.
- B. As used in Table 315-1:
 - 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
 - 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.

- 3. "L" means the use is a limited use and shall be developed concurrently with or after a primary use is developed on the same site.
- 4. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.
- 5. "CPUD" means the use is allowed as a conditional use in a planned unit development.
- 6. "X" means the use is prohibited.
- 7. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 315-1.
- C. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 315.04, Dimensional and Building Design Standards; Section 1000, Development Standards; and Section 1100, Development Review Process.

315.04 DIMENSIONAL AND BUILDING DESIGN STANDARDS

A. General: Dimensional and building design standards applicable in the urban residential zoning districts are listed in Tables 315-2, *Dimensional and Building Design Standards in the Urban Low Density Residential Zoning Districts*; 315-3, *Dimensional and Building Design Standards in the VR-4/5, VR-5/7, and VTH Districts*; and 315-4, *Dimensional Standards in the PMD, MR-1, MR-2, HDR, VA, SHD, and RCHDR Districts*. As used in Tables 315-2 through 315-4, numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow each table.

Modifications: Modifications to the standards in Tables 315-2 through 315-4 are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 904, *Height Exceptions*; 1012, *Lot Size and Density*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*. Except in the HDR, SHD, and RCHDR Districts, modifications to the standards in these tables also are established by Section 903, *Setback Exceptions*.

Table 315-1: Permitted Uses in the Urban Residential Zoning Districts

Use		\$ 5	w	ı	0	1	8	~)R
	R-5 - R-30	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	ΛТН	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Accessory Buildings and Uses, Customarily Permitted, such as amateur (Ham) radio antennas and towers, arbors, bicycle racks, carports, citizen band transmitters and antennas, cogeneration facilities, courtyards, decks, decorative ponds, driveways, electric vehicle charging stations, family child care homes, fountains, garages, garden sheds, gazebos, greenhouses, HVAC units, meeting facilities, outdoor kitchens, parking areas, patios, pergolas, pet enclosures, plazas, property maintenance and property management offices, recreational facilities (such as bicycle trails, children's play structures, dance studios, exercise studios, playgrounds, putting greens, recreation and activity rooms, saunas, spas, sport courts, swimming pools, and walking trails), rainwater collection systems, satellite dishes, self-service laundry facilities, shops, solar energy systems, storage buildings/rooms, television antennas and receivers, transit amenities, trellises, and-utility service equipment, and utility service lines	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A

Use		& <u>_</u>									•
	R-5 – R-30	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	ΛІН	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Accessory Kitchens	A^1	A^1	A^1	A^1	X	A^1	A^1	X	X	X	X
Bed and Breakfast Inns , subject to Section 832	С	X	С	X	X	P	Р	P	X	L ² ,C ³	L^4
Bed and Breakfast Residences, subject to Section 832	С	X	С	P	X	P	P	P	P	X	X
Bus Shelters	A	A	A	A	P	A	A	A	A	A	A
Cemeteries, subject to Section 808	С	X	С	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Child Care Facilities	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	L ⁵ ,C	С	L^2 , C^3	L^4
Civic and Cultural Facilities, including art galleries, museums, and visitor centers	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L ⁵ ,C ⁶	X	L ² ,C ³	L^4
Community Halls	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD
Composting Facilities	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Daycare Services, Adult	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	L ⁵ ,C	С	L^2 , C^3	L^4
Dwellings, including:											
Accessory Dwelling Units, subject to Section 839	A	A	A	A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Congregate Housing Facilities	X	X	X	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Cottage Clusters	P ^{7,8}	P ^{7,8}	X	X	P	X	X	X	X	X	X
Detached Single-Family Dwellings	\mathbf{P}^7	\mathbf{P}^7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Duplexes	\mathbf{P}^7	\mathbf{P}^7	X	P	P	P	P	P	P	X	X
Manufactured Dwelling Parks, subject to Section 825	P ⁹ ,C	P ¹⁰	С	X	С	Р	X	X	X	X	X

Use		& <u>_</u>									~
	R-5 –	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	νти	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Manufactured Homes	\mathbf{P}^7	\mathbf{P}^7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Multifamily Dwellings	X	X	X	X	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Quadplexes	P ^{7,8}	P ^{7,8}	X	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Townhouses	P ^{7,8}	$P^{7,8}$	P	P	X	P ¹¹	P ¹¹	X	X	X	X
Triplexes	P ^{7,8}	$P^{7,8}$	X	P	P	P	P	P	P	X	X
Entertainment Facilities, including arcades, billiard halls, bowling alleys, miniature golf courses, and movie theaters	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C ³	Х
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Fences and Retaining Walls	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Financial Institutions, including banks, brokerages, credit unions, loan companies, and savings and loan associations	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L ⁵ ,C ⁶	X	L ² ,C ³	L^4
Fitness Facilities, including athletic clubs, exercise studios, gymnasiums, and health clubs	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L ⁵ ,C	X	L ^{2,12} ,C	L ⁴ ,C
Fraternal Organization Lodges	C^{13}	X	C^{13}	X	C ¹³	C^{13}	C^{13}	C^{13}	X	C ¹³	C ¹³
Government Uses, unless such a use is specifically listed as a primary, accessory, limited, conditional, or prohibited use in the applicable zoning district	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	C ¹³	C ¹³	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	C ¹³
Guest Houses, subject to Section 833	A	X	A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Use		& <u>_</u>									
	R-5 – R-30	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	VTH	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Home Occupations , including bed and breakfast homestays, subject to Section 822 ¹⁴	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Horticulture, Nurseries, Hydroponics, and Similar Uses that Exceed an Accessory Use	С	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hosting of Weddings, Family Reunions, Class Reunions, Company Picnics, and Similar Events	С	X	С	X	X	С	С	С	X	С	X
Hotels and Associated Convention Facilities	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C ¹⁵	L ⁴ ,C
Hydroelectric Facilities	€	X	E	X	X	E	E	E	X	E	X
Libraries	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	L ⁵ ,C ⁶ , CPUD	CPUD	L ² ,C ³ , CPUD	L ⁴ , CPUD
Livestock, subject to Section 821	A	A	A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Marijuana Processing	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Marijuana Production	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Marijuana Retailing	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Marijuana Wholesaling	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Multi-Use Developments, subject to Section 844	С	X	X	X	X	С	X	С	X	С	X
Nursing Homes	С	С	С	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P

Use		2 2									~
	R-5 – R-30	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	АТА	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Offices, including accounting services, administrative, business, corporate, and professional offices, but not including offices for governmental uses. Examples include offices for the following: architectural services, business management services, call centers, employment agencies, engineering services, income tax services, insurance services, legal services, manufacturer's representatives, office management services, property management services, real estate agencies, and travel agencies.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L ⁵ ,C ⁶	X	L ² ,C ³	${ m L}^4$
Offices and Outpatient Clinics—both of which may include associated pharmacies and laboratories—for healthcare services, such as acupuncture, chiropractic, counseling, dental, massage therapy, medical, naturopathic, optometric, physical therapy, psychiatric, occupational therapy, and speech therapy	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L ⁵ ,C ⁶	X	L ² ,C ³	L^4
Parking Structures	X	X	X	X	X	A	A	A	X	A	A
Pedestrian Amenities	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Places of Worship , subject to Section 804	Р	Р	P	P	Р	Р	P	Р	P	P	P

Use	R-5 – R-30	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	ΛТН	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Produce Stands , subject to Section 815	A	A	A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Public Utility Facilities ¹⁶	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	C ¹³	C ¹³	€ ¹³	X	C ¹³	€ ¹³
Radio and Television Studios, excluding transmission towers	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L ² ,C ³	X
Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and Earth Stations ⁴⁸¹⁶	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	X	X	C ¹³	C ¹³	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	C ¹³
Recreational Vehicle Camping Facilities, subject to Section 813	X	X	X	X	X	C ¹³	C ¹³	C ¹³	X	X	X

Use		&									~
	R-5-	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	АТА	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Recreational Uses, Government-Owned, including parks, amphitheaters; arboreta; arbors, decorative ponds, fountains, gazebos, pergolas, and trellises; ball fields; bicycle and walking trails; bicycle parks and skate parks; boat moorages and ramps; community buildings and grounds; community and ornamental gardens; courtyards and plazas; equine facilities; fitness and recreational facilities, such as exercise equipment, gymnasiums, and swimming pools; miniature golf, putting greens, and sports courts; picnic areas and structures; play equipment and playgrounds; nature preserves and wildlife sanctuaries; tables and seating; and similar recreational uses ¹⁸¹⁷	P ¹⁹ 18	P ¹⁹ 18	P ₁₉₁₈	P ²⁰¹⁹	P ²⁰ 19	P ²⁰ 19	P ²⁰ 19	P ^{20]0}	P ²⁰ 19	P ²⁰ 19	P ^{2-01.9}
Recreational Uses, Government- Owned Golf Courses ¹⁸¹⁷	P ¹⁹ 18	X	P ¹⁹ 18	X	C ¹³	P ²⁰¹⁹	P ²⁰¹⁹	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	C ¹³
Recreational Uses, including boat moorages, country clubs, equine facilities, gymnastics facilities, golf courses, parks, and swimming pools ⁴⁸¹⁷	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	C ¹³	C ¹³	C ¹³	X	C^{13}	C ¹³
Recyclable Drop-Off Sites, subject to Section 819	A ²¹ 20	A ²¹²⁰	A ²¹²⁰	A ²¹²⁰	A ²¹²⁰	A ²¹²⁰	A ²¹ 20				

	Use	R-5 –	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	АТИ	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
r u u a s s c c c c e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Retailing—whether by sale, lease, or ent—of any of the following new or used products: apparel, appliances, art, art supplies, beverages, bicycle upplies, bicycles, books, cameras, computers, computer supplies, cookware, cosmetics, dry goods, electrical supplies, electronic equipment, firewood, flowers, food, furniture, garden supplies, gun upplies, guns, hardware, hides, interior decorating materials, jewelry, eather, linens, medications, music whether recorded or printed), musical instruments, nutritional supplements, office supplies, optical goods, paper goods, periodicals, pet supplies, pets, olumbing supplies, photographic upplies, signs, small power equipment, sporting goods, stationery, ableware, tobacco, toiletries, tools, oys, vehicle supplies, and videos	CPUD ²² 21	L ⁵ ,C ⁶ , CPUD ²²²¹	CPUD ²² 21	L ² ,C ³ , CPUD ²²²¹	L ⁴ , CPUD ²² 21						
I	Roads	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
S	Schools, subject to Section 805	С	С	С	CPUD	CPUD	С	С	L ^{5,23} 22,C ^{6,} 2322,CPU D	CPUD	L ^{2,23} 22,C ^{3,} 2322, CPUD	L ^{4,<u>2322</u>} , CPUD

Use	R-5 – R-30	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	VTH	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Services, Business, including computer rental workstations; leasing, maintenance, repair, and sale of communications and office equipment; mailing; notary public; photocopying; and printing	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L ⁵ ,C ⁶	X	L ³ ,C ⁴	L^2
Services, Commercial— Construction and Maintenance, including contractors engaged in construction and maintenance of electrical and plumbing systems	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	\mathbb{C}^3	Х
Services, Commercial—Food and Beverage, including catering and eating and drinking establishments	CPUD ²² 21	L ⁵ ,C ⁶ , CPUD ²²²¹	CPUD ²² 21	$L^2,C^3,$ $CPUD^{\frac{22}{21}}$	L ⁴ , CPUD ²² 21						
Services, Commercial— Maintenance and Repair of any of the following: appliances, bicycles, electronic equipment, guns, housewares, musical instruments, optical goods, signs, small power equipment, sporting goods, and tools	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	X	L ⁵ ,C ⁶	Х	L ² ,C ³	L^4
Services, Commercial— Maintenance and Repair of any of the following: all-terrain vehicles, automobiles, light trucks, motorcycles, and snowmobiles	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C^3	X

Use		. 63									
	R-5 – R-30	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	VTH	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Services, Commercial— Miscellaneous, including food lockers, interior decorating, locksmith, upholstering, and veterinary	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L ⁵ ,C ⁶	X	L ² ,C ³	L^4
Services, Commercial—Personal and Convenience, including barbershops, beauty salons, dry cleaners, laundries, photo processing, seamstresses, shoe repair, tailors, and tanning salons. Also permitted are incidental retail sales of products related to the service provided.	CPUD ²² 21	L ⁵ ,C ⁶ , CPUD ²²²¹	CPUD ²² 21	L ² ,C ³ , CPUD ²²²¹	L ⁴ , CPUD ²² 21						
Services, Commercial—Studios of the following types: art, craft, dance, music, and photography	CPUD ²² 21	L ⁵ ,C ⁶ , CPUD ²²² 1	CPUD ²² 21	L ² ,C ³ , CPUD ²²² 1	L ⁴ , CPUD ²² 21						
Short-Term Rental in a dwelling unit or guest house permitted by this table	P	Р	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A^{2423}	A^{2423}	$A^{24}23}$	A ²⁴ 23	A ²⁴²³	$A^{\frac{24}{23}}$	$A^{\frac{24}{23}}$	A^{2423}	A^{2423}	A ²⁴²³	A ²⁴ 23
Telephone Exchanges	C ¹³	X	C ¹³	X	C^{13}	€ ¹³	€ ¹³	€ ¹³	X	\mathbb{C}^{13}	€ ¹³
Temporary Buildings for Uses Incidental to Construction Work. Such buildings shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of the construction work.	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A

Use	R-5 – R-30	VR-4/5 & VR-5/7	R-2.5	АТН	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Temporary Storage within an Enclosed Structure of Source- Separated Recyclable/Reusable Materials Generated and/or Used On-site Prior to On-site Reuse or Removal by the Generator or Licensed or Franchised Collector to a User or Broker	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Transit Park-and-Rides	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	A
Utility Facilities, including:											
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵ 24	P,C ²⁵²⁴
Utility Facilities in Road Rights- of-Way	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
<u>Utility Facilities Not Otherwise</u> <u>Listed in Table 315-1</u>	<u>C</u> ^{13,25}	<u>C</u> ^{13,25}	<u>C</u> ^{13,25}	X	<u>C</u> ^{13,25}	<u>C</u> ^{13,25}	<u>C</u> ^{13,25}	<u>C</u> ^{13,25}	X	<u>C^{13,25}</u>	<u>C</u> ^{13,25}
<u>Utility Lines</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, subject to Section 835	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1	See Table 835-1

An accessory kitchen is permitted only in a townhouse, a detached single-family dwelling, or a manufactured home, to the extent that these dwelling types are permitted in the applicable zoning district. Only one accessory kitchen is permitted in each townhouse, detached single-family dwelling, or manufactured home.

² The limited use is permitted subject to the following criteria:

- a. The use shall be allowed only in a development meeting the minimum residential density for the entire site area.
- b. The building floor area occupied by all limited uses shall not exceed 15 percent of the building floor area occupied by primary uses.
- c. No outdoor storage of materials associated with the use shall be allowed.
- d. The use shall not be of a type or intensity which produces odor, smoke, fumes, noise, glare, heat, or vibration which are detectable outside of the premises and are incompatible with primary uses.
- The use shall be developed in conjunction with a primary use on the same site, which is developed at the maximum allowed density for the site area.
- ⁴ The limited use is permitted subject to the following criteria:
 - a. The use shall be allowed only in a development meeting the minimum residential density for the entire site area.
 - b. No outdoor storage of materials or display of merchandise associated with the use shall be allowed.
- ⁵ The limited use is permitted subject to the following criteria:
 - a. The use shall be part of a development within a Design Plan area.
 - b. The use shall be allowed only in a development meeting the minimum residential density for the entire site area.
 - c. The building floor area occupied by all limited uses shall not exceed 10 percent of the building floor area occupied by primary uses. No single limited commercial use shall occupy more than 1,500 square feet of building floor area.
 - d. Allowing the use will not adversely impact the livability, value, and appropriate development of the site and abutting properties considering the location, size, design, and operating characteristics of the use.
 - e. No outdoor storage of materials associated with the use shall be allowed.
 - f. The use shall not be of a type or intensity which produces odor, smoke, fumes, noise, glare, heat, or vibration which are detectable outside of the premises and are incompatible with primary uses.

- The use shall be developed in conjunction with a primary use on the same site, which is developed at the maximum allowed density for the site area. The building floor area occupied by all limited uses, and by all conditional uses that are subject to Note 6, shall not exceed 10 percent of the building floor area occupied by primary uses.
- Except as allowed by Section 839, *Accessory Dwelling Units*, or Section 1204, *Temporary Permits*, each lot of record may be developed with only one of the following: detached single-family dwelling, manufactured home, duplex, triplex, quadplex, townhouse, or cottage cluster development.
- The development of a triplex, quadplex, townhouse, or cottage cluster is subject to Section 845, *Triplexes, Quadplexes, Townhouses, and Cottage Clusters*.
- A manufactured dwelling park that also qualifies as a cottage cluster development pursuant to Section 845, *Triplexes, Quadplexes, Townhouses, and Cottage Clusters*, is a primary use. All other manufactured dwelling parks are conditional uses.
- A manufactured dwelling park that also qualifies as a cottage cluster development pursuant to Section 845, *Triplexes, Quadplexes, Townhouses, and Cottage Clusters*, is a primary use. All other manufactured dwelling parks are prohibited.
- For a townhouse, the minimum lot size is 3,630 square feet in the MR-1 District and 2,420 square feet in the MR-2 District unless, as part of an application filed pursuant to Section 1105, *Subdivisions, Partitions, Replats, Condominium Plats, and Vacations of Recorded Plats*, new lots or parcels are proposed for townhouses. In that case, there is no minimum lot size provided that the density of the entire development complies with the maximum density standards of Subsection 1012.05.
- Only indoor facilities are permitted.
- Uses similar to this use may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, Authorizations of Similar Uses.
- A use may be permitted as a home occupation, subject to Section 822, *Home Occupations*, even if such use is also identified in another use listing in Table 315-1.
- ¹⁵ Hotels in the SHD District are limited to a maximum of 80 units per gross acre.
- ⁴⁶ Public utility facilities shall not include shops, garages, or general administrative offices.
- 1617 The base of such towers shall not be closer to the property line than a distance equal to the height of the tower.
- 1748 This use may include concessions, restrooms, maintenance facilities, and similar support uses.

- ¹⁸¹⁹ Any principal building, swimming pool, or use shall be located a minimum of 45 feet from any other lot in a residential zoning district.
- 1920 Any principal building or swimming pool shall be located a minimum of 30 feet from any other lot in a residential zoning district.
- 2021 Recyclable drop-off sites are permitted only if accessory to an institutional use.
- 2122 The use is subject to the following standards and criteria:
 - a. The use shall be located in a planned unit development (PUD) with a minimum of 100 dwelling units. No building permit for the use shall be issued until a minimum of 100 dwelling units are constructed within the PUD.
 - b. The area occupied by all uses subject to Note 22 and located in a single PUD, including their parking, loading, and maneuvering areas, shall not exceed a ratio of one-half acre per 100 dwelling units in the PUD.
 - c. The use shall be an integral part of the general plan of development for the PUD and provide facilities related to the needs of residents of the PUD.
 - d. The use shall be located, designed, and operated to efficiently serve frequent trade and service needs of residents of the PUD and not persons residing elsewhere.
 - e. The use shall not, by reason of its location, construction, manner or hours of operation, signs, lighting, parking arrangements, or other characteristics, have adverse effects on residential uses within or adjoining the PUD.
- ²²²³Only commercial schools are permitted, and such schools are not subject to Section 805, *Schools*.
- 2324 Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- 2425 Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way. Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).
- Except for hydroelectric facilities and telephone exchanges, utility facilities shall not include shops, garages, or general administrative offices.

Table 315-2: Dimensional and Building Design Standards in the Urban Low Density Residential Zoning Districts

Standard	R-2.5	R-5	R-7	R-8.5	R-10	R-15	R-20	R-30			
District Land Area (DLA) for Calculating Density Pursuant to Section 1012/Minimum Lot Size ^{1,2}	2,500/2,000 square feet	5,000/4,000square feet ³	7,000/5,600 square feet ⁴	8,500/6,800 square feet ⁴	10,000/8,000 square feet ⁴	15,000/12,000 square feet ⁴	20,000/16,000 square feet ⁴	30,000/24,000 square feet ⁴			
Maximum Lot Coverage				50 pe	ercent ^{5,6}						
Maximum Building Height	primary dwe	building larger than elling, whichever is ildings: 35 feet	-	eet and access	ory to a prima	ry dwelling: 20) feet or the heig	ght of the			
Minimum Front Setback		15 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries ⁷									
Minimum Rear Setback				20 fee	t ^{7,8,9,10,11}						
Minimum Side Setback				5 feet	7,8,9,10,11						
Maximum Building Floor Space for an Accessory Building Larger than 500 Square Feet and Accessory to a Primary Dwelling	-	ground floor area on mon wall with the		_	_	•	non-residential	space that			

Standard	R-2.5	R-5	R-7	R-8.5	R-10	R-15	R-20	R-30		
Building Design Standards for Detached Single- Family Dwellings, Duplexes, and Manufactured Homes ¹²	recessed at least two feet from the exterior wall to the door; a bay or bow window (not flush with the siding); an offset on the building face of at least 16 inches from one exterior wall surface to the other; a dormer; a gable; roof									
Building Design Standards for Buildings		ping containers sholor to that of the c		behind the bu	ilding line of t	the dwelling, an	nd the exterior s	hall be painted		
Accessory to a Dwelling		ngs greater than 5 l be painted simil	-			verhangs, gutte	rs, and downspo	outs, and the		

- The minimum lot size standards apply as established by Sections 1012 and 1107. Notwithstanding the minimum lot size standard, a lot of record may be developed subject to other applicable standards of this Ordinance, except minimum lot size standards of Section 800 apply.
- In a planned unit development, there is no minimum lot size. However, the DLA standard applies pursuant to Section 1012, *Lot Size and Density*.
- For townhouses developed pursuant to Section 845, *Triplexes, Quadplexes, Townhouses, and Cottage Clusters*, there is no minimum lot size and the DLA shall be one-third of the DLA.
- For townhouses developed pursuant to Section 845, *Triplexes, Quadplexes, Townhouses, and Cottage Clusters*, there is no minimum lot size and the DLA shall be one-quarter of the DLA in the applicable zoning district.
- Maximum lot coverage in a planned unit development is 65 percent.

- For development on a middle housing lot, the lot coverage is calculated on the entire parent lot that was divided through a middle housing land division.
- For a swimming pool that is accessory to a dwelling, the minimum front setback is 10 feet, and the minimum side and rear setbacks are three feet.
- In a planned unit development, there are no minimum rear and side setbacks except from rear and side lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat. In a zero-lot-line development, approved pursuant to Subsection 1105.03(B), there are no minimum rear and side setbacks for detached single-family dwellings, manufactured homes, and structures accessory to such dwellings, except from rear and side lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat. Where either of these standards applies, it supersedes any other rear or side setback standard in Table 315-2.
- ⁹ On a middle housing lot, there are no minimum setbacks, except from lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat or lot lines abutting a road or access drive.
- The following exceptions apply to a lot of record that is 6,000 square feet or less in area and was created prior to the application of an Urban Low Density Residential District to the subject lot of record:
 - a. The minimum rear setback for a detached single-family dwelling, a manufactured home, or a duplex is 10 feet.
 - b. The minimum side setback for a detached single-family dwelling, a manufactured home, or a duplex is a total of five feet (e.g., five feet from one side lot line and zero from the other, three feet from one side lot line and two feet from the other) except that if the subject lot of record has more than two side lot lines, the minimum side setback from each of the additional side lot lines is five feet.

If an accessory building is located behind the building line of the main building, the applicable minimum rear and side setback standards for that accessory building are based on the accessory building area and accessory building height, as follows:

		Building Height									
Building Area	≤ 8 feet	$>$ 8 feet and \leq 10 feet	> 10 feet and ≤ 15 feet	> 15 feet							
≤ 100 square feet	None	3 feet side and rear	5 feet side and rear	5 feet side, 10 feet rear							
> 100 square feet and ≤ 200 square feet	3 feet side and rear	3 feet side and rear	5 feet side and rear	5 feet side, 10 feet rear							
> 200 square feet and ≤ to 500 square feet	5 feet side and rear	5 feet side and rear	5 feet side and rear	5 feet side, 10 feet rear							
> 500 square feet	5 feet side; 10 feet rear	5 feet side; 10 feet rear	5 feet side, 10 feet rear	5 feet side, 10 feet rear							

These building design standards do not apply to temporary dwellings approved pursuant to Section 1204, *Temporary Permits*, or to manufactured homes in manufactured dwelling parks.

Table 315-3: Dimensional and Building Design Standards in the VR-5/7, VR-4/5, and VTH Districts

General Standards									
Standard	VR-5/7	VR-4/5	VTH						
District Land Area for Calculating Density Pursuant to Section 1012/Minimum Lot Size ¹	5,000/4,000 square feet ²	4,000/2,000 square feet ²	2,000/2,000 square feet ³						
Maximum Lot Size ¹	7,000 square feet ^{4,5}	3,000 square feet ^{3,7}							
Maximum Lot Coverage	50 perce	ent ⁸	65 percent						
Maximum Height for Fences and Sight- Obscuring Plantings	6 feet at or behind the but front lot line(s) or, in the the main building or 4 fe dwelling closest to front residential development,	case of non-resident et forward of the bu- lot line(s) or, in the	tial development, of ilding line of the case of non-						
Maximum Driveway Width	16 feet at the front lot lin subject property is devel that has at least three sid opposed to tandem) gara case the maximum drive 24 feet at the front lot lin	oped with a garage e-by-side (as ge bays, in which way width shall be	See Subsection 1005.11(B)(4).						
Minimum Percentage of Lots in a Subdivision that Shall have Alley Motor Vehicle Access Only	50 percent of lots with fi	rontage on an alley	Not Applicable						
Garage/Carport Design for Primary Dwellings	A minimum of 50 percent of the primary dwellings in a development shall have a recessed garage/carport or no garage/carport. The remaining 50 percent may have a non-recessed garage/carport. ^{9,10,11}	See Subsection 1005.11(B).							

Standards for Primary Dwellings									
Standard	VR-5/7	VR-4/5	VTH						
Maximum Building Height		35 feet ⁹							
Minimum Front Setback	10 feet for a dwelling with a recessed garage/carport or no garage/carport; 19½ feet to the garage door/carport motor vehicle entry for a dwelling with a non-recessed garage/carport ^{9,10,11,12,13,14}	10 feet ^{12,13,14}	10 feet ^{15,16,17}						
Maximum Front Setback	18 feet for a dwelling with a recessed garage/carport or no garage/carport; 20½ feet to the garage door/carport motor vehicle entry for a dwelling with a non-recessed garage/carport 9,10,11,12,13,18, 19,20	18 feet ^{12,13,18,19,20}	18 feet ¹⁵						
Minimum Rear Setback	15 feet ^{9,12,13,2}	21	15 feet ²¹						
Minimum Side Setback	0 on one side; 5 feet on all	5 feet ^{21,22}							

Standards ^{9,23} ar cc • W w he • H Fi • If st or ar • A su po in th de	ront facades shall be desind/or bays. Facades facing on sist of a blank wall. Vindow trim shall not be a sall treatment. Windows sith an architectural surroged, and sill. Tipped, gambrel, or gable lat roofs are prohibited. If the lot on which the dwe reet frontage on a local of a private street that meet reet design standards, the other dwelling shall be accorded by the dwelling shall be accorded by the dwelling shall be covered by the dwelling, have a mining epth of six feet, and have nobstructed width of 10 feet.	See Subsections 1005.03(F) and 1005.11(A).		
Stand	ards for Buildings Acce	essory to a Dwelling		
Standard	VR-5/7	VR-4/5	VTH	
Maximum Number of Accessory Buildings per Lot of Record		Two		
Minimum Separation Distance Between an Accessory Building and any other Building on the Same Lot of Record	3 feet			
Maximum Building Height	25 feet or the building lis less ²⁴	neight of the primary	dwelling, whichever	

Maximum Building Area	Only one accessory building may exceed 100 square feet, and it shall have a maximum ground floor area of 600 square feet, or the square footage of the ground floor of the primary dwelling, whichever is less. Only one accessory building may exceed 100 square feet, and shall have a maximum ground floor area of 500 square feet, or the square footage of the ground floor the primary dwelling, whichever is less					
Minimum Front Setback	Greater than or equal to primary dwelling (not in and architectural feature)	cluding porches, pat				
Exterior Building Materials	Buildings greater than 10 constructed with similar the primary dwelling. ⁹	-				
	de Setback Standards fo in the VR-5/7, VR-4/5, a					
Building Area	Building Height					
8		Building Height				
	≤8 feet	> 8 feet and ≤ 20 feet	> 20 feet			
≤ 100 square feet		$> 8 \text{ feet and} \le 20$	> 20 feet No minimum on one side, 5 feet on all other sides; 5 feet rear if rear lot line does not abut an alley, 6 feet rear if rear lot line does abut an alley ²⁶			

- The minimum and maximum lot size standards apply as established by Sections 1012 and 1107. Notwithstanding the minimum and maximum lot size standards, a lot of record may be developed subject to other applicable standards of this Ordinance, except minimum lot size standards of Section 800 apply.
- For townhouses developed pursuant to Section 845, *Triplexes, Quadplexes, Townhouses, and Cottage Clusters*, there is no minimum lot size and the DLA shall be one-third of the DLA.
- ³ The minimum and maximum lot size standards apply only to lots or parcels for townhouses.
- The maximum lot size standard applies only to lots or parcels for detached single-family dwellings, manufactured homes, or middle housing, except the maximum lot size standard does not apply to a middle housing land division.
- Alternatively, the average size of all lots in a subdivision, partition, or replat shall not exceed 6,500 square feet.
- Alternatively, the average size of all lots in a subdivision, partition, or replat shall not exceed 5,000 square feet.
- Alternatively, the average size of all lots in a subdivision, partition, or replat shall not exceed 2,500 square feet.
- For development on a middle housing lot, the lot coverage is calculated on the entire parent lot that was divided through a middle housing land division.
- Except for middle housing developed pursuant to Section 845, *Triplexes, Quadplexes, Townhouses, and Cottage Clusters*, development on lots in the plat of Sieben Creek Estates (plat no. 3039) is not required to comply with this standard.
- A recessed garage or carport is a garage or carport with a front setback to the garage door or carport motor vehicle entry that is a minimum of five feet greater (i.e., farther from the front lot line) than the front setback to the facade of the primary dwelling living area (not including porches, patios, bays, and architectural features).
- A non-recessed garage or carport shall have a front setback to the garage door or carport motor vehicle entry that is a maximum of five feet less (i.e., closer to the front lot line) than the front setback to the facade of the primary dwelling living area (not including porches, patios, bays, and architectural features).
- The minimum and maximum setback standards do not apply in a Resource Protection Area shown on Comprehensive Plan Map X-SV-1, *Sunnyside Village Plan Land Use Plan Map*. The maximum setback standards do not apply to cottage clusters developed pursuant to Section 845, *Triplexes*, *Quadplexes*, *Townhouses*, *and Cottage Clusters*.
- On a middle housing lot, there are no minimum setbacks, except from lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat or lot lines abutting a road or access drive.
- A porch or patio, whether covered or not, may extend a maximum of four feet into the minimum front yard depth.
- Frontage on an accessway shall be considered a front lot line.

- On a corner lot, the minimum setback from one front lot line is eight feet, provided that the lot line abuts a road with a functional classification of local or connector.
- Awnings, porches, bays, and overhangs may extend a maximum of four feet into the minimum front setback.
- ¹⁸ If a public utility easement precludes compliance with the maximum front setback standard, the maximum shall be as close to the front lot line as possible.
- Dwellings located on lots with less than 35 feet of street frontage shall be exempt from the maximum front setback standard.
- If a lot has more than one front lot line, compliance with the maximum front setback standard is required from only two intersecting front lot lines.
- In a planned unit development, there are no minimum rear and side setbacks except from rear and side lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat. Where this standard applies, it supersedes any other rear or side setback standard in Table 315-3.
- ²² Frontage on a pedestrian connection shall be considered a side lot line.
- For triplexes, quadplexes, and townhouses developed pursuant to Section 845, *Triplexes*, *Quadplexes*, *Townhouses*, *and Cottage Clusters*, design standards in Section 845 shall apply in addition to standards in Table 315-3.
- The maximum building height standard applies only to accessory buildings larger than 100 square feet.
- A garage may be required to be recessed, as defined by Note 11, in order to comply with the standard for garage/carport design for primary dwellings.
- Frontage on a pedestrian connection shall be considered a side lot line, and the minimum setback is five feet.
- ²⁷ If the rear lot line abuts an alley, a second-story accessory dwelling unit may cantilever a maximum of four feet into the minimum rear setback.

Table 315-4: Dimensional Standards in the PMD, MR-1, MR-2, HDR, VA, SHD, and RCHDR Districts

Standard	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
District Land Area for Calculating Density Pursuant to Section 1012	3,630 square feet	3,630 square feet	2,420 square feet	1,742 square feet	1,500 square feet	726 square feet	Not Applicable
Minimum Density	See Section 1012	See Section 1012	See Section 1012	See Section 1012	See Section 1012	See Section 1012	See Section 1012
Minimum Lot Size	None	None ¹	None ²	None	None	None	None
Minimum Front Setback	15 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries	15 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries ^{3,4}	15 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries ⁴	15 feet ⁵	10 feet ^{6,7}	15 feet	5 feet ⁸
Maximum Front Setback	See Subsections 1005.02(E) and (H).	See Subsections 1005.02(E) and (H).	See Subsections 1005.02(E) and (H).	See Subsections 1005.02(E) and (H).	18 feet ⁶	See Subsections 1005.02(E) and (H).	20 feet ^{8,9}
Minimum Rear Setback	30 feet ¹⁰	20 feet ^{5,10,11,12}	20 feet ^{5,10}	See Subsection 1005.02(L) ⁵	None ^{6,7}	See Subsection 1005.02(L)	See Subsection 1005.02(L) ¹³

Standard	PMD	MR-1	MR-2	HDR	VA	SHD	RCHDR
Minimum Side Setback	30 feet ¹⁰	One story: five feet; two stories: seven feet; three stories: 15 feet. For each story higher than three, an additional five feet of yard depth shall be required. 5,10,11,12,14,15	One story: five feet; two stories: seven feet; three stories: 15 feet. For each story higher than three, an additional five feet of yard depth shall be required. 5,10,14,15	See Subsection 1005.02(L) ⁵	None	See Subsection 1005.02(L)	See Subsection 1005.02(L) ¹⁶
Maximum Building Height	None	None	None	None	45 feet	None	None
Minimum Building Separation	10 feet	None	None	See Subsection 1005.02(L)	20 feet between multifamily dwellings	See Subsection 1005.02(L)	See Subsection 1005.02(L)

The minimum lot size for a lot developed with a detached single-family dwelling classified as a nonconforming use is 3,630 square feet.

- The minimum lot size for a lot developed with a detached single-family dwelling classified as a nonconforming use is 2,420 square feet.
- For a swimming pool that is accessory to a dwelling, the minimum front setback is 10 feet.
- On a corner lot developed with a townhouse, the minimum front setback from one front lot line is 10 feet, except that the minimum shall be 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries.
- The minimum setback standards of Table 315-2, *Dimensional and Building Design Standards in the Urban Low Density Residential Districts*, apply to detached single-family dwellings that are nonconforming uses, as well as to structures that are accessory to such dwellings.

- ⁶ If the front or rear lot line abuts Sunnyside Road, the minimum setback shall be 65 feet from the centerline of Sunnyside Road, and the maximum setback shall be 75 feet from the centerline of Sunnyside Road.
- Awnings, porches, and bays may extend a maximum of six feet into the minimum setback.
- ⁸ For dwellings and structures accessory to dwellings, the minimum front setback shall be 15 feet, and there shall be no maximum setback. However, Note 8 does not apply to mixed-use buildings that include dwellings or to structures accessory to such mixed-use buildings.
- The maximum setback may be exceeded to accommodate plazas identified on Comprehensive Plan Map X-CRC-3, *Clackamas Regional Center Area Design Plan Urban Design Elements*.
- In a planned unit development, there are no minimum rear and side setbacks except from rear and side lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat. Where this standard applies, it supersedes any other rear or side setback standard in Table 315-4.
- For a swimming pool that is accessory to a dwelling, the minimum side and rear setbacks are five feet, unless the side or rear lot line abuts an Urban Low Density Residential, VR-4/5, or VR-5/7 District, in which case the minimum setback shall be 15 feet from the abutting lot line.

The minimum rear and side setback standards for an accessory building are based on the building area and height, as follows:

		Building Height	
Building Area	≤ 8 feet	$>$ 8 feet and \leq 10 feet	> 10 feet
≤ 100 square feet	None, if the accessory building is located behind the building line of the main building; otherwise, 3 feet side and rear	3 feet side and rear	Same as primary building minimum setbacks
> 100 square feet and ≤ 200 square feet	3 feet side and rear	3 feet side and rear	Same as primary building minimum setbacks
> 200 square feet	Same as primary building minimum setbacks	Same as primary building minimum setbacks	Same as primary building minimum setbacks

¹³ If the rear lot line abuts a residential zoning district other than HDR, SHD, or RCHDR, the minimum rear setback is 20 feet.

[Added by Ord. ZDO-249, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-250, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21; Amended by Ord. ZDO-282, 7/1/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-273, on remand, 5/30/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-287, 8/3/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]

¹⁴ If the side lot line abuts an Urban Low Density Residential, VR-5/7, or VR-4/5 District, the minimum side setback for a two-story building is 10 feet.

¹⁵ The minimum side setback for a townhouse is five feet from any side lot line where two townhouses do not share a common wall.

¹⁶ If the side lot line abuts a residential zoning district other than HDR, SHD, or RCHDR, the minimum side setback is 15 feet.

RURAL AREA RESIDENTIAL 1-ACRE (RA-1), RURAL AREA RESIDENTIAL 2-ACRE (RA-2), RECREATIONAL RESIDENTIAL (RR), RURAL RESIDENTIAL FARM FOREST 5-ACRE (RRFF-5), FARM FOREST 10-ACRE (FF-10), AND FUTURE URBAN 10-ACRE (FU-10) DISTRICTS

316.01 PURPOSE

Section 316 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Unincorporated Community Residential, Rural, and Future Urban areas.

316.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 316 applies to land in the Rural Area Residential 1-Acre (RA-1), Rural Area Residential 2-Acre (RA-2), Recreational Residential (RR), Rural Residential Farm Forest 5-Acre (RRFF-5), Farm Forest 10-Acre (FF-10), and Future Urban 10-Acre (FU-10) Districts, hereinafter collectively referred to as the rural residential and future urban residential zoning districts.

316.03 USES PERMITTED

- A. Uses permitted in each rural residential and future urban residential zoning district are listed in Table 316-1, *Permitted Uses in the Rural Residential and Future Urban Residential Zoning Districts*. Uses not listed are prohibited.
- B. As used in Table 316-1:
 - 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
 - 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.
 - 3. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.
 - 4. "CPUD" means the use is allowed as a conditional use in a planned unit development.
 - 5. "X" means the use is prohibited.
 - 6. "Type II" means the use requires review of a Type II application, pursuant to Section 1307, *Procedures*.
 - 7. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 316-1.
- C. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 316.04, *Dimensional Standards*; Section 1000, *Development Standards*; and Section 1100, *Development Review Process*.

316.04 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

A. <u>General</u>: Dimensional standards applicable in the rural and future urban residential zoning districts are listed in Table 316-2, *Dimensional Standards in the*

- Rural Residential and Future Urban Residential Zoning Districts. As used in Table 316-2, numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow the table.
- B. <u>Modifications</u>: Modifications to the standards in Table 316-2 are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 903, *Setback Exceptions*; 1012, *Lot Size and Density*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*.

Table 316-1: Permitted Uses in the Rural Residential and Future Urban Residential Zoning Districts

Use	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Accessory Kitchens	A^3	A^3	A^3	$\frac{\mathbf{A}^3}{\mathbf{A}^3}$	A^3	A^3
Aircraft Land Uses	X	X	X	$\frac{R}{C}$	C	C
Aircraft Landing Areas	X	C	C^4	X	X	X
Bed and Breakfast Inns, subject						
to Section 832	С	C	C	C	C	X
Bed and Breakfast Residences,						
subject to Section 832	С	C	C	C	C	C
Bus Shelters	P	P	Р	P	Р	P
Campgrounds	C	C	C	C	C	C
Cemeteries, subject to Section						
808	С	C	X	C	C	C
Child Care Facilities	С	С	С	С	С	C^5
Commercial or Processing						
Activities that are in						
Conjunction with Farm or	X	X	X	C	C	X
Forest Uses ⁶						
Community Halls	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	X^7
Composting Facilities, subject to						
Section 834	X	X	X	C	С	X
Conservation Areas or						
Structures for the Conservation	D	D	D	ъ	D	D
of Water, Soil, Forest, or	P	P	P	P	P	P
Wildlife Habitat Resources						
Crematories, subject to Section	C	C	v	V	v	v
808	С	С	X	X	X	X
Daycare Services, Adult	C	C	C	C	C	C_8
Dwellings, including:						
Accessory Dwelling Units,	A^1	A^1	X	\mathbf{A}^1	A^1	A^1
subject to Section 839	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ	Λ
Detached Single-Family	\mathbf{P}^9	\mathbf{p}^9	\mathbf{p}^9	\mathbf{P}^9	\mathbf{P}^9	P^9
Dwellings		1	1			
Duplexes	C ⁹	X	X	X	X	X
Manufactured Dwellings	P^9	P^9	P^9	P^9	P^9	P^9
Energy Source Development	X	X	C	X	X	X
Farm Uses, including ⁶ :						
Raising, harvesting, and selling	P	P	P^{10}	P	P	P
crops	1	1	1	1	1	1
Feeding, breeding, management						
and sale of, or the produce of,	X^{11}	P	X^{11}	P	P	P
livestock, poultry, fur-bearing	11	1	11	1	1	1
animals, or honeybees						
Dairying and the sale of dairy	X^{11}	P	X^{11}	P	P	P
products	11	1	71	<u>.</u>	•	1

Use	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Any other agricultural or horticultural use or animal husbandry or any combination thereof	X ¹¹	P	X ¹¹	P	P	P
Preparation, storage, and disposal by marketing or otherwise of the products or byproducts raised on such land for human or animal use	Р	P	P^{10}	Р	P	P
Propagation, cultivation, maintenance, and harvesting of aquatic, bird, and animal species that are under the jurisdiction of the Oregon Fish and Wildlife Commission, to the extent allowed by the rules adopted by the commission	X ¹¹	P	X^{11}	P	P	P
Growing cultured Christmas trees	P	P	P^{10}	P	P	P
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	A	A	A	A	A	A
Fish or Wildlife Management Programs	X	X	X	P	P	P
Forest Practices, including the following operations conducted on or pertaining to forestland: reforestation of forestland, road construction and maintenance, harvesting of forest tree species, application of chemicals, disposal of slash, and removal of woody biomass	P ¹²	P ¹²	P	P ¹²	\mathbf{P}^{12}	P ¹²
Fraternal Organization Lodges	C ¹³	C ¹³				
Government Uses, unless such a use is specifically listed as a primary, accessory, conditional, or prohibited use in the applicable zoning district	C ¹³	C ¹³				
Guest Houses , subject to Section 833	A	A	A	A	A	A
Guest Ranches and Lodges	X	X	С	X	X	X
Home Occupations, including bed and breakfast homestays, subject to Section 822 ¹⁴	A	A	A	A	A	A

Use	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Home Occupations to Host	С	C	C	C	С	C
Events, subject to Section 806	C	С	С	С	C	С
Hydroelectric Facilities	C	C	E	E	E	E
Kennels	C^{15}	C^{15}	X	C^{15}	C^{15}	X
Libraries	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	CPUD	X^7
Livestock, subject to Section 821	P	X^{11}	A	X^{11}	X^{11}	X^{11}
Marijuana Processing	X	X	X	X	X	X
Marijuana Production, subject to Section 841	X	X	X	A	A	X
Marijuana Retailing	X	X	X	X	X	X
Marijuana Wholesaling	X	X	X	X	X	X
Operations Conducted for the						
Exploration, Mining, or						
Processing of Geothermal	X	X	X	C	C	X
Resources or Other Subsurface						
Resources						
Places of Worship, subject to	P	P	P	P	P	P
Section 804					_	
Produce Stands	A^{16}	A ¹⁶	A^{16}	A^{16}	A ¹⁶	$A^{16,17}$
Public Utility Facilities	$C^{13,18}$	C ^{13,18}	$C^{13,18}$	$C^{13,18}$	C ^{13,18}	C ^{13,18}
Radio and Television		$C^{13,\frac{19}{1}}$	$C^{13,\frac{191}{2}}$		$C^{13,\frac{19}{1}}$	
Transmission and Receiving	$C^{13,\frac{19}{18}}$	8	<u>8</u>	$C^{13,\frac{19}{18}}$	<u>8</u>	$C^{13,\frac{19}{18}}$
Towers and Earth Stations						
Recreational Uses , including boat						
moorages, community gardens,						
country clubs, equine facilities,		10.010			12.212	
gymnastics facilities, golf courses,	\mathbf{C}^{13}	$C^{13,\frac{21}{2}}$	\mathbf{C}^{13}	$C^{13,\frac{21}{20}}$	$C^{13,\frac{21}{2}}$	$C^{13,\frac{21}{20}}$
horse trails, pack stations, parks,		<u>0</u>		C	<u>0</u>	
playgrounds, sports courts,						
swimming pools, ski areas, and walking trails ²⁰¹⁹						

Use	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Recreational Uses, Government-Owned, including amphitheaters; arboreta; arbors, decorative ponds, fountains, gazebos, pergolas, and trellises; ball fields; bicycle and walking trails; bicycle parks and skate parks; equine facilities; boat moorages and ramps; community buildings and grounds; community and ornamental gardens; courtyards and plazas; fitness and recreational facilities, such as exercise equipment, gymnasiums, and swimming pools; horse trails; miniature golf, putting greens, and sports courts; pack stations; parks; picnic areas and structures; play equipment and playgrounds; nature preserves and wildlife sanctuaries; ski areas; tables and seating; and similar recreational uses ²⁰	P ²²² 1	P ²²² 1	P ²⁻² -2-1	P	P	P
Recreational Uses, Government- Owned Golf Courses ²⁰	$P^{\frac{22}{21}}$	P ²² 21	$P^{\frac{22}{21}}$	P	P	P
Recreational Vehicle Camping Facilities, subject to Section 813	C^{13}	C ¹³	С	C ¹³	C ¹³	X
Recyclable Drop-Off Sites, subject to Section 819	A ²³ 22	A ²³ 22	A ²³ 22	A ²³ 22	A ²³ 22	A ²³ 22

Use	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Retailing—whether by sale, lease,			2121			1010
or rent—of any of the following						
new or used products: apparel,						
appliances, art, art supplies,						
beverages, bicycle supplies,						
bicycles, books, cameras,						
computers, computer supplies,						
cookware, cosmetics, dry goods,						
electrical supplies, electronic						
equipment, flowers, food,						
furniture, garden supplies,						
hardware, interior decorating	CPUD ²⁴					
materials, jewelry, linens,	23 23	X	X	X	X	X
medications, music (whether						
recorded or printed), musical						
instruments, nutritional						
supplements, office supplies,						
optical goods, paper goods,						
periodicals, pet supplies, pets,						
plumbing supplies, photographic						
supplies, signs, small power						
equipment, sporting goods,						
stationery, tableware, tobacco,						
toiletries, tools, toys, vehicle supplies, and videos.						
Roads	P	P	P	P	P	P
Sanitary Landfills and Debris	Г	Г	Г	Γ	Г	Г
Fills	X	X	X	С	С	X
Schools, subject to Section 805	C^{2524}	$C^{\frac{25}{24}}$	C	$C^{\frac{25}{24}}$	$C^{\frac{25}{24}}$	$C^{\frac{26}{24}}$
Services, Commercial—Food	2.4					
and Beverage, including catering	CPUD ²⁴	X	X	X	X	X
and eating and drinking	<u>23</u>	71	71	21	11	71
establishments						
Services, Commercial—Personal						
and Convenience, including						
barbershops, beauty salons, dry						
cleaners, laundries, photo	CPUD ²⁴	***	***	*7	***	***
processing, seamstresses, shoe	23	X	X	X	X	X
repair, tailors, and tanning salons.						
Also permitted are incidental retail						
sales of products related to the						
service provided.						
Services, Commercial—Studios	CPUD ²⁴	v	v	\mathbf{v}	v	v
of the following types: art, craft,	<u>23</u>	X	X	X	X	X
dance, music, and photography						

Use	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Sewer System Components that						
Serve Lands Inside an Urban	Type	Type	Type	T 11 27	Type	Type
Growth Boundary, subject to	\mathbf{H}^{27}	\mathbf{H}^{27}	$\mathbf{H}^{\frac{1}{27}}$	Type II ²⁷	\mathbf{H}^{27}	Type H ²⁷
OAR 660-011-0060(3)						
Sewer Systems and Extensions						
of Sewer Systems to Serve Land						
Outside an Urban Growth	Type	Type	Type	T 11 ²⁸	Type	Type
Boundary and Unincorporated	\mathbf{H}^{28}	\mathbf{H}^{28}	Type H ²⁸	Type II ²⁸	Type H ²⁸	Type H ²⁸
Community, subject to OAR 660-						
011-0060(4)						
Short-Term Rental in a dwelling						
unit or guest house permitted by this	P	$P^{\frac{29}{26}}$	P	P ²⁹ 26	P ²⁹ 26	$P^{\frac{29}{26}}$
table	2027	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A ³⁰ 27	A^{3027}	A ³⁰ 27	A ³⁰ 27	A^{3027}	A^{3027}
Surface Mining, subject to	X	X	X	С	C	X
Section 818						
Telephone Exchanges	€ ¹³	C ¹³	C ¹³	€ ¹³	C ¹³	€ ¹³
Temporary Buildings for Uses						
Incidental to Construction						
Work. Such buildings shall be	A	A	A	A	A	A
removed upon completion or	Λ	Λ	Λ	A	Λ	Λ
abandonment of the construction						
work.						
Temporary Storage within an						
Enclosed Structure of Source-						
Separated Recyclable/Reusable						
Materials Generated and/or						
Used On-site Prior to On-site	A	A	Α	A	A	A
Reuse or Removal by the						
Generator or Licensed or						
Franchised Collector to a User						
or Broker						
Transfer Stations, subject to	X	v	С	v	v	C
Section 819	Λ	X		X	X	С
Utility Facilities, including:						-
Sewer System Components						-
that Serve Lands Inside an	Tyraa	Trees	Trees		Trees	Tyraa
Urban Growth Boundary,	<u>Type</u> II ²⁸	$\frac{\text{Type}}{\text{II}^{28}}$	$\frac{\text{Type}}{\text{II}^{28}}$	Type II ²⁸	Type II ²⁸	Type II ²⁸
subject to OAR 660-011-	1120	1120	1120		1120	<u>111-0</u>
0060(3)						

Use	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Sewer Systems and Extensions of Sewer Systems to Serve Land Outside an Urban Growth Boundary and Unincorporated Community, subject to OAR 660-011-0060(4)	Type II ²⁹	Type II ²⁹		Type II ²⁹	Type II ²⁹	Type II ²⁹
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ³¹³⁰	P,C ³¹³ 0	P,C ³¹³ 0	P,C ³¹³⁰	P,C ³¹ 3	P,C ³¹³⁰
Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Utility Facilities Not Otherwise Listed in Table 316-1	<u>C</u> ^{13,31}					
Utility Lines	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Wireless Telecommunication	See	See	See	See	See	See
Facilities, subject to Section 835	Table 835-1	Table 835-1	Table 835-1	Table 835-1	Table 835-1	Table 835-1

This use is permitted only inside of an urban growth boundary.

- This use is permitted only outside of both an urban growth boundary and an urban reserve.
- An accessory kitchen is permitted only in a detached single-family dwelling or a manufactured dwelling. Only one accessory kitchen is permitted in each single-family dwelling or manufactured dwelling.
- ⁴ Aircraft landing areas are permitted for use by emergency aircraft (e.g., fire, rescue) only.
- ⁵ This use is limited to alteration or expansion of a lawfully established child care facility.
- As used in Table 316-1, farm uses do not include marijuana production, marijuana processing, marijuana wholesaling, or marijuana retailing. See separate listings in Table 316-1 for these uses.
- Even though it is prohibited in this category, this use is included in the "government use" category.
- This use is limited to alteration or expansion of a lawfully established adult daycare service.
- Except as allowed by Section 839, *Accessory Dwelling Units*, Section 843, *Accessory Historic Dwellings*, or Section 1204, *Temporary Permits*, each lot of record may be developed with only one of the following: detached single-family dwelling, duplex (only if approved as a conditional use in the RA-1 District), or manufactured dwelling.
- This use is permitted only on lots larger than five acres.

- In the RA-2, RRFF-5, FF-10, and FU-10 Districts, livestock is permitted as described under the use category of farm uses. In the RA-1 and RR Districts, livestock is permitted as described under the use category of livestock.
- For land inside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary, refer to Subsection 1002.02 regarding a development restriction that may apply if excessive tree removal occurs.
- Uses similar to this may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.
- ¹⁴ A use may be permitted as a home occupation, subject to Section 822, even if such use is also identified in another use listing in Table 316-1.
- ¹⁵ The portion of the premises used shall be located a minimum of 200 feet from all property lines.
- A produce stand shall be subject to the parking requirements of Section 1015, *Parking and Loading*.
- ¹⁷ In addition to selling produce grown on-site, a produce stand may sell agricultural products that are produced in the surrounding community in which the stand is located.
- ¹⁸ Public utility facilities shall not include shops, garages, or general administrative offices.
- 1849 The base of such towers shall not be closer to the property line than a distance equal to the height of the tower.
- 1920 This use may include concessions, restrooms, maintenance facilities, and similar support uses.
- ²⁰²¹ Equine facilities are a primary use, subject to the following standards and criteria:
 - a. The number of horses shall be limited to no more than one horse per acre or five horses in total, whichever is less. Horses owned by the operator of the equine facility, or owned by a 501(c)(3) organization and being temporarily fostered by the operator of the equine facility, do not count toward the maximum number of horses. The one-horse-per-acre standard shall be calculated based on the area of the lot of record or tract on which the equine facility is located.
 - b. Services offered at the equine facility, such as riding lessons, training clinics, and schooling shows, shall be provided only to the family members and nonpaying guests of the operator of the equine facility, the owners of boarded horses, or the family members and nonpaying guests of the owners of boarded horses.
- ²¹²² Any principal building or swimming pool shall be located a minimum of 45 feet from any other lot in a residential zoning district.
- ²²²³ Recyclable drop-off sites are permitted only if accessory to an institutional use.

- ²³²⁴ The use is subject to the following standards and criteria:
 - a. The use shall be located in a planned unit development (PUD) with a minimum of 100 dwelling units. No building permit for the use shall be issued until a minimum of 100 dwelling units are constructed within the PUD.
 - b. The area occupied by all uses subject to Note 23 and located in a single PUD, including their parking, loading, and maneuvering areas, shall not exceed a ratio of one-half acre per 100 dwelling units in the PUD.
 - c. The use shall be an integral part of the general plan of development for the PUD and provide facilities related to the needs of residents of the PUD.
 - d. The use shall be located, designed, and operated to efficiently serve frequent trade and service needs of residents of the PUD and not persons residing elsewhere.
 - e. The use shall not, by reason of its location, construction, manner or hours of operation, signs, lighting, parking arrangements, or other characteristics, have adverse effects on residential uses within or adjoining the PUD.
 - f. The maximum building floor space per commercial use is 4,000 square feet except that no maximum applies to uses authorized under Oregon Statewide Planning Goals 3 and 4 and uses intended to serve the community and surrounding rural area or the travel needs of people passing through the area.
- 2425 Schools are prohibited within the areas identified as Employment, Industrial, and Regionally Significant Industrial on the Metropolitan Service District's 2040 Growth Concept Map.
- ²⁶²⁵ This use is limited to alteration or expansion of a lawfully established school.
- ²⁷ Components of a sewer system that serve land outside urban growth boundaries or unincorporated community boundaries are prohibited.
- The use is limited to sewer systems that: are designed and constructed so that their capacity does not exceed the minimum necessary to serve the area within the boundaries described under OAR 660-011-0060(4)(b)(B), except for urban reserve areas as provided under OAR 660-021-0040(6); and do not serve any uses other than those existing or allowed in the identified service area on the date the sewer system is approved.
- ²⁶²⁹ This use is not permitted in an urban or rural reserve established pursuant to OAR 660, Division 27.
- ²⁷³⁰ Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- Components of a sewer system that serve land outside urban growth boundaries or unincorporated community boundaries are prohibited.

- The use is limited to sewer systems that: are designed and constructed so that their capacity does not exceed the minimum necessary to serve the area within the boundaries described under OAR 660-011-0060(4)(b)(B), except for urban reserve areas as provided under OAR 660-021-0040(6); and do not serve any uses other than those existing or allowed in the identified service area on the date the sewer system is approved.
- Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way. Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).
- Except for hydroelectric facilities and telephone exchanges, utility facilities shall not include shops, garages, or general administrative offices.

Table 316-2: Dimensional Standards in the Rural Residential and Future Urban Residential Zoning Districts

Standard	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Minimum Lot Size ¹	1 acre ^{2,3}	2 acres ³	2 acres	2 acres, provided that the minimum average lot size of all lots or parcels in a subdivision, partition, or replat is 5 acres ^{3,4,5,6}	10 acres ^{3,4,7}	10 acres ⁴
Minimum Front Setback	30 feet ⁸	30 feet ⁸	15 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries ⁹	30 feet ⁸	30 feet ⁸	30 feet
Minimum Rear Setback	30 feet ^{10,11}	30 feet ^{10,12}	15 feet ¹⁰	30 feet ^{10,12}	30 feet ^{10,12}	30 feet ¹²

Standard	RA-1	RA-2	RR	RRFF-5	FF-10	FU-10
Minimum Side Setback	10 feet ^{10,13}	10 feet ¹⁰	5 feet ¹⁰	10 feet ¹⁰	10 feet ¹⁰	10 feet
Maximum Lot Coverage	None	None	40 percent	None	None	None
Minimum Building Separation above 3,500 Feet in Elevation	None	None	20 feet between buildings with contiguous snow slide areas	None	None	None

- The minimum lot size standards apply as established by Sections 1012 and 1107. Notwithstanding the minimum lot size standard, a lot of record may be developed subject to other applicable standards of this Ordinance, except minimum lot size standards of Section 800 apply.
- In a planned unit development, there is no minimum individual lot size. However, the minimum average lot size is one acre except for lots to be developed with a duplex, in which case the minimum average lot size is two acres. The average lot size is calculated by determining the lot area of the land proposed for subdivision, partition, or replat and dividing by the number of lots or parcels in the proposed planned unit development.
- The minimum lot size inside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary is 20 acres. The 20-acre minimum lot size is applicable to subdivisions, partitions, and Type II replats, but not to Type I replats or property line adjustments. Where this standard applies, it supersedes any other minimum lot size standard in Table 316-2.
- ⁴ For the purpose of complying with the minimum lot size standard, lots with street frontage on County or public road rights-of-way may include the land area between the front lot line and the centerline of the County or public road right-of-way.
- The minimum lot size inside the urban growth boundaries of the cities of Canby, Estacada, Molalla, and Sandy is five acres.
- The average lot size is calculated by determining the lot area of the land proposed for subdivision, partition, or replat and dividing by the number of lots or parcels in the proposed partition, subdivision, or replat.

- In a planned unit development, the minimum individual lot size is two acres, except inside the urban growth boundaries of the cities of Canby, Estacada, Molalla, and Sandy, where the minimum individual lot size is five acres. In all cases, the minimum average lot size is 10 acres. The average lot size is calculated by determining the lot area of the land proposed for subdivision, partition, or replat and dividing by the number of lots or parcels in the proposed planned unit development.
- In a planned unit development, the minimum front setback is 20 feet.
- For a corner lot located above 3,500 feet in elevation, one of the minimum front setbacks is 10 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries.
- In a planned unit development, there are no minimum rear and side setbacks except from rear and side lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat. Where this standard applies, it supersedes any other rear or side setback standard in Table 316-2.
- The minimum rear setback for an accessory building shall be five feet except as established by Note 10.
- The minimum rear setback for an accessory building shall be 10 feet except as established by Note 10.
- The minimum side setback for an accessory building shall be five feet except as established by Note 10.

[Added by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-263, 5/23/17; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-269, 9/6/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21; Amended by Ord. ZDO-282, 7/1/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-273, on remand, 5/30/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-287, 8/3/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]

317 MOUNTAIN RECREATIONAL RESORT (MRR) AND HOODLAND RESIDENTIAL (HR) DISTRICTS

317.01 PURPOSE

Section 317 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Mountain Recreation areas and Low Density Residential areas regulated by the Mount Hood Community Plan.

317.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 317 applies to land in the Mountain Recreational Resort (MRR) and Hoodland Residential (HR) Districts.

317.03 USES PERMITTED

A. Uses permitted in the MRR and HR Districts are listed in Table 317-1, *Permitted Uses in the MRR and HR Districts*. Uses not listed are prohibited, except that in the MRR District, uses similar to one or more of the listed limited uses may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.

B. As used in Table 317-1:

- 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
- 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.
- 3. "L" means the use is a limited use and shall be developed concurrently with or after a primary use is developed on the same site.
- 4. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.
- 5. "CPUD" means the use is allowed as a conditional use in a planned unit development.
- 6. "X" means the use is prohibited.
- 7. "Type II" means the use requires review of a Type II application, pursuant to Section 1307, *Procedures*.
- 8. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 317-1.
- C. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 317.04, *Dimensional Standards*; Section 1000, *Development Standards*; and Section 1100, *Development Review Process*.

317.04 DIMENSIONAL AND BUILDING DESIGN STANDARDS

- A. <u>General</u>: Dimensional and building design standards applicable in the MRR and HR Districts are listed in Table 317-2, *Dimensional and Building Design Standards in the MRR and HR Districts*. As used in Table 317-2, numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow the table.
- B. <u>Modifications</u>: Modifications to the standards in Table 317-2 are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 903, *Setback Exceptions*; 904, *Height Exceptions*; 1012, *Lot Size and Density*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*.

Table 317-1: Permitted Uses in the MRR and HR Districts

Use	MRR	HR
Accessory Buildings and Uses, Customarily Permitted, such as amateur (Ham) radio antennas and towers, arbors, bicycle racks,		
carports, citizen band transmitters and antennas, cogeneration		
facilities, courtyards, decks, decorative ponds, driveways, electric		
vehicle charging stations, family child care homes, fountains, garages,		
garden sheds, gazebos, greenhouses, HVAC units, meeting facilities,		
outdoor kitchens, parking areas, patios, pergolas, pet enclosures,		
plazas, property management and maintenance offices, recreational	A	A
facilities (such as bicycle trails, children's play structures, dance		
studios, exercise studios, playgrounds, putting greens, recreation and		
activity rooms, saunas, spas, sport courts, swimming pools, and		
walking trails), rainwater collection systems, satellite dishes, self-		
service laundry facilities, shops, solar energy systems, storage		
buildings/rooms, television antennas and receivers, transit amenities,		
trellises, and utility service equipment, and utility service lines		
Accessory Kitchens	A^1	A^1
Airports, Personal-Use	С	С
Bed and Breakfast Inns, subject to Section 832	P	С
Bed and Breakfast Residences, subject to Section 832	P	С
Bus Shelters	P	P
Campgrounds	С	С
Child Care Facilities	C	С
Civic and Cultural Facilities , including art galleries, museums, and visitor centers	L^2	X
	CPUD	CPUD
Community Halls Community Facilities		
Composting Facilities Daycare Services, Adult	X C	X C
Dwellings, including:		
Accessory Dwelling Units, subject to Section 839	A	A
Congregate Housing Facilities	P	X
Detached Single-Family Dwellings	P^3	P^3

Use	MRR	HR
Duplexes	P	X
Manufactured Dwelling Parks, subject to Section 825	С	X
Manufactured Homes	P^3	P^3
Multifamily Dwellings	P	X
Quadplexes	P	X
Townhouses	P^3	$P^{3,4}$
Triplexes	P	X
Energy Source Development	С	С
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	A	A
Fraternal Organization Lodges	C^5	C^5
Government Uses, unless such a use is listed elsewhere in this table		
as a primary, accessory, limited, conditional, or prohibited use in the	C^5	C^5
applicable zoning district		
Guest Houses, subject to Section 833	X	A
Guest Ranches and Lodges	X	С
Helistops, Personal-Use	С	С
Home Occupations, including bed and breakfast homestays, subject	۸	Δ.
to Section 822 ⁶	A	A
Hosting of Weddings, Family Reunions, Class Reunions,	С	С
Company Picnics, and Similar Events		C
Hotels ⁷	P^8	X
Hydroelectric Facilities	E	E
Libraries	L^2 ,	CPUD
	CPUD	- C1 C2
Livestock, subject to Section 821	A	A
Marijuana Processing	X	X
Marijuana Production	X	X
Marijuana Retailing	X	X
Marijuana Wholesaling	X	X
Mobile Vending Units, subject to Section 837	$L^{2,9}$	X
Motels ⁷	P^8	X
		С
Multi-Use Developments, subject to Section 844	C	
Nursing Homes	P	C
	+	
Nursing Homes Parking Structures Places of Worship, subject to Section 804	P	С
Nursing Homes Parking Structures Places of Worship, subject to Section 804 Produce Stands, subject to Section 815	P A P A	C X P A
Nursing Homes Parking Structures Places of Worship, subject to Section 804 Produce Stands, subject to Section 815 Public Utility Facilities	P A P	C X P
Nursing Homes Parking Structures Places of Worship, subject to Section 804 Produce Stands, subject to Section 815	P A P A C ⁵	C X P A C ^{5,10}
Nursing Homes Parking Structures Places of Worship, subject to Section 804 Produce Stands, subject to Section 815 Public Utility Facilities Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and Earth Stations	P A P A	C X P A
Nursing Homes Parking Structures Places of Worship, subject to Section 804 Produce Stands, subject to Section 815 Public Utility Facilities Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and Earth Stations Recreational Uses, including boat moorages, community gardens,	P A P A C ⁵	C X P A C ^{5,10}
Nursing Homes Parking Structures Places of Worship, subject to Section 804 Produce Stands, subject to Section 815 Public Utility Facilities Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and Earth Stations Recreational Uses, including boat moorages, community gardens, country clubs, equine facilities, gymnastics facilities, golf courses,	P A P A C ⁵ C ^{5,++10}	C X P A C ^{5,10}
Nursing Homes Parking Structures Places of Worship, subject to Section 804 Produce Stands, subject to Section 815 Public Utility Facilities Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and Earth Stations Recreational Uses, including boat moorages, community gardens,	P A P A C ⁵	C X P A C ^{5,10}

Use	MRR	HR
Recreational Uses, Government-Owned, including amphitheaters; arboreta; arbors, decorative ponds, fountains, gazebos, pergolas, and trellises; ball fields; bicycle and walking trails; bicycle parks and skate parks; equine facilities; boat moorages and ramps; community		
buildings and grounds; community and ornamental gardens; courtyards and plazas; fitness and recreational facilities, such as exercise equipment, gymnasiums, and swimming pools; horse trails; miniature golf, putting greens, and sports courts; pack stations; parks; picnic areas and structures; play equipment and playgrounds; nature preserves and wildlife sanctuaries; ski areas; tables and seating; and similar recreational uses ¹²¹¹	P ¹³ 12	P ^{14<u>13</u>}
Recreational Uses, Government-Owned Golf Courses 1211	P ¹³ 12	P ¹⁴ 13
Recreational Vehicle Camping Facilities, subject to Section 813	C^5	C^5
Recyclable Drop-Off Sites, subject to Section 819	A ¹⁵ 14	A ¹⁵ 14
Retailing—whether by sale, lease, or rent—of any of the following new or used products: apparel, appliances, art, art supplies, beverages, bicycle supplies, bicycles, books, cameras, computers, computer supplies, cookware, cosmetics, dry goods, electrical supplies, electronic equipment, flowers, food, furniture, garden supplies, hardware, interior decorating materials, jewelry, linens, medications, music (whether recorded or printed), musical instruments, nutritional supplements, office supplies, optical goods, paper goods, periodicals, pet supplies, pets, plumbing supplies, photographic supplies, signs, small power equipment, sporting goods, stationery, tableware, tobacco, toiletries, tools, toys, vehicle supplies, and videos.	L ² , CPUD ¹⁶¹⁵	CPUD ¹⁶¹⁵
Roads	P	P
Schools, subject to Section 805	С	С
Services, Commercial—Food and Beverage , including catering and eating and drinking establishments	L ² , CPUD ^{16<u>15</u>}	CPUD ¹⁶ 15
Services, Commercial—Maintenance and Repair , of any of the following: bicycles and sporting goods	L ² , CPUD ¹⁶ 15	CPUD ^{16<u>15</u>}
Services, Commercial—Personal and Convenience, including barbershops, beauty salons, dry cleaners, laundries, photo processing, seamstresses, shoe repair, tailors, and tanning salons. Also permitted are incidental retail sales of products related to the service provided.	L ² , CPUD ^{16<u>15</u>}	CPUD ¹⁶¹⁵
Services, Commercial—Studios of the following types: art, craft, dance, music, and photography	$\begin{array}{c} L^2, \\ \text{CPUD}^{16\underline{15}} \end{array}$	CPUD ¹⁶ 15
Sewer Systems and Extensions of Sewer Systems to Serve Land Outside an Urban Growth Boundary and Unincorporated Community, subject to OAR 660-011-0060(4)	Type II ¹⁷	Type II ¹⁷
Short-Term Rental in a dwelling unit or guest house permitted by this table	P	Р
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A ¹⁸ 16	A ¹⁸ 16
Surface Mining, subject to Section 818	X	X

Use	MRR	HR
Telephone Exchanges	€5	€5
Temporary Storage within an Enclosed Structure of Source-		
Separated Recyclable/Reusable Materials Generated and/or Used		Α.
On-site Prior to On-site Reuse or Removal by the Generator or	A	A
Licensed or Franchised Collector to a User or Broker		
Temporary Buildings for Uses Incidental to Construction Work.		
Such buildings shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of	A	A
the construction work.		
Transit Park-and-Rides	P	P
Transfer Stations, subject to Section 819	C	C
<u>Utility Facilities, including:</u>		
Sewer Systems and Extensions of Sewer Systems to Serve		
Land Outside an Urban Growth Boundary and	Type II ¹⁷	Type II ¹⁷
<u>Unincorporated Community</u> , subject to OAR 660-011-0060(4)		
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ¹⁹ 18	P,C ¹⁹ 18
Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Utility Facilities Not Otherwise Listed in Table 317-1	<u>C</u> ⁵	$C^{5,19}$
<u>Utility Lines</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, subject to Section 835	See Table	See Table
	835-1	835-1

- An accessory kitchen is permitted only in a detached single-family dwelling or a manufactured dwelling. Only one accessory kitchen is permitted in each single-family dwelling or manufactured dwelling.
- The limited use is permitted subject to the following criteria:
 - a. The use shall be incidental to a primary use.
 - b. The use shall be provided for as an integral part of the general plan of the development.
 - c. The use shall not, by reason of its location, construction, manner or timing of operations, signs, lighting, parking arrangements, or other characteristics, have adverse effects on residential uses within or adjoining the MRR District or create traffic congestion or hazards to vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
- Except as allowed by Section 839, *Accessory Dwelling Units*, or Section 1204, *Temporary Permits*, each lot of record may be developed with only one of the following: detached single-family dwelling, manufactured home, or townhouse.
- Townhouses are permitted on a maximum of 100 percent of the lots in a planned unit development and a maximum of 20 percent of the lots in a subdivision that is not a planned unit development.
- Uses similar to this may be authorized pursuant to Section 106.

- A use may be permitted as a home occupation, subject to Section 822, *Home Occupations*, even if such use is also identified in another use listing in Table 317-1.
- ⁷ Also permitted are associated convention facilities.
- A new hotel or motel in Rhododendron shall be limited to a maximum of 35 units. A new hotel or motel in Government Camp shall be limited to a maximum of 100 units.
- Only level three and four mobile vending units are permitted.
- ¹⁰ Public utility facilities shall not include shops, garages, or general administrative offices.
- 1044 The base of such towers shall not be closer to the property line than a distance equal to the height of the tower.
- 11112 This use may include concessions, restrooms, maintenance facilities, and similar support uses.
- 1213 Any principal building or swimming pool shall be located a minimum of 30 feet from any other lot in a residential zoning district.
- Any principal building, swimming pool, or use shall be located a minimum of 45 feet from any other lot in a residential zoning district.
- 1415 Recyclable drop-off sites are permitted only if accessory to an institutional use.
- 1516 The use is subject to the following standards and criteria:
 - a. The use shall be located in a planned unit development (PUD) with a minimum of 100 dwelling units. No building permit for the use shall be issued until a minimum of 100 dwelling units are constructed within the PUD.
 - b. The area occupied by all uses subject to Note 15 and located in a single PUD, including their parking, loading, and maneuvering areas, shall not exceed a ratio of one-half acre per 100 dwelling units in the PUD.
 - c. The use shall be an integral part of the general plan of development for the PUD and provide facilities related to the needs of residents of the PUD.
 - d. The use shall be located, designed, and operated to efficiently serve frequent trade and service needs of residents of the PUD and not persons residing elsewhere.
 - e. The use shall not, by reason of its location, construction, manner or hours of operation, signs, lighting, parking arrangements, or other characteristics, have adverse effects on residential uses within or adjoining the PUD.
- The use is limited to sewer systems that: are designed and constructed so that their capacity does not exceed the minimum necessary to serve the area within the boundaries described under OAR 660-011-0060(4)(b)(B), except for urban reserve areas as provided under OAR

660-021-0040(6); and do not serve any uses other than those existing or allowed in the identified service area on the date the sewer system is approved.

- ¹⁶¹⁸ Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- The use is limited to sewer systems that: are designed and constructed so that their capacity does not exceed the minimum necessary to serve the area within the boundaries described under OAR 660-011-0060(4)(b)(B), except for urban reserve areas as provided under OAR 660-021-0040(6); and do not serve any uses other than those existing or allowed in the identified service area on the date the sewer system is approved.
- 1849 Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way. Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).
- Except for hydroelectric facilities and telephone exchanges, utility facilities shall not include shops, garages, or general administrative offices.

Table 317-2: Dimensional and Building Design Standards in the MRR and HR Districts

Standard	MRR	HR		
District Land Area for Calculating Density Pursuant to Section 1012	See Table 317-3	10,890 square feet		
Minimum Front Setback	15 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries ¹	15 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries ²		
Minimum Rear Setback	10 feet ^{3,4,5,6}	15 feet ^{3,4}		
Minimum Side Setback	10 feet ^{3,4,5,6}	5 feet ^{3,4}		
Maximum Lot Coverage	None	40 percent ⁷		
Maximum Building Height	40 feet ^{8,9}	40 feet ⁸		
Minimum Building Separation above 3,500 Feet in Elevation	20 feet between buildings with contiguous snow slide areas	20 feet between buildings with contiguous snow slide areas		
Maximum Building Floor Space per Commercial Use	4,000 square feet, except 8,000 square feet in Government Camp ¹⁰	4,000 square feet, except 8,000 square feet in Government Camp ¹⁰		
Building Design Standards for Single-Family Dwellings and Manufactured Homes ¹¹	a covered porch at least two feet from a bay or bow window (not flut on the building face of at least wall surface to the other; a down with a minimum projection of intersection of the roof and the offset of at least 16 inches from the top surface of the other orientation of the long axis at cupola; a tile, shake, or complap siding. The required feat	in the exterior wall to the door; ash with the siding); an offset st 16 inches from one exterior ormer; a gable; roof eaves of 12 inches from the ne exterior walls; a roofline om the top surface of one roof or; an attached garage; and front door to a street; a position roof; and horizontal tures must be on the same as the feature is unrelated to a		

- In Government Camp, the minimum front setback is 10 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries.
- For a corner lot in Government Camp, one of the minimum front setbacks is 10 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries.
- ³ If the lot line abuts a national forest, there is no minimum setback. If Note 3 and Note 4 conflict, Note 3 prevails.
- In a planned unit development, there are no minimum rear and side setbacks except from rear and side lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat.
- Except as established by Note 3, 4, or 6, if a rear lot line or a side lot line abuts an HR District or abuts a lot in the MRR District developed with a single-family dwelling or a manufactured home, the applicable minimum setback standard for a building is based on the height of that building, as follows:

Building Height	Minimum Setback
≤ 20 feet	10 feet
$>$ 20 feet and \leq 30 feet	15 feet
$>$ 30 feet and \leq 40 feet	20 feet
$>$ 40 feet and \leq 50 feet	25 feet
> 50 feet	30 feet

- The minimum rear and side setback standards applicable in the HR District apply to detached single-family dwellings and manufactured homes, as well as to structures that are accessory to such detached single-family dwellings and manufactured homes. The minimum side setback standard applicable in the HR District applies to townhouses, as well as to structures that are accessory to such townhouses.
- Maximum lot coverage is 50 percent for a lot of record that is developed with a townhouse.
- ⁸ The maximum building height may be increased to 50 feet to accommodate understructure parking.
- For a hotel in Government Camp, the maximum building height shall be 70 feet and may be increased to 87.5 feet to accommodate understructure parking or to preserve natural features or views.

10	No maximum applies to hotels and motels; uses authorized under Oregon Statewide Planning
	Goals 3 and 4; and uses intended to serve the community and surrounding rural area or the
	travel needs of people passing through the area.

11	These building design standards do not apply to temporary dwellings approved pursuant to
	Section 1204, Temporary Permits.

Table 317-3: District Land Area Standards in the MRR District

Location/Dwelling Unit Size	District Land Area
Government Camp	
Dwelling unit of any size	1,980
Rhododendron	
Dwelling unit of 1200 square feet or greater	10,890
Dwelling unit of 1000 to 1199 square feet	8,712
Dwelling unit of 800 to 999 square feet	7,260
Dwelling unit of 600 to 799 square feet	5,445
Dwelling unit of 400 to 599 square feet	3,630
Dwelling unit of less than 400 square feet	1,980
Wemme/Welches	
Dwelling unit of 1200 square feet or greater	7,260
Dwelling unit of 1000 to 1199 square feet	6,223
Dwelling unit of 800 to 999 square feet	5,445
Dwelling unit of 600 to 799 square feet	4,356
Dwelling unit of 400 to 599 square feet	3,111
Dwelling unit of less than 400 square feet	1,361

[Added by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-269, 9/6/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21; Amended by Ord. ZDO-282, 7/1/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-273, on remand, 5/30/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-287, 8/3/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]

NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL (NC), COMMUNITY COMMERCIAL (C-2), REGIONAL CENTER COMMERCIAL (RCC), RETAIL COMMERCIAL (RTL), CORRIDOR COMMERCIAL (CC), GENERAL COMMERCIAL (C-3), PLANNED MIXED USE (PMU), STATION COMMUNITY MIXED USE (SCMU), OFFICE APARTMENT (OA), OFFICE COMMERCIAL (OC), AND REGIONAL CENTER OFFICE (RCO) DISTRICTS

510.01 PURPOSE

Section 510 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for the Neighborhood Commercial zoning district and Community Commercial, Regional Center Commercial, Retail Commercial, Corridor Commercial, General Commercial, Planned Mixed Use, Station Community Mixed Use, Office Apartment, Office Commercial, and Regional Center Office areas.

510.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 510 applies to land in the Neighborhood Commercial (NC) Community Commercial (C-2), Regional Center Commercial (RCC), Retail Commercial (RTL), Corridor Commercial (CC), General Commercial (C-3), Planned Mixed Use (PMU), Station Community Mixed Use (SCMU), Office Apartment (OA), Office Commercial (OA), and Regional Center Office (RCO) Districts, hereinafter collectively referred to as the urban commercial and mixed-use zoning districts.

510.03 USES PERMITTED

Uses permitted in each zoning district are listed in Table 510-1, *Permitted Uses in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts*. In addition, uses similar to one or more of the listed uses for the applicable zoning district may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.

A. As used in Table 510-1:

- 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
- 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.
- 3. "L" means the use is a limited use and shall be developed concurrently with, or after, a primary use.
- 4. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.
- 5. "S" means the use may be authorized only pursuant to Section 106; however, identifying a use as "S" does not indicate that any determination has been made regarding whether the use will be authorized pursuant to Section 106.

- 6. "X" means the use is prohibited.
- 7. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 510-1.
- B. If a use is identified in Table 510-1 as prohibited, it is prohibited even if it also falls within a broader use description that is permitted in the applicable zoning district. For example, a car wash may be prohibited even if commercial services in general are permitted.
- C. If a use is included in more than one use description in Table 510-1, the more specific listing applies. For example, if a car wash is a conditional use, but commercial services in general are a primary use, the car wash shall be reviewed as a conditional use. Notwithstanding this provision, a use may be included in two of the following categories because it is allowed with fewer restrictions in one category than another: primary, accessory, limited, and conditional. In that case, the use may be approved in either category, to the extent that it complies with the respective approval criteria. For example, child care facilities may be permitted as a limited use with a maximum building floor area and as a conditional use without a maximum building floor area.
- D. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 510.04, *Dimensional Standards*, Subsection 510.05, *Development Standards*, Section 1000, *Development Standards*, and Section 1100, *Development Review Process*.

510.04 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

Dimensional standards applicable in the urban commercial and mixed-use zoning districts are listed in Table 510-2, *Dimensional Standards in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts*. Modifications to the standards of Table 510-2 are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 903, *Setback Exceptions*; 904, *Height Exceptions*; 1012, *Lot Size and Density*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*. As used in Table 510-2, numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 510-2.

510.05 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The following development standards apply:

- A. <u>Outdoor Operations in the NC District</u>: In the NC District, primary and accessory uses, including storage of materials, products, or waste, shall be wholly contained within an approved structure.
- B. Operational Impacts in the C-2 and C-3 Districts: In the C-2 and C-3 Districts, processes and equipment employed and goods processed or sold shall be limited to those that are not objectionable by reason of odor, dust, smoke, cinders, gas, fumes, noise, vibration, refuse matter, or water-carried wastes.

- C. <u>Storage in the C-2 District</u>: In the C-2 District, storage of materials and merchandise shall be confined and contained within completely enclosed buildings.
- D. <u>Outdoor Operations in the RCC District</u>: In the RCC District:
 - 1. Primary commercial uses are permitted provided that outdoor display and storage shall be limited to no more than five percent of the building coverage.
 - 2. Outdoor sales and services are prohibited.
- E. <u>Outdoor Operations in the RTL District</u>: In the RTL District, primary commercial uses and conditional uses are permitted provided that:
 - 1. Outdoor display and storage shall be limited to no more than five percent of the building coverage.
 - 2. Notwithstanding Subsection 510.05(E)(1), auto body, recreational vehicle, and boat repair businesses shall store within a completely enclosed structure those vehicles and equipment that are damaged or being repaired.
 - 3. Primary commercial uses shall conduct most activities within a completely enclosed structure.
- F. <u>Outdoor Sales and Storage in the PMU District</u>: In the PMU District, outdoor sales, except temporary sidewalk sales and sidewalk cafes and food vendors, are prohibited. Also prohibited is permanent outdoor storage of materials or products.
- G. <u>Site-Specific Standards in the PMU District</u>: Six sites have a Comprehensive Plan designation of PMU. These sites are designated PMU1 through PMU6 and are identified on Comprehensive Plan Map IV-6, *North Urban Area Land Use Plan Map*. When one of these sites is zoned Planned Mixed Use District, a site number corresponding to the number designated by the Comprehensive Plan is assigned. A PMU site shall comply with the specific standards for that site identified in Table 510-3, *Site-Specific Requirements for the PMU District*, except that there are no site-specific standards for PMU6. As used in Table 510-3, numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 510-3.
- H. Outdoor Operations in the SCMU District: In the SCMU District, outdoor displays, processes, or storage, except for the storage of solid waste and recyclables either as required by Section 1021, *Solid Waste and Recyclable Material Collection*, or as an accessory use to a townhouse, are prohibited.

- I. Outdoor Operations in the OA District: In the OA District, all primary and accessory uses associated with office uses, including storage of materials, products, or waste, shall be wholly contained within an approved structure. For the purposes of this provision, "office uses" include the following uses from Table 510-1, Permitted Uses in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts: Business Services, Financial Institutions, Information Services, Offices, Office and Outpatient Clinics, and Research Facilities and Laboratories.
- J. <u>Outdoor Storage and Display in the OC District</u>: In the OC District, outdoor storage or display of materials or products is prohibited.
- K. <u>Outdoor Sales, Storage, and Display in the RCO District</u>: In the RCO District, outdoor sales, storage, or display of materials or products is prohibited.

Table 510-1: Permitted Uses in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Accessory Uses, Customarily Permitted, such as amateur (Ham) radio antennas and towers, arbors, bicycle racks, carports, citizen band transmitters and antennas, cogeneration facilities, courtyards, decks, decorative ponds, driveways, electric vehicle charging stations, family child care home, fountains, garages, garden sheds, gazebos, greenhouses, HVAC units, meeting facilities, outdoor kitchens, parking areas, patios, pergolas, pet enclosures, plazas, property maintenance and property management offices, recreational facilities (such as bicycle trails, children's play structures, dance studios, exercise studios, playgrounds, putting greens, recreation and activity rooms, saunas, spas, sport courts, swimming pools, and walking trails), rainwater collection systems, satellite dishes, self-service laundry facilities, shops, solar energy systems, storage buildings/rooms, television antennas and receivers, transit amenities, trellises, and utility service lines	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Assembly Facilities, including auditoriums, community centers, convention facilities, exhibition halls, fraternal organization lodges, senior centers, and theaters for the performing arts	С	Р	P,C ⁴	P	P	P	Р	Р	S	P,C ⁴	P,C ⁴
Bed and Breakfast Residences and Inns, subject to Section 832	P	P	X	P	P	P	X	X	X	P	X
Bus Shelters	A	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P
Child Care Facilities	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	L ⁵ ,C	L ⁶ ,C

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Civic and Cultural Facilities, including art galleries, museums, and visitor centers	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Р	P	P
Composting Facilities	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Daycare Services, Adult	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	L ⁵ ,C	L ⁶ ,C
Dog Services , including boarding, daycare, and grooming	S	Р	P	P	P	P	P	\mathbf{P}^7	S	C_8	L^6
Drive-Thru Window Services , subject to Section 827	С	A	A ⁹	A	A	A	\mathbf{A}^{10}	X	X	A^{10}	A ¹⁰
Dwellings, including:	1		I	I			l			I	<u></u>
Congregate Housing Facilities	X	X	P ^{11,12}	P ¹³	P ¹³	P ¹³	P	P	L	P ¹³	P ^{11,12}
Detached Single-Family Dwellings	A	A	X	A	X	A	X	X	X	X	X
Duplexes	X	A	X	P	P	P	P	P	L^{14}	P	X
Multifamily Dwellings	X	X	P ¹¹	P ¹³	P ¹³	P ¹³	P	P	L^{14}	P ¹³	P ¹¹
Quadplexes	X	X	P ¹¹	P ¹³	P ¹³	P ¹³	P	P	L^{14}	P ¹³	P ¹¹
Townhouses	X	A	X	A	X	A	P	P	L^{15}	X	X
Triplexes	X	X	X	P	P	P	P	P	L^{14}	P	X
Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	A,C	P	A	A,C	P	P	A	A	A	A	A
Employee Amenities , such as cafeterias, clinics, child care facilities, fitness facilities, lounges, and recreational facilities	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A^{16}	A^{16}	A^{16}
Entertainment Facilities , including arcades, billiard halls, bowling alleys, miniature golf courses, and movie theaters	C ¹⁷	P ¹⁷	P ¹⁷	P	P	P	P ¹⁷	P ^{7,17}	S	C ^{8,17}	L ^{6,17}
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Financial Institutions, including banks, brokerages, credit unions, loan companies, and savings and loan associations	P	P	P	P	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Fitness Facilities, including athletic clubs, exercise studios, gymnasiums, and health clubs	P ¹⁷	P ¹⁷	P ¹⁷	Р	P	Р	P ¹⁷	P ^{7,17}	L ^{17,18}	C ¹⁷	L ^{17,19}
Government Uses , including fire stations, police stations, and post offices	С	P	P	Р	P	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Р
Heliports	X	X	C^{20}	С	С	С	X	X	X	C^{20}	C^{20}
Helistops	X	X	C ²⁰	С	С	С	С	С	X	C^{20}	C ²⁰
Home Occupations, including bed and breakfast homestays, subject to Section 822	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Hospitals	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	С	С
Hotels	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	\mathbf{P}^7	S	L ^{5,21} ,C ²¹	P ²¹
Hydroelectric Facilities	X	C	X	C	X	C	X	X	X	X	X
Libraries	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Manufacturing, including the mechanical, physical, or chemical transformation of materials, substances, or components into new products and the assembly of component parts, but excluding the primary processing of raw materials	S ²²	S^{23}	S	S	Р	Р	S	P ^{24,25}	S	P ²⁶	S

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Manufacturing of Edible or Drinkable Products Retailed on the Same Site, including the primary processing of raw materials (e.g., malt, milk, spices) that are ingredients in edible or drinkable products retailed on the same site, and also including the wholesale distribution of edible or drinkable products that are manufactured and retailed on the same site.	S	Р	S	S	Р	Р	S	P ^{24,25}	S	P ²⁶	S
Marijuana Processing	X	X	X	X	P ²⁷	P ²⁷	X	P ^{24,27}	X	P ^{26,27}	X
Marijuana Production	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Marijuana Retailing, subject to Section 841	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	\mathbf{P}^7	X	\mathbf{P}^8	L^6
Marijuana Wholesaling	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Mobile Vending Units, subject to Section 837	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A^{28}	A^{28}	A^{28}
Motels	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	\mathbf{P}^7	S	L ^{5,29} ,C ²⁹	L^6
Multi-Use Developments, subject to Section 844	X	X	X	X	X	С	X	X	X	С	X
Nursing Homes	X	X	X	X	X	X	P	P	L	X	X
Offices, including administrative, business, corporate, governmental, and professional offices. Examples include offices for the following: accounting services, architectural services, business management services, call centers, employment agencies, engineering services, governmental services, income tax services, insurance services, legal services, manufacturer's representatives, office management services, property management services, real estate agencies, and travel agencies.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Offices and Outpatient Clinics—both of which may include associated pharmacies and laboratories—for healthcare services, such as acupuncture, chiropractic, counseling, dental, massage therapy, medical, naturopathic, optometric, physical therapy, psychiatric, occupational therapy, and speech therapy.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	Р
Parking Lots	A	A	A	A	P	P	A	A	A	P^{30}	A
Parking Structures	X	A^{31}	P ³⁰	P^{30}	P	P	A	A	A^{31}	P^{30}	P^{30}
Parks, Government-Owned, including amphitheaters; arboreta; arbors, decorative ponds, fountains, gazebos, pergolas, and trellises; ball fields; bicycle and walking trails; bicycle parks and skate parks; boat moorages and ramps; community buildings and grounds; community and ornamental gardens; courtyards and plazas; equine facilities; fitness and recreational facilities, such as exercise equipment, gymnasiums, and swimming pools; miniature golf, putting greens, and sports courts; nature preserves and wildlife sanctuaries; picnic areas and structures; play equipment and playgrounds; tables and seating; and similar recreational uses. Accessory uses to a park may include concessions, maintenance facilities, restrooms, and similar support uses.	P	P	P	Р	P	Р	P	P	P	P	P
Pedestrian Amenities	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Places of Worship, subject to Section 804	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Public Utility Facilities	\$	E	\mathbb{C}^{32}	\mathbb{C}^{32}	C	C	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Race Tracks, Outdoor	X	X	X	X	X	C	X	X	X	X	X

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Radio and Television Studios, excluding transmission towers	С	Р	P	Р	P	P	P	Р	S	Р	Р
Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and Earth Stations 3332	S	С	S	S	C	С	S	S	S	S	S
Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Earth Stations	S	С	С	С	С	С	A	S	S	S	S
Recreational Sports Facilities for such sports as basketball, dance, gymnastics, martial arts, racquetball, skating, soccer, swimming, and tennis. These facilities may be used for any of the following: general recreation, instruction, practice, and competitions.	P ¹⁷	P ¹⁷	P ¹⁷	Р	Р	Р	P ¹⁷	P ^{7,17}	S	C ¹⁷	L ^{17,19}
Recyclable Drop-Off Sites , subject to Section 819	A	A	A ³⁴ 33	A ^{34<u>33</u>}	A	A	A ^{34<u>33</u>}	A ^{34<u>33</u>}	A ³⁴³³	A ^{34<u>33</u>}	A ³⁴³³
Research Facilities and Laboratories, including medical laboratories, medical research, product design and testing, and product research and development	S	S	S	S	Р	Р	P ²⁶	Р	P ³⁵ 34	P ³⁵ 34	P ²⁶
Retailing —whether by sale, lease, or rent—of new or used products	S	S	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P^7	S	C ₈	L^6

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Retailing—whether by sale, lease, or rent—of any of the following new or used products: apparel, appliances, art, art supplies, beverages, bicycle supplies, bicycles, books, cameras, computers, computer supplies, cookware, cosmetics, dry goods, electrical supplies, electronic equipment, firewood, flowers, food, furniture, garden supplies, gun supplies, guns, hardware, hides, interior decorating materials, jewelry, leather, linens, medications, music (whether recorded or printed), musical instruments, nutritional supplements, office supplies, optical goods, paper goods, periodicals, pet supplies, pets, plumbing supplies, photographic supplies, signs, small power equipment, sporting goods, stationery, tableware, tobacco, toiletries, tools, toys, vehicle supplies, and videos	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	\mathbf{P}^7	L ^{18,3635} ,	L ^{5,3635} ,C ⁸	$ m L^6$
Retailing—whether by sale, lease, or rent—of any of the following new or used products: all-terrain vehicles, automobiles, light trucks, motorcycles, and snowmobiles	S	S	P	Р	Р	Р	X	X	X	C ₈	L^6
Retailing—whether by sale, lease, or rent—of any of the following new or used products: boats; heavy trucks such as dump trucks, moving trucks, and truck tractors; large cargo trailers such as semitrailers; large construction equipment such as backhoes and bulldozers; large farm equipment such as tractors and combines; large forestry equipment; large mineral extraction equipment; manufactured dwellings; recreational vehicles; and residential trailers	X	X	X	P	Р	P	X	X	X	X	X

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Roads	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Schools	P ³⁷ 36	P ³⁷ 36	P	P	P	P	P	P	$L^{\frac{3837}{2}}$	P	P
Service Stations	С	P	X	С	P	P	X	X	X	X	X
Services, Business, including computer rental workstations; leasing, maintenance, repair, and sale of communications and office equipment; mailing; notary public; photocopying; and printing	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	Р	Р	Р
Services, Commercial	S	S	P	P	P	P	P	\mathbf{P}^7	S	\mathbb{C}_8	L^6
Services, Commercial—Car Washes	S	S	X	С	P	P	P	X	X	X	X
Services, Commercial—Construction and Maintenance, including contractors engaged in construction and maintenance of electrical and plumbing systems	С	P	P	Р	Р	Р	P	S	S	C ₈	L^6
Services, Commercial—Food and Beverage, including catering and eating and drinking establishments	P	P	P	P	P	P	Р	P ⁷	L^{18}	L ⁵ ,C ³⁹³⁸	L ^{6,40} 3
Services, Commercial—Maintenance and Repair of any of the following: appliances, bicycles, electronic equipment, guns, housewares, musical instruments, optical goods, signs, small power equipment, sporting goods, and tools	P	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	P	P ⁷	S	C ⁸	L^6
Services, Commercial—Maintenance and Repair of any of the following: all-terrain vehicles, automobiles, light trucks, motorcycles, and snowmobiles	С	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	X	X	X	C ₈	Γ_{e}

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Services, Commercial—Maintenance and Repair of any of the following: boats; heavy trucks such as dump trucks, moving trucks, and truck tractors; large cargo trailers such as semitrailers; large construction equipment such as backhoes and bulldozers; large farm equipment such as tractors and combines; large forestry equipment; large mineral extraction equipment; manufactured dwellings; recreational vehicles; and residential trailers	X	X	X	P	P	Р	X	X	X	X	X
Services, Commercial—Miscellaneous, including food lockers, interior decorating, locksmith, upholstering, and veterinary	P	P	P	Р	Р	P	Р	\mathbf{P}^7	S	C ₈	L^6
Services, Commercial—Personal and Convenience, including barbershops, beauty salons, dry cleaners, laundries, photo processing, seamstresses, shoe repair, tailors, and tanning salons. Also permitted are incidental retail sales of products related to the service provided.	Р	P	P	P	Р	Р	P	\mathbf{P}^7	L^{18}	L ⁵	L^6
Services, Commercial—Mini-Storage/Self- Storage Facilities	S	S	X	С	P	P	X	X	S	X	X
Services, Commercial—Storage of any of the following: all-terrain vehicles, automobiles, light trucks, motorcycles, and snowmobiles	S	S	X	С	P	P	X	X	X	X	X

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Services, Commercial—Storage of any of the following: boats; heavy trucks such as dump trucks, moving trucks, and truck tractors; large cargo trailers such as semitrailers; large construction equipment such as backhoes and bulldozers; large farm equipment such as tractors and combines; large forestry equipment; large mineral extraction equipment; manufactured dwellings; recreational vehicles; and residential trailers	X	X	X	С	P	Р	X	X	X	X	Х
Services, Commercial—Studios of the following types: art, craft, dance, music, and photography	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P ⁷	S	P	Р
Services, Commercial—Truck Stops	X	X	X	X	P	P	X	X	X	X	X
Services, Information , including blueprinting, bookbinding, photo processing, photo reproduction, printing, and publishing	S	S	S	S	P	P	P	P ²⁴	Р	P	P
Short-Term Rental in a dwelling unit permitted by this table, except for a dwelling unit that is an accessory use	X	X	P	P	P	P	P	Р	P	P	Р
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A ⁴¹ 40	A^{4140}	A ⁴¹ 40	$A^{41}40$	$A^{41}40}$	A ⁴¹ 40					
Stadiums, Outdoor	X	X	X	X	X	С	X	X	X	X	X
Telephone Exchanges	S	E	C	C	C	E	\$	\$	\$	S	S
Temporary Buildings for Uses Incidental to Construction Work, provided that such buildings shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of the construction work	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A

Use	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU ¹	SCMU	$OA^{2,3}$	OC	RCO
Temporary Storage within an Enclosed Structure of Source-Separated Recyclable/Reusable Materials Generated and/or Used On-site Prior to On-site Reuse or Removal by the Generator or Licensed or Franchised Collector to a User or Broker	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Transit Facilities , including transit centers, transit park-and-rides, transit stations, and transit stops	S	S	P	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	S	Р	P
Utility Facilities, including:											
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ⁴² 41	P,C ⁴² 41	P,C ⁴² 41	P,C ⁴²	P,C ⁴² 41	P,C ⁴²⁴¹	P,C ⁴²				
<u>Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way Utility Facilities Not Otherwise Listed in Table 510-1	<u>P</u> <u>S</u>	<u>P</u> <u>C</u>	<u>P</u> <u>C</u>	<u>P</u> <u>C</u>	<u>P</u> <u>C</u>	<u>P</u> <u>C</u>	<u>P</u> <u>S</u>	<u>P</u> <u>S</u>	<u>P</u> <u>S</u>	<u>P</u> <u>S</u>	<u>P</u> <u>S</u>
Utility Facilities Not Otherwise Listed in											

Required primary uses for each Planned Mixed Use site are listed in Table 510-3, Site-Specific Requirements for the PMU District.

A minimum of 60 percent of the total building floor area on a site shall be primary use(s).

A maximum of 40 percent of the total building floor area on a site may be limited use(s).

⁴ An assembly facility with a maximum capacity of more than 500 people is a conditional use.

The maximum combined building floor area of the use, and any other limited uses, shall be 20 percent of the building floor area of primary uses in the same development.

⁶ The use is permitted only:

- a. In a multistory building with a primary use, up to a maximum building floor area equal to the building floor area of the first floor; or
- b. On the ground-level floor of a freestanding parking structure.
- A maximum of 40,000 square feet of ground-floor building floor area may be occupied by any one business, regardless of the number of buildings occupied by that business. In addition, the total ground-floor building floor area occupied by any combination of uses subject to Note 7 shall not exceed 40,000 square feet in a single building.
- ⁸ The maximum combined building floor area of the use, any limited uses, and any other uses subject to Note 8, shall be 20 percent of the building floor area of primary uses in the same development.
- ⁹ Drive-thru window service is prohibited on streets designated as Main Streets on Comprehensive Plan Map X-CRC-3, *Clackamas Regional Center Area Design Plan, Urban Design Elements*.
- Drive-thru window service is permitted only if it is accessory to a financial institution and only if the financial institution is not on a street designated as a Main Street on Comprehensive Plan Map X-CRC-3.
- Freestanding congregate housing facilities, freestanding multifamily dwellings, and freestanding quadplexes (as opposed to congregate housing facilities, multifamily dwellings, and quadplexes in a mixed-use building) are subject to the development and dimensional standards applicable to congregate housing facilities, multifamily dwellings, and quadplexes in the RCHDR District.
- ¹² A congregate housing facility shall have a minimum of four dwelling units.
- Freestanding congregate housing facilities, freestanding multifamily dwellings, and freestanding quadplexes (as opposed to congregate housing facilities, multifamily dwellings, and quadplexes in a mixed-use building) are subject to the development and dimensional standards applicable to congregate housing facilities, multifamily dwellings, and quadplexes in the HDR District, except that the minimum and maximum residential density standards of Table 510-2, *Dimensional Standards in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts*, apply.
- Duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, and multifamily dwellings, subject to the density standards of the MR-2 District, may be developed in the same building as a primary use.
- Townhouses, subject to the density standards of the VTH District, may be developed in the same building as a primary use.
- Employee amenities shall be located in the same structure as the use to which they are accessory.
- ¹⁷ Only indoor facilities are permitted.
- An individual use shall not exceed 2,500 square feet of building floor area. In addition, the maximum combined building floor area of an individual use, and any other uses subject to Note 18, shall be 10 percent of the total building floor area in the same development.
- ¹⁹ The use may be allowed in conjunction with a primary use on the site, subject to the following criteria:

- a. If the primary use on the site is an office use, the minimum floor area ratio (FAR) standard of Table 510-2 may be modified as follows for a lot of greater than two and one-half acres in size:
 - i. The minimum FAR for the office use shall be 0.75; and
 - ii. The minimum FAR for the fitness facility or recreational sports facility and the office use combined shall be 1.0.
- b. If the primary use on the site is a multifamily dwelling, the site area developed with the fitness facility or recreational sports facility and any parking or accessory structures used exclusively for the fitness facility or recreational sports facility shall be included in the net acreage when calculating minimum density pursuant to Table 510-2.
- c. The fitness facility or recreational sports facility shall be developed concurrently with, or after, a primary use.
- This use is permitted only in conjunction with a primary or another conditional use.
- Also permitted are associated gift shops, newsstands, and eating and drinking establishments, all of which shall be located in the same building as the hotel.
- ²² In the NC District, sign production is a conditional use.
- ²³ In the C-2 District, sign production is a permitted use.
- These uses are permitted with a maximum of 10,000 square feet of building floor area per building, if part of a mixed-use development and if the combined building floor area of the use, and any other uses subject to Note 24, does not exceed 25 percent of the building floor area of the mixed-use development.
- Manufacturing of the following is prohibited: explosive devices; incendiary devices; and renewable fuel resources, such as alcohol, biomass, and methanol.
- This use is permitted only if it has physical and operational requirements that are similar to those of other primary uses allowed in the same zoning district.
- Marijuana processing shall be located entirely within one or more completely enclosed buildings. The processing, compounding, or conversion of marijuana into cannabinoid concentrates or cannabinoid extracts is prohibited.
- ²⁸ Only level one mobile vending units are permitted.
- Also permitted are associated gift shops, newsstands, and eating and drinking establishments, all of which shall be located in the same building as the motel.
- The parking is permitted to serve only developments located in the same zoning district as the subject property.
- This use is limited to understructure parking.
- ³² Only substations are permitted.

- 3233 The base of such towers shall not be closer to the property line than a distance equal to the height of the tower.
- 3334 Recyclable drop-off sites are permitted only if accessory to an institutional use.
- 3435 No operation shall be conducted or equipment used which would create hazards and/or noxious or offensive conditions.
- Only retailing of videos is permitted as a limited use. All other retailing in this use category requires review pursuant to Section 106 in the OA District and is a conditional use, subject to Note 17, in the OC District.
- 3637 Only commercial schools are permitted.
- 3838 Schools shall be limited to no more than 30 percent of the total building floor area on a site.
- An eating and drinking establishment may be permitted as a conditional use, provided that it complies with a minimum of five of the following criteria:
 - a. Has a minimum seating capacity of 75;
 - b. Specializes in gourmet, ethnic, or specialty cuisine;
 - c. Includes banquet facilities and services;
 - d. Provides live entertainment at least two nights a week;
 - e. Utilizes custom architectural design and/or collections of artistic, cultural, or historic items to produce a distinctive thematic decor or atmosphere;
 - f. Has an Oregon Liquor Control Commission license to serve beer and wine; or
 - g. Employs only chefs who have graduated from a recognized culinary institute, or who have outstanding qualifications or reputations for their culinary skills.
- Notwithstanding Note 6, a freestanding eating and drinking establishment shall be allowed in conjunction with a primary use in the same development, subject to the following criteria:
 - a. The building floor area of the freestanding eating and drinking establishment shall not exceed 5,000 square feet.
 - b. If the primary use in the same development is an office use, as defined in Note 23 to Table 510-2, *Dimensional Standards in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts*, the floor area ratio of the development, including the eating and drinking establishment, shall comply with the minimum floor area ratio standard for primary office uses in Table 510-2.
 - c. If the primary use in the same development is a multifamily dwelling or a congregate housing facility, the acreage developed with the eating and drinking establishment, and any parking or accessory structures that are used exclusively for the eating and drinking establishment, may be subtracted from the total acreage when calculating minimum density pursuant to Table 510-2.
 - d. The eating and drinking establishment shall be developed concurrently with, or after, a primary use.

- 4041 Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- 4142 Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way.

 Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).

Table 510-2: Dimensional Standards in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts

Standard	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU	SCMU	OA	ос	RCO
Minimum Lot Size	7,260 square feet ^{1,2}	None	1 acre ^{2,3}	1/2 acre ^{2,3}	None	None	PMU1: None	1/2 acre ^{2,4}	None	1 acre ^{2,3}	2½ acres ^{2,3}
							PMU2: 2 acres				
							PMU3: 3 acres				
							PMU4: ½ acre				
							PMU5: 10 acres				
							PMU6: 5 acres				
Minimum Street Frontage	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	100 feet ⁵	None	None	None
Maximum Front Setback	20 feet ⁶	20 feet ⁶	20 feet ⁷	20 feet ⁶	20 feet ⁶	20 feet ⁶	20 feet ^{7,8}	See Subsection 1005.09	20 feet ⁶	20 feet ⁶	20 feet ⁷
Minimum Front Setback	0	15 feet	5 feet ⁹	15 feet	15 feet	15 feet	0	See Subsection 1005.09	10 feet	15 feet	5 feet ⁹

Standard	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU	SCMU	OA	ОС	RCO
Minimum Rear Setback	0	010	011	012	012	012	08,10	See Subsection 1005.09	10 feet ¹³	10 feet ¹¹	014
Minimum Side Setback	0	015	015	016	016	016	08,15	See Subsection 1005.09	6 feet ¹⁷	10 feet ¹⁸	015
Maximum Building Height	35 feet	None ¹⁹	None	None	None	None	None	None	45 feet	None ²⁰	None
Minimum Floor Area Ratio	None	None	0.3 for a retail development; 0.5 for an office development ²¹	None	None	None	See Table 510-3.	None	None	None	0.5 for primary office uses on lots of 2½ acres or less; 1.0 for primary office uses on lots greater than 2½ acres ^{21, 22, 23}
Maximum Building Floor Area per Use	5,000 square feet	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None

Standard	NC	C-2	RCC	RTL	CC	C-3	PMU	SCMU	OA	ос	RCO
Minimum Residential Density	None	None	30 dwelling units per net acre for freestanding multifamily dwellings and freestanding congregate housing facilities; none if these uses are in a building with another primary use ²⁴	20 dwelling units per net acre for residential development; none for mixed-use development ²⁴	20 dwelling units per net acre for residential development; none for mixed-use development ²⁴	20 dwelling units per net acre for residential development; none for mixed-use development ²⁴	See Table 510-3	20 dwelling units per net acre for residential development; none for mixed-use development ²⁴	None	20 dwelling units per net acre for residential development; none for mixed-use development ²⁴	30 dwelling units per net acre for freestanding multifamily dwellings and freestanding congregate housing facilities; none if these uses are in a building with another primary use or with a limited use other than a fitness facility or a freestanding restaurant ²⁴
Maximum Residential Density	None, but residential density may be limited because dwellings are allowed only as an accessory use.	None, but residential density may be limited because dwellings are allowed only as an accessory use.	None	60 dwelling units per acre ²⁵	60 dwelling units per acre ²⁵	60 dwelling units per acre ²⁵	None	None	Standards in MR-2 District apply. See Table 315-4.	60 dwelling units per acre ²⁵	None

Notes to Table 510-2:

- The minimum lot size for land with a Comprehensive Plan land use plan designation of Low Density Residential shall be the same as that allowed by the zoning district that applied to the subject property immediately prior to the application of the NC zoning district.
- The minimum lot size standard applies only to subdivisions, partitions, and property line adjustments. Notwithstanding the minimum lot size standard, an undersized lot of record may be developed, subject to other applicable standards of this Ordinance.
- No minimum lot size standard applies to a lot created by partition or subdivision or adjusted through a property line adjustment, provided that the newly created or adjusted lot is developed only with a dwelling classified as a nonconforming use and uses accessory to that dwelling.
- 4 The minimum is 2,000 square feet for a lot developed only with a townhouse and uses accessory to that townhouse.
- The minimum street frontage standard applies only to subdivisions, partitions, and property line adjustments. The minimum for a lot of record on the outer radius of a curved street or the circular end of a cul-de-sac is 35 feet measured on the arc. The minimum for a lot of record developed only with a townhouse, and uses accessory to that townhouse, shall be 20 feet. A lot of record with frontage on more than one street shall meet the minimum on each street.
- The maximum front setback standard applies only if required by Subsection 1005.02(H). However, see Subsection 1005.02(E) for a related standard.
- The maximum front setback standard shall be met for all buildings except freestanding parking structures. However, the maximum front setback may be exceeded to the minimum extent necessary to accommodate pedestrian amenities. If a lot has more than one front lot line, the standard must be met for only one. A private road used to satisfy the maximum front setback standard must comply with Subsection 1005.07(G). The maximum front setback from Main Streets identified on Comprehensive Plan Map X-CRC-3 is 10 feet.
- In lieu of complying with the standard, an applicant for design review on a site of 25 acres or larger may propose alternate setback standards. The alternate standards, or any part thereof, shall be approved if they are found to be equally effective as the regular standards in establishing a visual image, sense of place, and quality pedestrian environment for the area.
- There is no minimum setback from a front lot line that abuts a Main Street identified on Comprehensive Plan Map X-CRC-3.

- ¹⁰ If the rear lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum shall be 15 feet.
- ¹¹ If the rear lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum shall be 35 feet.
- If the rear lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum shall be 15 feet plus one foot for each one-foot increase in building height over 35 feet. Height increments of less than one foot shall be rounded up to the nearest foot. For example, if the building height is 38.8 feet, the minimum setback shall be 19 feet.
- If the rear lot line abuts an Urban Low Density Residential, VR-4/5, or VR-5/7 zoning district, the minimum shall be: 10 feet for the portion of a building that is 25 feet or less in height; 20 feet for the portion of a building that is greater than 25 feet and less than or equal to 35 feet in height; and 40 feet for the portion of a building that is greater than 35 feet and less than or equal to 45 feet in height.
- ¹⁴ If the rear lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum shall be 35 feet plus one foot for each one-foot increase in building height over 35 feet. Height increments of less than one foot shall be rounded up to the nearest foot. For example, if the building height is 38.8 feet, the minimum setback shall be 39 feet.
- 15 If the side lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum shall be 15 feet.
- If the side lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum side yard setback shall be 15 feet plus one foot for each one-foot increase in building height over 35 feet. Height increments of less than one foot shall be rounded up to the nearest foot. For example, if the building height is 38.8 feet, the minimum setback shall be 19 feet.
- If the side lot line abuts an Urban Low Density Residential, VR-4/5, or VR-5/7 zoning district, the minimum shall be: six feet for the portion of a building that is 25 feet or less in height; 16 feet for the portion of a building that is greater than 25 feet and less than or equal to 35 feet in height; and 40 feet for the portion of a building that is greater than 35 feet and less than or equal to 45 feet in height.
- ¹⁸ If the side lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum shall be 35 feet.
- ¹⁹ If the subject property abuts a residential zoning district, the maximum building height shall be 35 feet.
- If the building is located less than 100 feet from an Urban Low Density Residential, VR-4/5, or VR-5/7 District, the maximum building height shall be equal to the building's distance from the Urban Low Density Residential, VR-4/5, or VR-5/7 District.

- Floor area ratio shall be calculated pursuant to Subsection 1005.02(K).
- With a master plan approved pursuant to Subsection 1102.03(B), a lot greater than two and one-half acres may be developed in phases provided that the minimum floor area ratio of each phase prior to the final phase is 0.5 and that the minimum floor area ratio of 1.0 is achieved for the entire lot with development of the final phase.
- For the purposes of this provision, "office uses" include the following uses from Table 510-1, *Permitted Uses in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts*: Business Services, Financial Institutions, Information Services, Offices, Offices and Outpatient Clinics, and Research Facilities and Laboratories.
- Net acreage shall be calculated pursuant to Subsections 1012.08(A) and (B).
- Maximum residential density may be increased pursuant to Table 1012-1, *Bonus Density*. Any partial figure of one-half or greater shall be rounded up to the next whole number.

Table 510-3: Site-Specific Requirements for the PMU District

Land Uses & Areas Required	PMU1
Office uses ¹ , minimum square feet	525,000 square feet
Retail, entertainment, hotel, service commercial, theater, or equivalent, minimum square feet	500,000 square feet
Dwelling units, minimum number	200 dwelling units; demonstrate ability to accommodate 600 dwelling units
Public plaza	one-half- to one-acre plaza
Entertainment/recreational facility	
Transit facilities	
Preserve Phillips Creek and enhance Phillips Creek Greenway	
Land Uses & Areas Required	PMU 2, 3, 4, and 5
Office uses ¹ or residential uses ² , minimum site area	50 percent
Office uses ¹ , minimum floor area ratio (FAR)	0.5 for office uses on lots of two and one-half acres or less; 1.0 for office uses on lots greater than two and one-half acres, calculated pursuant to Subsection 1005.02(K). With a master plan approved pursuant to Subsection 1102.03(B), a lot greater than two and one-half acres may be developed in phases, provided that the minimum floor area ratio of each phase prior to the final phase is 0.5 and that the minimum floor area ratio of 1.0 is achieved for the entire lot with development of the final phase.
Retail uses and service commercial uses, minimum FAR	0.3, calculated pursuant to Subsection 1005.02(K)
Residential density ²	The minimum density for residential development shall be 30 dwelling units per net acre. Net acreage shall be calculated pursuant to Subsections 1012.08(A) and (B).

Notes to Table 510-3:

- For the purposes of this provision, "office uses" include the following uses from Table 510-1, *Permitted Uses in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts*: Assembly Facilities, Business Services, Civic and Cultural Facilities, Financial Institutions, Information Services, Libraries, Offices, Offices and Outpatient Clinics, Radio and Television Studios, Research Facilities and Laboratories, and Schools.
- For the purposes of this provision, "residential uses" include the following uses from Table 510-1: Congregate Housing Facilities, Multifamily Dwellings, and Nursing Homes. However, nursing homes are excluded from the minimum residential density standard.

[Added by Ord. ZDO-250, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-276, 10/1/20; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21; Amended by Ord. ZDO-277, 1/1/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-282, 7/1/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-273, on remand, 5/30/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-287, 8/3/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]

511 VILLAGE COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT (VCS)

511.01 PURPOSE

Section 511 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Village Community Service areas.

511.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 511 applies to land in the Village Community Service (VCS) District.

511.03 USES PERMITTED

Uses permitted in the VCS District are listed in Table 511-1, *Permitted Uses in the VCS District*. In addition, uses similar to one or more of the listed uses may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.

A. As used in Table 511-1:

- 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
- 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.
- 3. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.
- 4. "X" means the use is prohibited.
- 5. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 511-1.
- B. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 511.04, *Dimensional Standards*, Subsection 511.05, *Development Standard*, Section 1000, *Development Standards*, and Section 1100, *Development Review Process*.

511.04 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

The following dimensional standards apply in the VCS District. Modifications to the dimensional standards are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 903, *Setback Exceptions*; 904, *Height Exceptions*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*.

- A. <u>Setback</u>: The setback from lot lines abutting Oregon Trail Drive and Hines Drive shall be zero. The minimum setback from all other lot lines shall be five feet.
- B. Maximum Building Height: Maximum building height shall be 35 feet.

511.05 DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

All primary and accessory uses, including storage of materials, products, or waste, shall be wholly contained within an approved structure.

Table 511-1: Permitted Uses in the VCS District

Use	VCS
Accessory Uses, Customarily Permitted, such as bicycle racks, cogeneration facilities, meeting facilities, property maintenance and property management offices, rainwater collection systems, satellite dishes, solar energy systems, storage of building maintenance and landscape maintenance equipment, and transit amenities, utility service equipment, and utility service lines	A
Assembly Facilities , including auditoriums, community centers, and senior centers	P
Athletic Clubs	С
Bus Shelters	A
Child Care Facilities	P
Civic and Cultural Facilities, including art galleries and museums	P ¹ ,C ²
Community Gardens	P
Composting Facilities	X
Daycare Services, Adult	P
Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	A
Employee Amenities , including cafeterias, clinics, daycare facilities, fitness facilities, lounges, and recreational facilities	A ³
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	P
Government Uses, including fire stations, police stations, and post offices	P
Libraries	P
Marijuana Processing	X
Marijuana Production	X
Marijuana Retailing	X
Marijuana Wholesaling	X
Offices, including developer sales offices and professional offices	С
Offices, including government offices and utility offices	P
Pedestrian Amenities	P

Use	VCS
Places of Worship, subject to Section 804	P
Public Recreation Facilities	P
Recyclable Drop-off Sites, subject to Section 819	A
Roads	P
Schools	P
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A^4
Telecommuting Support Services , including photocopying centers with fax and computer facilities	P
Temporary Buildings for Uses Incidental to Construction Work, provided that such buildings shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of the construction work	A
Temporary Storage within an Enclosed Structure of Source-Separated Recyclable/Reusable Materials Generated and/or Used On-Site Prior to On-Site Reuse or Removal by the Generator or Licensed or Franchised Collector to a User or Broker	A
<u>Utility Facilities, including:</u>	L
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ⁵
Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way	<u>P</u>
<u>Utility Lines</u>	<u>P</u>
Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, subject to Section 835	See Table 835-1

Notes to Table 511-1:

- ¹ Museums are a primary use.
- ² Art galleries are a conditional use.
- Employee amenities shall be located in the same structure as the use to which they are accessory.
- Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way. Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).

[Added by Ord. ZDO-250, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21; Amended by Ord. ZDO-287, 8/3/23]			

512 VILLAGE OFFICE DISTRICT (VO)

512.01 PURPOSE

Section 512 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Village Office areas.

512.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 512 applies to land in the Village Office (VO) District.

512.03 USES PERMITTED

Uses permitted in the VO District are listed in Table 512-1, *Permitted Uses in the VO District*. In addition, uses similar to one or more of the listed uses may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.

A. As used in Table 512-1:

- 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
- 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.
- 3. "L" means the use is a limited use.
- 4. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203. *Conditional Uses*.
- 5. "X" means the use is prohibited.
- 6. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 512-1.
- B. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 512.04, *Dimensional Standards*, Subsection 512.05, *Development Standard*, Section 1000, *Development Standards*, and Section 1100, *Development Review Process*.

512.04 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

The following dimensional standards apply in the VO District. Modifications to the dimensional standards are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 903, *Setback Exceptions*; 904, *Height Exceptions*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*.

A. <u>Maximum Front Setback</u>: The maximum front setback shall be 50 feet from the centerline of 142nd Avenue, 75 feet from the centerline of Sunnyside Road, and 10 feet from lot lines abutting any other road. The maximum front setback may be exceeded to the minimum extent necessary to accommodate proposed pedestrian amenities.

- B. <u>Minimum Front Setback</u>: The minimum front setback shall be 40 feet from the centerline of 142nd Avenue, 65 feet from the centerline of Sunnyside Road, and five feet from lot lines abutting any other road. Awnings or other overhangs may extend a maximum of four feet into the minimum front yard depth.
- C. <u>Rear Setback</u>: The maximum and minimum front setback standards for lot lines abutting 142nd Avenue and Sunnyside Road shall apply even if a lot line abutting 142nd Avenue or Sunnyside Road is designated as a rear lot line pursuant to the definition of rear lot line in Section 202, *Definitions*.
- D. Maximum Building Height: Maximum building height shall be 45 feet.

512.05 DEVELOPMENT STANDARD

Primary and accessory uses, including storage of materials, products, or waste, shall be wholly contained within an approved structure.

Table 512-1: Permitted Uses in the VO District

Use	VO
Accessory Uses, Customarily Permitted, such as bicycle racks, cogeneration facilities, meeting facilities, property maintenance and property management offices, rainwater collection systems, satellite dishes, solar energy systems, storage of building maintenance and landscape maintenance equipment, and transit amenities, utility service equipment, and utility service lines	A
Assembly Facilities, including auditoriums, community centers, convention facilities, exhibition halls, fraternal organization lodges, places of worship, senior centers, and theaters for the performing arts	C ^{1,2}
Bus Shelters	A
Child Care Facilities	L ^{3,4} ,C ⁵
Civic and Cultural Facilities, including art galleries and museums	C^1
Composting Facilities	X
Daycare Services, Adult	L ^{3,6} ,C ⁵
Educational Institutes	\mathbf{C}^7
Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	A
Employee Amenities , including cafeterias, clinics, daycare facilities, fitness facilities, lounges, and recreational facilities	A^8
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	P
Financial Institutions, including banks, brokerages, credit unions, loan companies, and savings and loan associations	Р

Use	VO
Fitness Facilities , including athletic clubs, exercise studios, gymnasiums, and health clubs	С
Libraries	C^1
Manufacturing , including the mechanical, physical, or chemical transformation of materials, substances, or components into new products; and the assembly of component parts. Primary processing of raw materials is prohibited.	P^9
Marijuana Processing	P ^{9,10}
Marijuana Production	X
Marijuana Retailing	X
Marijuana Wholesaling	X
Mobile Vending Units, Level One, subject to Section 837	A
Offices, including administrative, business, corporate, governmental, and professional offices. Examples include offices for the following: architectural services, business management services, call centers, employment agencies, engineering services, governmental services, insurance services, legal services, manufacturer's representatives, office management services, property management services, real estate agencies, and travel agencies.	P
Offices and Outpatient Clinics—both of which may include associated pharmacies and laboratories—for healthcare services, such as acupuncture, chiropractic, counseling, dental, massage therapy, medical, naturopathic, optometric, physical therapy, psychiatric, occupational therapy, and speech therapy.	P
Pedestrian Amenities	P
Radio and Television Studios, excluding transmission towers	\mathbf{C}^7
Recreational Sports Facilities for such sports as basketball, dance, gymnastics, martial arts, racquetball, skating, soccer, swimming, and tennis. These facilities may be used for any of the following: general recreation, instruction, practice, and competitions.	С
Recyclable Drop-off Sites, subject to Section 819	A
Research Facilities and Laboratories , including medical laboratories, medical research, product design and testing, and product research and development	P ¹¹
Roads	P
Services, Business , including computer rental workstations; leasing, maintenance, repair, and sale of communications and office equipment; mailing; notary public; photocopying; and printing	P

Use	VO
Services, Commercial—Food and Beverage, including catering and eating and drinking establishments	L^3
Services, Information , including blueprinting, bookbinding, photo processing, photo reproduction, printing, and publishing	Р
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A ¹²
Studios of the following types: art, dance, and music	C ⁷
Temporary Buildings for Uses Incidental to Construction Work, provided that such buildings shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of the construction work	A
Temporary Storage within an Enclosed Structure of Source-Separated Recyclable/Reusable Materials Generated and/or Used On-Site Prior to On-Site Reuse or Removal by the Generator or Licensed or Franchised Collector to a User or Broker	A
Trade Schools. Trade schools provide training in occupational skills. These facilities also may be referred to as technical schools, vocational schools, and career schools.	C ⁷
Utility Facilities, including:	•
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ¹³
Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way	<u>P</u>
<u>Utility Lines</u>	<u>P</u>
Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, subject to Section 835	See Table 835-1

Notes to Table 512-1:

- This use is permitted only if there is no opportunity to locate it either in the VCS District or on land zoned VCS prior to annexation to the City of Happy Valley.
- ² An assembly facility shall have a maximum capacity of 500 people.
- The maximum building floor area of the use, and any other limited uses, shall be 20 percent of the building floor area of primary uses in the same development.
- ⁴ The use shall be integrated within office buildings and shall neither exceed 1,500 square feet nor serve more than 13 children.
- The use shall be located in the southern half of the VO District and shall be oriented toward the adjacent residential neighborhood.

- The use shall be integrated within office buildings and shall neither exceed 1,500 square feet nor serve more than 13 adults.
- This use is permitted only if there is no opportunity to locate it on land zoned Village Commercial District prior to annexation to the City of Happy Valley.
- Employee amenities shall be located in the same structure as the use to which they are accessory.
- ⁹ This use is allowed only if it has physical and operational requirements that are similar to those of other primary uses allowed in the VO District.
- ¹⁰ The processing, compounding, or conversion of marijuana into cannabinoid concentrates or cannabinoid extracts is prohibited.
- No operation shall be conducted, or equipment used, that would create any of the following: hazards, noxious conditions, or offensive conditions.
- ¹² Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way. Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).

[Added by Ord. ZDO-250, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21]

513 RURAL TOURIST COMMERCIAL (RTC) AND RURAL COMMERCIAL (RC) DISTRICTS

513.01 PURPOSE

Section 513 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Community Commercial areas regulated by the Mount Hood Community Plan and for Rural Commercial areas.

513.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 513 applies to land in the Rural Tourist Commercial (RTC) and Rural Commercial (RC) Districts.

513.03 USES PERMITTED

A. Uses permitted in the RTC and RC Districts are listed in Table 513-1, *Permitted Uses in the RTC and RC Districts*. In addition, uses similar to one or more of the listed uses for the applicable zoning district may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.

B. As used in Table 513-1:

- 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
- 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.
- 3. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.
- 4. "S" means the use may be authorized only pursuant to Section 106; however, identifying a use as "S" does not indicate that any determination has been made regarding whether the use will be authorized pursuant to Section 106.
- 5. "X" means the use is prohibited.
- 6. "Type II" means the use requires review of a Type II application, pursuant to Section 1307, *Procedures*.
- 7. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 513-1.
- C. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 513.04, *Dimensional Standards*; Section 1000, *Development Standards*; and Section 1100, *Development Review Process*.

513.04 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

A. <u>General</u>: Dimensional standards applicable in the RTC and RC Districts are listed in Tables 513-2, *Dimensional Standards in the RTC and RC Districts, Except in Government Camp*, and 513-3, *Dimensional Standards in Government Camp*. As used in Tables 513-2 and 513-3, numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow the tables.

B. <u>Modifications</u>: Modifications to the standards in Tables 513-2 and 513-3 are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 903, *Setback Exceptions*; 904, *Height Exceptions*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*.

Table 513-1: Permitted Uses in the RTC and RC Districts

Use	RTC	RC
Accessory Uses, Customarily Permitted, such as amateur (Ham) radio antennas and towers, arbors, bicycle racks, carports, citizen band transmitters and antennas, cogeneration facilities, courtyards, decks, decorative ponds, driveways, electric vehicle charging stations, family child care homes, fountains, garages, garden sheds, gazebos, greenhouses, HVAC units, meeting facilities, outdoor kitchens, parking areas, patios, pergolas, pet enclosures, plazas, property maintenance and property management offices, recreational facilities (such as bicycle trails, children's play structures, dance studios, exercise studios, playgrounds, putting greens, recreation and activity rooms, saunas, spas, sport courts, swimming pools, and walking trails), rainwater collection systems, satellite dishes, self-service laundry facilities, shops, solar energy systems, storage buildings/rooms, television antennas and receivers, transit amenities, trellises, and utility service equipment, and utility service lines	A	A
Assembly Facilities, including auditoriums, community centers, convention facilities, exhibition halls, fraternal organization lodges, senior centers, and theaters for the performing arts	Р	P,C ¹
Bed and Breakfast Inns, subject to Section 832	P	P
Bed and Breakfast Residences, subject to Section 832	P	P
Bus Shelters	P	P
Child Care Facilities	P	P
Civic and Cultural Facilities, including art galleries, libraries, museums, and visitor centers	P	P
Composting Facilities	X	X
Contractors, Logging	P	P
Daycare Services, Adult	P	P
Drive-Thru Window Services, subject to Section 827	X	A
Dwellings, Detached Single-Family	P^2 ,A	A
Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	P	P
Employee Amenities , including cafeterias, clinics, child care facilities, fitness facilities, lounges, and recreational facilities	A	A
Entertainment Facilities, including arcades, billiard halls, and movie theaters	Р	P
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	P	P
Financial Institutions , including banks, brokerages, credit unions, loan companies, and savings and loan associations	Р	P

Use	RTC	RC
Fitness Facilities, including athletic clubs, exercise studios,		
gymnasiums, and health clubs	P	P
Government Uses, including fire stations, police stations, and post	р	D
offices	P	P
Government Uses, unless such a use is listed elsewhere in this table as		
a primary, accessory, conditional, or prohibited use in the applicable	S	C
zoning district		
Home Occupations, including bed and breakfast homestays, subject to	A	A
Section 822	Λ	Λ
Hosting of Weddings, Family Reunions, Class Reunions, Company	C	С
Picnics, and Similar Events		
Hotels	P^3	S^4
Hydroelectric Facilities	E	C
Manufacturing of Edible or Drinkable Products Retailed on the		
Same Site, including the primary processing of raw materials (e.g.,		
malt, milk, spices) that are ingredients in edible or drinkable products		
retailed on the same site, and also including the wholesale distribution	P	S
of edible or drinkable products that are manufactured and retailed on the		
same site, but excluding the processing, production, and wholesaling of		
marijuana products.		
Marijuana Processing	X	X
Marijuana Production	X	X
Marijuana Retailing, subject to Section 841	P ⁵	P ⁵
Marijuana Wholesaling	P^6	P^6
Mobile Vending Units, subject to Section 837	<u>P</u>	P
Motels	\mathbf{P}^3	S ⁴
Offices, including administrative, business, corporate, governmental,		
and professional offices. Examples include offices for the following:		
accounting services, architectural services, business management		
services, call centers, employment agencies, engineering services,	P	P
governmental services, income tax services, insurance services, legal		
services, manufacturer's representatives, office management services,		
property management services, real estate agencies, and travel agencies.		
Offices and Outpatient Clinics—both of which may include associated		
pharmacies and laboratories—for healthcare services, such as		
acupuncture, chiropractic, counseling, dental, massage therapy, medical,	P	P
naturopathic, optometric, physical therapy, psychiatric, occupational		
therapy, and speech therapy.	5 7	***
Parking Structures, Community	$\frac{P^7}{P}$	X
Pedestrian Amenities	P P	P
Places of Worship, subject to Section 804	P	P
Public Restrooms	A,C	A,C
Public Utility Facilities	\$	E
Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and	S^8	C^8
Earth Stations		

Use	RTC	RC
Recreational Uses, including boat moorages, community gardens,		
country clubs, equine facilities, gymnastics facilities, golf courses, horse	С	C
trails, pack stations, parks, playgrounds, sports courts, swimming pools,	C	С
ski areas, and walking trails ⁹		
Recreational Uses, Government-Owned, including amphitheaters;		
arboreta; arbors, decorative ponds, fountains, gazebos, pergolas, and		
trellises; ball fields; bicycle and walking trails; bicycle parks and skate		
parks; equine facilities; boat moorages and ramps; community buildings		
and grounds; community and ornamental gardens; courtyards and		
plazas; fitness and recreational facilities, such as exercise equipment,	P	P
gymnasiums, and swimming pools; horse trails; miniature golf, putting		
greens, and sports courts; pack stations; parks; picnic areas and		
structures; play equipment and playgrounds; nature preserves and		
wildlife sanctuaries; ski areas; tables and seating; and similar		
recreational uses ⁹		
Recreational Uses, Government-Owned Golf Courses ⁹	P	P
Recreational Vehicle Camping Facilities, subject to Section 813	P	X
Recycling Centers, subject to Section 819	C	C
Recyclable Drop-Off Sites, subject to Section 819	A	A
Resort Accommodations	\mathbf{P}^{10}	S
Retailing —whether by sale, lease, or rent—of any of the following new		
or used products: Class I, III, and IV all-terrain vehicles, as defined by	S	P
Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 801; motorcycles; and snowmobiles		
Retailing —whether by sale, lease, or rent—of any of the following new		
or used products: apparel, appliances, art, art supplies, beverages,		
bicycle supplies, bicycles, books, cameras, computers, computer		
supplies, cookware, cosmetics, dry goods, electrical supplies, electronic		
equipment, firewood, flowers, food, furniture, garden supplies, gun		
supplies, guns, hardware, hides, interior decorating materials, jewelry,	P	P
leather, linens, medications, music (whether recorded or printed),	•	1
musical instruments, nutritional supplements, office supplies, optical		
goods, paper goods, periodicals, pet supplies, pets, plumbing supplies,		
photographic supplies, signs, small power equipment, sporting goods,		
stationery, tableware, tobacco, toiletries, tools, toys, vehicle supplies,		
and videos		
Retailing —whether by sale, lease, or rent—of any of the following new	_	
or used products: animal feed, building materials, farm equipment,	P	P
forestry equipment, and livestock supplies	Б.	
Roads	P	P C2 11
Schools	P	P,C ^{2,11}
Service Stations	P	P
Services, Commercial—Construction and Maintenance, including	ъ	D
contractors engaged in construction and maintenance of buildings,	P	P
electrical systems, and plumbing systems		

Use	RTC	RC
Services, Commercial—Food and Beverage, including catering and	P ¹²	P ¹²
eating and drinking establishments	P12	P12
Services, Commercial—Maintenance and Repair of any of the		
following: appliances, bicycles, electronic equipment, guns, housewares,	P	P
musical instruments, optical goods, signs, small power equipment,	Ρ	Ρ
sporting goods, and tools		
Services, Commercial—Maintenance and Repair of any of the		
following: all-terrain vehicles, automobiles, light trucks, motorcycles,	P	P
and snowmobiles		
Services, Commercial— Maintenance and Repair of any of the		
following: boats; heavy trucks such as dump trucks, moving trucks, and		
truck tractors; large cargo trailers such as semitrailers; large construction	S	P
equipment such as backhoes and bulldozers; large farm equipment such	S	1
as tractors and combines; large forestry equipment; large mineral		
extraction equipment; and recreational vehicles		
Services, Commercial—Miscellaneous, including food lockers,	P	P
interior decorating, locksmith, upholstering, and veterinary		
Services, Commercial—Mini-Storage/Self-Storage Facilities	C ¹³	С
Services, Commercial—Personal and Convenience, including		
barbershops, beauty salons, dry cleaners, laundries, photo processing,	P	P
seamstresses, shoe repair, tailors, and tanning salons. Also permitted are	1	1
incidental retail sales of products related to the service provided.		
Services, Commercial—Storage of any of the following: all-terrain	S	С
vehicles, automobiles, light trucks, motorcycles, and snowmobiles	ა	
Services, Commercial—Storage of any of the following: boats; heavy		
trucks such as dump trucks, moving trucks, and truck tractors; large		
cargo trailers such as semitrailers; large construction equipment such as	S	С
backhoes and bulldozers; large farm equipment such as tractors and	5	C
combines; large forestry equipment; large mineral extraction equipment;		
and recreational vehicles		
Services, Commercial—Studios of the following types: art, craft,	P	P
dance, music, and photography	1	1
Sewer System Components that Serve Lands Inside an Urban	Type	Type
Growth Boundary, subject to ORS 660-011-0060(3)	\mathbf{H}^{14}	\mathbf{H}^{14}
Sewer Systems and Extensions of Sewer Systems to Serve Land	Type	Type
Outside an Urban Growth Boundary and Unincorporated	H ¹⁵	H ¹⁵
Community, subject to ORS 660-011-0060(4)	#	#
Short-Term Rental in a dwelling unit permitted by this table, except	P	X
for a dwelling unit that is an accessory use		
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A ¹⁶ 14	A ¹⁶ 14
Telephone Exchanges	S	E
Temporary Storage within an Enclosed Structure of Source-		
Separated Recyclable/Reusable Materials Generated and/or Used	A	A
On-site Prior to On-site Reuse or Removal by the Generator or	11	73
Licensed or Franchised Collector to a User or Broker		

Use	RTC	RC
Temporary Buildings for Uses Incidental to Construction Work.		
Such buildings shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of	A	Α
the construction work.		
Theme Parks and Amusement Parks	C	S
Transfer Stations, subject to Section 819	C	C
Transit Park-and-Rides	P	P
Utility Facilities, including:		
Sewer System Components that Serve Lands Inside an Urban	<u>Type</u>	<u>Type</u>
Growth Boundary, subject to OAR 660-011-0060(3)	$\underline{\mathrm{II}^{15}}$	$\underline{\mathrm{II}^{15}}$
Sewer Systems and Extensions of Sewer Systems to Serve Land	Tymo	Tymo
Outside an Urban Growth Boundary and Unincorporated	Type II ¹⁶	<u>Type</u> II ¹⁶
Community, subject to OAR 660-011-0060(4)	11 '	111
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ¹⁷	P,C ¹⁷
Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Utility Facilities Not Otherwise Listed in Table 513-1	C, S^{18}	<u>C</u>
<u>Utility Lines</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Wholesaling—whether by sale, lease, or rent—of any of the following		
new or used products: animal feed, farm equipment, farm materials,	P	P
farm products, fertilizer, forestry equipment, forestry materials, forestry	P	
products, mulch, nursery stock, seeds, and seedlings		
Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, subject to Section 835	See	See
	Table	Table
	835-1	835-1

- A fraternal organization lodge or school is a conditional use if the building floor space exceeds 4,000 square feet.
- On a lot of record created on or before December 7, 1983, one detached single-family dwelling is a primary use. Otherwise, detached-single family dwellings are permitted only as an accessory use.
- A new hotel or motel in Rhododendron shall be limited to a maximum of 35 units. A new hotel or motel in Government Camp shall be limited to a maximum of 100 units.
- If a hotel or motel is authorized as a similar use inside an unincorporated community, it shall be subject to Oregon Administrative Rules 660-022-0030(5).
- ⁵ Marijuana retailing is permitted only inside an unincorporated community.
- Marijuana wholesaling shall be located entirely within one or more completely enclosed buildings. A maximum of 4,000 square feet of building floor space may be used for all activities associated with marijuana wholesaling on a lot of record.
- Parking structures are permitted only in Government Camp and only if they are consistent with a community parking plan adopted by the Board of County Commissioners.
- The base of such towers shall not be closer to the property line than a distance equal to the height of the tower.

- This use may include concessions, restrooms, maintenance facilities, and similar support uses.
- A resort accommodations development in Government Camp shall be limited to a maximum of 50 units per acre. A resort accommodations development in Rhododendron or Wemme/Welches shall be limited to a maximum number of units per acre calculated pursuant to Table 317-3, *District Land Area Standards in the MRR District*, but is not subject to Section 1012, *Lot Size and Density*.
- Schools are prohibited within the areas identified as Employment, Industrial, and Regionally Significant Industrial on the Metropolitan Service District's 2040 Growth Concept Map.
- ¹² Drive-in eating and drinking establishments are prohibited.
- No outside storage shall be permitted.
- ¹⁴ Components of a sewer system that serve land outside urban growth boundaries or unincorporated community boundaries are prohibited.
- The use is limited to sewer systems that: are designed and constructed so that their capacity does not exceed the minimum necessary to serve the area within the boundaries described under ORS 660-011-0060(4)(b)(B), except for urban reserve areas as provided under OAR 660-021-0040(6); and do not serve any uses other than those existing or allowed in the identified service area on the date the sewer system is approved.
- ¹⁶14 Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- Components of a sewer system that serve land outside urban growth boundaries or unincorporated community boundaries are prohibited.
- The use is limited to sewer systems that: are designed and constructed so that their capacity does not exceed the minimum necessary to serve the area within the boundaries described under OAR 660-011-0060(4)(b)(B), except for urban reserve areas as provided under OAR 660-021-0040(6); and do not serve any uses other than those existing or allowed in the identified service area on the date the sewer system is approved.
- Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way. Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).
- Hydroelectric facilities are a conditional use. All other utility facilities not otherwise listed in Table 513-1 may be authorized only pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.

Table 513-2: Dimensional Standards in the RTC and RC Districts, Except in Government Camp

Standard	RTC	RC	
Minimum Lot Size	None	None ¹	
Minimum Front Setback	25 feet ²	30 feet ²	
Minimum Rear Setback	10 feet ^{3,4,5}	10 feet ^{4,6}	
Minimum Side Setback	10 feet ^{3,4,5}	10 feet ^{4,6}	
Maximum Building Floor Space per Commercial Use in an Unincorporated Community	4,000 square feet ⁷		
Maximum Building Floor Space per Commercial Use outside an Unincorporated Community	Not Applicable	3,000 square feet ⁸	
Maximum Building Floor Space per Industrial Use in an Unincorporated Community	40,000 square feet ⁹		

The minimum lot size inside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary shall be 20 acres. The 20-acre minimum lot size is applicable to a subdivision or partition, but not to a property line adjustment.

- ² In a planned unit development, the minimum front setback is 20 feet.
- ³ If the lot line abuts a national forest, there is no minimum setback. If Note 3 and Note 4 conflict, Note 3 prevails.
- In a planned unit development, there are no minimum rear and side setbacks except from rear and side lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat.
- If the lot line abuts an RR or HR District, the minimum is 20 feet except as established by Note 3 or 4.
- ⁶ If the lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum is 20 feet except as established by Note 3 or 4.
- No maximum applies to hotels and motels; uses authorized under Oregon Statewide Planning Goals 3 and 4; and uses intended to serve the community and surrounding rural area or the travel needs of people passing through the area.

- A lawfully established commercial use that existed on December 20, 2001, may expand to occupy a maximum of 3,000 square feet of building floor space or 25 percent more building floor space than was occupied by the use on December 20, 2001, whichever is greater.
- No maximum applies to uses authorized under Statewide Planning Goals 3 and 4; expansion of a use that existed on December 5, 1994; uses that require proximity to a rural resource, as defined in Oregon Administrative Rules 660-004-0022(3)(a); new uses that will not exceed the capacity of water and sewer service available to the site on December 5, 1994, or, if such services are not available to the site, the capacity of the site itself to provide water and absorb sewage; and uses sited on abandoned or diminished mill sites.

Table 513-3: Dimensional Standards in Government Camp

Standard	RTC
Minimum Front Setback unless the Front Lot Line abuts Government Camp Loop	10 feet, except 20 feet to garage and carport motor vehicle entries
Minimum Front Setback if the Front Lot Line abuts Government Camp Loop	4 feet ¹
Maximum Front Setback if the Front Lot Line abuts Government Camp Loop	10 feet ²
Minimum Rear Setback	10 feet ^{3,4,5}
Minimum Side Setback	None
Maximum Building Height	70 feet ⁶
Minimum Building Separation above 3,500 Feet in Elevation	20 feet between buildings with contiguous snow slide areas
Maximum Building Floor Space per Commercial Use	8,000 square feet ⁷
Maximum Building Floor Space per Industrial Use	60,000 square feet ⁸

There is no minimum front setback for building cantilevers with a minimum vertical clearance of eight feet above any pedestrian pathway, sidewalk, or walkway. Structures less than 10 feet from the front lot line shall be designed to include measures to protect the public and vehicles from snow slide incidents.

- The maximum front setback may be exceeded to the minimum extent necessary to accommodate public plaza space. Detached single-family dwellings are exempt from complying with the maximum front setback.
- If the rear lot line abuts a national forest, there is no minimum rear setback. If Note 3 and Note 4 conflict, Note 3 prevails.
- In a planned unit development, there is no minimum rear setback except from rear lot lines on the perimeter of the final plat.
- If the rear lot line abuts an HR District, the minimum rear setback is 20 feet except as established by Note 3 or 4.
- The maximum building height may be increased to 87.5 feet to accommodate understructure parking or to preserve natural features or views.
- No maximum applies to hotels and motels; uses authorized under Oregon Statewide Planning Goals 3 and 4; and uses intended to serve the community and surrounding rural area or the travel needs of people passing through the area.
- No maximum applies to uses authorized under Statewide Planning Goals 3 and 4; expansion of a use that existed on December 5, 1994; uses that require proximity to a rural resource, as defined in Oregon Administrative Rules 660-004-0022(3)(a); new uses that will not exceed the capacity of water and sewer service available to the site on December 5, 1994, or, if such services are not available to the site, the capacity of the site itself to provide water and absorb sewage; and uses sited on abandoned or diminished mill sites.

[Added by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-276, 10/1/20; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21; Amended by Ord. ZDO-273, on remand, 5/30/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-287, 8/3/23; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]

602 BUSINESS PARK (BP), LIGHT INDUSTRIAL (LI), AND GENERAL INDUSTRIAL (GI) DISTRICTS

602.01 PURPOSE

Section 602 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Business Park, Light Industrial, and General Industrial areas.

602.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 602 applies to land in the Business Park (BP), Light Industrial (LI), and General Industrial (GI) Districts.

602.03 USES PERMITTED

Uses permitted in each zoning district are listed in Table 602-1, *Permitted Uses in the BP, LI, and GI Districts*. In addition, uses similar to one or more of the listed uses for the applicable zoning district may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.

A. As used in Table 602-1:

- 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
- 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.
- 3. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.
- 4. "X" means the use is prohibited.
- 5. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 602-1.
- B. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 602.04, *Dimensional Standards*, Subsection 602.05, *Development Standards*, Section 1000, *Development Standards*, and Section 1100, *Development Review Process*.

602.04 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

- A. <u>General</u>: Dimensional standards applicable in the BP, LI, and GI Districts are listed in Table 602-2, *Dimensional Standards in the BP, LI, and GI Districts*. As used in Table 602-2, numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 602-2.
- B. <u>Modifications</u>: Modifications to the standards of Table 602-2 are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 1012, *Lot Size and Density*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*.

602.05 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The following development standards apply in the BP, LI, and GI Districts.

- A. <u>Outdoor Operations in the BP District</u>: In the operation of a primary use in the BP District:
 - 1. All display areas shall be located within a building. No outdoor display areas shall be allowed.
 - 2. No outdoor storage of materials or products shall be allowed.
 - 3. No outdoor processes shall be employed in the operation of the business.
 - 4. Receptacles for solid waste and recyclable materials shall be maintained within an enclosed structure.
- B. <u>Outdoor Operations in the LI District</u>: In the operation of a primary use in the LI District:
 - 1. All display of products shall be located within an enclosed building. No outdoor display areas shall be allowed. Notwithstanding these limitations, outdoor display of finished products may be permitted as a conditional use, as established by Table 602-1 and provided that, at a minimum, outdoor display areas and items on display shall:
 - a. Not block visibility to or from any road or driveway, or block visibility of signs located on adjacent lots;
 - b. Be located a minimum of 15 feet from the front lot line(s);
 - c. Be maintained to project an organized and neat appearance at all times; and
 - d. Only include finished products manufactured on, or sold on a wholesale basis from, the subject property.
 - 2. Limited outdoor storage areas shall be allowed, subject to the following criteria:
 - a. Except as permitted as a conditional use, as established by Table 602-1, outdoor storage may occupy an area no greater than the area of the ground floor of the building(s) on the same premises.
 - b. Outdoor storage areas shall be located behind the building, to the rear of the site, and not adjacent to front lot lines.

- c. Outdoor storage areas shall be screened with a sight-obscuring fence a minimum of six feet in height. Fencing shall be located behind the landscaping strips required by Subsections 1009.03(B) and 1009.06.
- d. Equipment, vehicles, materials, and other items located within outdoor storage areas shall be maintained in an orderly fashion and, except for large industrial or commercial vehicles and equipment, shall be no higher than the height of the fence.
- e. Outdoor storage areas shall not be used to store waste or recyclable materials.
- 3. No outdoor processes shall be employed in the operation of the business.
- 4. Receptacles for solid waste and recyclable materials shall be maintained within an enclosed structure.
- C. <u>Outdoor Operations in the GI District</u>: In the operation of a primary use in the GI District:
 - 1. Outdoor display of finished products is permitted, provided that outdoor display areas and items on display shall:
 - a. Not block visibility to or from any road or driveway, or block visibility of signs located on adjacent lots;
 - b. Be located a minimum of 10 feet from the front lot line(s);
 - c. Be maintained to project an organized and neat appearance at all times; and
 - d. Only include finished products manufactured on, or sold on a wholesale basis from, the subject property.
 - 2. Outdoor storage and processing are permitted, subject to the following standards:
 - a. Outdoor storage and processing areas shall be located a minimum of 20 feet from the front lot line(s), a minimum of 15 feet from side or rear lot lines that abut a commercial zoning district, and a minimum of 35 feet from side or rear lot lines that abut a residential or natural resource zoning district.
 - b. Outdoor storage areas shall be screened with a sight-obscuring fence a minimum of six feet in height and a maximum of 10 feet in height. Fencing shall be located behind the landscaping strips required by Subsections 1009.03(B) and 1009.06. Outdoor processing areas shall be buffered pursuant to Subsections 1009.04(D) through (F).

- c. Equipment, stockpiles of materials, and other items located within outdoor storage and processing areas shall be maintained in an orderly fashion.
- d. Waste materials (by-products that are not further processed or recycled onpremise) shall not accumulate in outdoor storage and processing areas for more than two weeks, except that waste materials from water treatment facilities or surface water retention facilities may accumulate for such longer period as necessitated by Best Management Practices for the facility.
- e. It shall be demonstrated through engineering and design or monitoring that outdoor storage of waste materials will not negatively impact ground or surface waters.

Table 602-1: Permitted Uses in the BP, LI, and GI Districts

Use		LI	GI
Accessory Uses, Customarily Permitted, such as amateur (Ham) radio antennas and towers, arbors, bicycle racks, citizen band transmitters and antennas, cogeneration facilities, courtyards, decks, decorative ponds, driveways, electric vehicle charging stations, fountains, gazebos, HVAC units, meeting facilities, parking areas, patios, pergolas, plazas, property maintenance and property management offices, rainwater collection systems, satellite dishes, solar energy systems, television antennas and receivers, transit amenities, trellises, and utility service equipment, and utility service lines	A	A	A
Accessory Uses permitted in the R-5 through R-30 Districts, except accessory dwelling units, listed in Table 315-1, Permitted Uses in the Urban Residential Zoning Districts, provided that such uses are accessory to a single-family dwelling that is a nonconforming use	A	A	A
Arenas, Exhibition Halls, and Stadiums	C^1	C^1	C^1
Bus Shelters		A	A
Composting Facilities, subject to Section 834		С	С
Construction and Maintenance Contractors, including contractors engaged in construction and maintenance of buildings and their component parts (e.g., roofing, siding, windows), fencing, decking, building systems (e.g., plumbing, electrical, mechanical), landscaping, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, utilities). Also included are excavation contractors, building movers, pest control services, and janitorial services.		P	P
Electrical Power Production Facilities	X	X	C

Use		LI	GI
Employee Amenities , such as cafeterias, clinics, child care facilities, fitness facilities, lounges, and recreational facilities	A	A	A
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	P	P	P
Government Uses, unless such a use is listed elsewhere in this table as a primary or accessory use	\mathbb{C}^2	\mathbb{C}^2	\mathbb{C}^2
Heavy Truck and Heavy Equipment Uses, including sales, rental, storage, repair, and servicing of heavy trucks such as dump trucks, moving trucks, and truck tractors; large construction equipment such as backhoes and bulldozers; large farm equipment such as tractors and combines; and large cargo trailers such as semitrailers. Sales, rental, storage, repair, and servicing of passenger vehicles, recreational vehicles, and boats are excluded.	X	P	P
Heliports	С	С	С
Industrial Trade Schools, including training facilities whose primary purpose is to provide training to meet industrial needs. These facilities also may be referred to as technical schools, vocational schools, and career schools. Industrial trade schools provide training in such occupational skills as welding, operation and repair of industrial machinery, and truck driving.	Р	P	P
Information Services, including establishments engaged in producing and distributing information; providing the means to transmit or distribute these products, as well as data or communications; and processing data. Examples include publishing industries such as book, periodical, and software publishing; computer systems design; internet web search services; internet service providers; radio, television, motion picture, and recording studios; computer data storage services; optical scanning and imaging services; and financial transaction processing such as credit card transaction and payroll processing services. These businesses primarily serve other industries or deliver their products to the end user through means other than on-site pickup by the customer. Few general public customer visits per day are generated.		Р	Р
Large-Scale Laundry, Dry-Cleaning, and Carpet-Cleaning Plants These businesses primarily serve other industries or deliver their services to the end user through means other than on-site customer visits. Few general public customer visits per day are generated.	P	P	P

Use		LI	GI
Level One Mobile Vending Units, subject to Section 837		A	A
Manufacturing, including establishments engaged in the mechanical, physical, or chemical transformation of materials, substances, or components into new products, including the assembly of component parts. Examples of manufacturing include alternative energy development, biosciences, food and beverage processing, software and electronics production, and fabrication of products made from materials such as metal, glass, rubber, plastic, resin, wood, and paper.	P	Р	Р
Marijuana Processing	P^3	P^3	P^3
Marijuana Production	\mathbf{P}^3	\mathbf{P}^3	P^3
Marijuana Retailing	X	X	X
Marijuana Wholesaling	\mathbf{P}^3	\mathbf{P}^3	P^3
Miscellaneous Industrial Uses, including wrecking and salvage of building materials, equipment, and vehicles; tire retreading and recapping; and petroleum, coal, or other fuel storage, refining, reclaiming, distribution, and wholesale trade. These businesses primarily serve other industries or deliver their products and services to the end user through means other than on-site customer visits. Few general public customer visits per day are generated.	X	X	Р
Offices, including administrative and corporate offices and call centers. These businesses primarily serve other industries or deliver their products and services to the end user through means other than on-site customer visits. Few general public customer visits per day are generated.		P	P
Outdoor Display of Products, subject to Subsection 602.05(B)(1) or (C)(1), provided that such display is associated with a permitted use	X	С	A
Outdoor Entertainment Facilities, including amusement parks, circuses, carnivals, drive-in theatres, and racetracks for automobiles, dogs, horses, and motorcycles		X	С
Outdoor Storage Areas Larger than Allowed by Subsection 602.05(B)(2)(a), provided that such storage is associated with a permitted use		С	A
Parking, Storage, Repair, and Servicing of Fleet Vehicles		A	A
Parking Structures	A	A	A
Pedestrian Amenities	P	P	P

Use		LI	GI
Public Utility Facilities		E	C
Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and Earth Stations, provided that the base of such towers shall not be closer to the property line than a distance equal to the height of the tower	С	С	С
Recreational Sports Facilities for such sports as basketball, dance, gymnastics, martial arts, racquetball, skating, soccer, swimming, and tennis. These facilities may be used for any of the following: instruction, practice, and competitions. Only indoor facilities are permitted. Health and fitness clubs are excluded from this category but are included in the "retail and professional services that cater to daily customers/retail commercial uses" category.		P ¹	P ¹
Recyclable Drop-Off Sites, subject to Section 819	A^4	A^4	A^4
Recycling Centers and Transfer Stations , subject to Section 819	X	С	P
Repair and Servicing Uses, including large-scale repair and servicing of equipment, machinery, and other products. Examples include authorized service centers, welding shops and machine shops. Products are received from and returned to customers primarily by shipping or pickup/delivery by employees of the business. Few general public customer visits per day are generated.		Р	P
Research Facilities and Laboratories, including product research and development, product design and testing, medical research, and medical laboratories. Medical laboratories in this category primarily serve other industries or deliver their services to the end user through means other than on-site customer visits. Few general public customer visits per day are generated.		P	P
Retail and Professional Services that Cater to Daily Customers/Retail Commercial Uses, including the sale of goods and services to the general public. Examples of retail and professional services that cater to daily customers include rental and storage of passenger vehicles, recreational vehicles, and boats; health and fitness clubs; daycare facilities; and financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical, and dental offices. Auto repairing, overhauling, painting, washing, body and fender work, and reconditioning are excluded. Examples of retail commercial uses include sales of passenger vehicles, recreational vehicles, and boats; stores; and restaurants. Sales of motor vehicle fuels are excluded.	P ^{5,6,7}	p 5,6,7	A ⁸

Use	BP	LI	GI
Retail Services , including auto repairing, overhauling, painting, washing, body and fender work, and reconditioning	X	X	С
Roads	P	P	P
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A^9	A^9	A^9
Surface Mining, subject to Section 818	X	С	C^{10}
Telephone Exchanges	E	E	E
Temporary Buildings for Uses Incidental to Construction Work, provided that such buildings shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of the construction work	A	A	A
Temporary Storage within an Enclosed Structure of Source-Separated Recyclable/Reusable Materials Generated and/or Used Onsite Prior to Onsite Reuse or Removal by the Generator or Licensed or Franchised Collector to a User or Broker	A	A	A
Towing Establishments and Storage of Towed Vehicles	X	P	P
Transportation Uses, including the transportation of cargo using motor vehicles or rail spurs, loading docks, and parking of cargo transport vehicles. Examples include freight terminals, parcel delivery services, moving companies, and parking facilities for long-haul trucks. These uses often are associated with warehousing facilities. Also included are parking, storage, repair, and servicing of fleet vehicles used for the transport of people. Examples include ambulance services and mass transit and school bus fleet facilities. Also included are commercial motor vehicle fueling services, such as cardlock fueling stations; however, motor vehicle fueling stations that cater to the general public are excluded.		P	Р
Utility Facilities, including:			
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ¹¹	P,C ¹¹	P,C ¹¹
Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way		<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Utility Facilities Not Otherwise Listed in Table 602-1		<u>C</u>	<u>C</u>
<u>Utility Lines</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>
Warehouse Event Retail Sales	A^{12}	A^{12}	A^{12}

Use		LI	GI
Warehousing and Distribution, including establishments primarily engaged in operating warehousing and distribution facilities for general merchandise, refrigerated goods, and other products and materials that have been manufactured and generally are being stored in anticipation of delivery to the final customer. A range of logistical services may be provided, including labeling, packaging, price marking and ticketing, and transportation arrangement. Mini-storage/self-storage facilities are excluded.	A	P	P
Wholesale Trade, including establishments engaged in selling and distributing goods and services to retailers; to industrial, commercial, or professional business users; or to other wholesalers, generally without transformation. Wholesalers sell goods and services to other businesses, not the general public.		P	P
Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, subject to Section 835	P	P	P

Notes to Table 602-1:

- In Regionally Significant Industrial Areas identified on Comprehensive Plan Map IV-8, *Urban Growth Concept*, places of assembly shall not exceed 20,000 square feet.
- In Regionally Significant Industrial Areas (RSIAs) identified on Comprehensive Plan Map IV-8, parks—intended to serve people other than those working or residing in the RSIA—and schools are prohibited.
- Notwithstanding Subsection 602.05, marijuana production, marijuana processing, and marijuana wholesaling shall be located entirely within one or more completely enclosed buildings. A maximum of 20,000 square feet of building floor space may be used for all activities associated with marijuana production, marijuana processing, and marijuana wholesaling on a lot of record.
- ⁴ Recyclable drop-off sites are permitted only if accessory to an institutional use.
- Notwithstanding other provisions of Section 602 that may permit outdoor display, storage, or processing, these uses shall be conducted entirely within a building, except the following are permitted: outdoor seating areas associated with a restaurant, outdoor play areas associated with a daycare facility, and similar outdoor amenities. Drive-thru window service facilities are prohibited.
- In Regionally Significant Industrial Areas identified on Comprehensive Plan Map IV-8, building floor area associated with each use shall not exceed 3,000 square feet, and the total building floor area of all such uses in the same development project shall not exceed 20,000 square feet. Notwithstanding these limitations, the lawful use of any structure or land as of September 9, 2013, may continue and expand to add up to 20 percent more building floor area. Outside Regionally Significant Industrial Areas identified on Comprehensive Plan Map

- IV-8, the same standards shall apply, except that the single-use limit is 5,000 square feet of building floor area. However, the building floor area limitations do not apply to the following uses in the BP District: destination restaurants that comply with Subsection 1016.05(B)(4) and provide lunch service; and hotels and associated convention facilities, gift shops, and restaurants.
- Lots of record created on or after September 9, 2013, shall be subject to Note 7 to Table 602-1 in lieu of Note 6 to Table 602-1. In Regionally Significant Industrial Areas identified on Comprehensive Plan Map IV-8, building floor area associated with each use shall not exceed 3,000 square feet. Outside Regionally Significant Industrial Areas identified on Comprehensive Plan Map IV-8, building floor area associated with each use shall not exceed 5,000 square feet. Notwithstanding these limitations, the lawful use of any structure or land as of September 9, 2013, may continue and expand to add up to 20 percent more building floor area. In all cases, the total building floor area of all such uses on the same lot of record shall not exceed 20,000 square feet or 25 percent of the building floor area on the lot of record, whichever is less. However, the building floor area limitations do not apply to the following uses in the BP District: destination restaurants that comply with Subsection 1016.05(B)(4) and provide lunch service; and hotels and associated convention facilities, gift shops, and restaurants.
- This use is limited to indoor areas for retail display and retail sales of products manufactured by the same business occupying the premises, as well as related products. In Regionally Significant Industrial Areas identified on Comprehensive Plan Map IV-8, building floor area for such retail display and retail sales shall not exceed 3,000 square feet per business, and the total building floor area of all such retail display and retail sales areas in the same development project shall not exceed 20,000 square feet. Notwithstanding these limitations, the lawful use of any structure or land as of September 9, 2013, may continue and expand to add up to 20 percent more building floor area. Outside Regionally Significant Industrial Areas identified on Comprehensive Plan Map IV-8, the same standards shall apply, except that the single-business limit is 5,000 square feet of building floor area.
- ⁹ Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- Aggregate batch plant operations are a primary use in the GI District.
- Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way. Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).
- Warehouse event retail sales are permitted if the products being sold at the event sale are manufactured, warehoused, or distributed as a primary use on the subject property; no more than one event sale occurs each calendar month; a single event sale lasts a maximum of three consecutive days, which shall be Friday, Saturday, Sunday, or Monday; and the event sales occur indoors.

Table 602-2: Dimensional Standards in the BP, LI, and GI Districts

Standard	BP	LI	GI
Minimum Lot Size ¹	3 acres	1 acre ²	1 acre ²
Maximum Front Setback	See Subsections 1005.02(E) and (H).		
Minimum Front Setback	20 feet ³	20 feet ³	20 feet ³
Minimum Rear Setback	$0^{3,4}$	$0^{3,4}$	03,4,5
Minimum Side Setback	$0^{3,6}$	$0^{3,6}$	$0^{3,4,6}$

Notes to Table 602-2:

- The minimum lot size standards apply as established by Sections 1012 and 1107, except that no minimum lot size standard applies to a lot that is developed with a dwelling that is a nonconforming use. Notwithstanding the minimum lot size standard, a lot of record may be developed, except minimum lot size standards of Section 800 apply.
- The minimum lot size may be reduced to 20,000 square feet, subject to design review approval pursuant to Section 1102, *Design Review*, of the overall development plan for the entire lot of record, including access, circulation, parking, landscaping, and proposed building locations.
- The minimum setback requirements of Table 315-2, *Dimensional Standards in the Urban Low Density Residential Districts*, apply to dwellings that are nonconforming uses, as well as to structures that are accessory to such dwellings.
- ⁴ Except as established by Notes 3 and 5, if the rear lot line abuts a commercial zoning district, the minimum setback is 15 feet, and if the rear lot line abuts a natural resource or residential zoning district, the minimum setback is 35 feet.
- The minimum setback for a silo, tower, or other specialized storage or processing structure (unless such structure is enclosed in a building) is 35 feet for structures 35 feet or less in height. An additional five feet of setback is required for each additional 10-foot height increment, or portion thereof, for structures over 35 feet in height. These greater setback standards do not apply if the lot line abuts an LI or GI District.
- Except as established by Notes 3 and 5, if the side lot line abuts a commercial zoning district, the minimum setback is 15 feet, and if the side lot line abuts a natural resource or residential zoning district, the minimum setback is 35 feet.

[Amended by Ord. ZDO-224, 5/31/11; Amended by Ord. ZDO-231, 1/31/12; Amended by Ord. ZDO-235, 5/14/12; Amended by Ord. ZDO-243, 9/9/13; Amended by Ord. ZDO-249, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-250, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-254, 1/4/16; Amended by Ord. ZDO-267, 8/28/17; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by automatic repeal of Ord. ZDO-267, 8/28/19; Amended by Ord. ZDO-280, 10/23/21; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]

604 RURAL INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT (RI)

604.01 PURPOSE

Section 604 is adopted to implement the policies of the Comprehensive Plan for Rural Industrial areas.

604.02 APPLICABILITY

Section 604 applies to land in the Rural Industrial (RI) District.

604.03 USES PERMITTED

Uses permitted in the RI District are listed in Table 604-1, *Permitted Uses in the RI District*. In addition, uses similar to one or more of the listed uses may be authorized pursuant to Section 106, *Authorizations of Similar Uses*.

A. As used in Table 604-1:

- 1. "P" means the use is a primary use.
- 2. "A" means the use is an accessory use.
- 3. "C" means the use is a conditional use, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.
- 4. "X" means the use is prohibited.
- 5. "Type II" means the use requires review of a Type II application, pursuant to Section 1307, *Procedures*.
- 6. Numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 604-1.
- B. Permitted uses are subject to the applicable provisions of Subsection 604.04, *Dimensional Standards*, Section 1000, *Development Standards*, and Section 1100, *Development Review Process*.

604.04 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

- A. <u>General</u>: Dimensional standards applicable in the RI District are listed in Table 604-2, *Dimensional Standards in the RI District*. As used in Table 604-2, numbers in superscript correspond to the notes that follow Table 604-2.
- B. <u>Modifications</u>: Modifications to the standards in Table 604-2 are established by Sections 800, *Special Use Requirements*; 903, *Setback Exceptions*; 1107, *Property Line Adjustments*; and 1205, *Variances*.

Table 604-1: Permitted Uses in the RI District

Use	RI
Accessory Uses, Customarily Permitted, such as amateur (Ham) radio antennas and towers, arbors, bicycle racks, citizen band transmitters and antennas, cogeneration facilities, courtyards, decks, decorative ponds, driveways, electric vehicle charging stations, fountains, gazebos, HVAC units, meeting facilities, parking areas, patios, pergolas, plazas, property maintenance and property management offices, rainwater collection systems, satellite dishes, solar energy systems, television antennas and receivers, transit amenities, trellises, and utility service equipment, and utility service lines	A
Accessory Uses permitted in the RA-2 District listed in Table 316-1, Permitted Uses in the Rural Residential and Future Urban Residential Zoning Districts, provided that such uses are accessory to a single-family dwelling that is a nonconforming use	A
Animal Slaughtering and Rendering, Distillation of Bones, and Leather Tanning	С
Auto Wrecking Yards and Junkyards, subject to Section 817	С
Bus Shelters	A
Composting Facilities, subject to Section 834	С
Construction and Maintenance Contractors, including contractors engaged in construction and maintenance of buildings and their component parts (e.g., roofing, siding, windows), fencing, decking, building systems (e.g., plumbing, electrical, mechanical), landscaping, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, utilities). Also included are excavation contractors, building movers, pest control services, and janitorial services.	P
Dwellings	A
Employee Amenities , such as cafeterias, clinics, child care facilities, fitness facilities, lounges, and recreational facilities	A
Farmers' Markets, subject to Section 840	P
Fraternal Organization Lodges	С
Government Uses, unless such a use is listed elsewhere in this table as a primary or accessory use	С
Heliports	С
Hosting of Weddings, Family Reunions, Class Reunions, Company Picnics, and Similar Events	С
Incineration and Reduction of Offal, Dead Animals, and Solid Waste	С
Level One Mobile Vending Units, subject to Section 837	A

Use	RI
Light Metal and Fiberglass Fabrication	P
Manufacturing, including establishments engaged in the mechanical, physical, or chemical transformation of materials, substances, or components into new products, including the assembly of component parts. Examples of manufacturing are alternative energy development, biosciences, food and beverage processing, software and electronics production, and fabrication of products made from materials such as metal, glass, rubber, plastic, resin, wood, and paper.	P ¹
Manufacturing, Transportation, Distribution, Warehousing, and Wholesale Trade of the Following: Explosive Materials and Devices, Fertilizer, Natural Gas, Pesticides, Petroleum, and Petroleum Products	С
Marijuana Processing	P^2
Marijuana Production	P^2
Marijuana Retailing	X
Marijuana Wholesaling	\mathbf{P}^2
Offices	A
Parking, Storage, Repair, and Servicing of Fleet Vehicles	A
Pedestrian Amenities	P
Plant Nurseries	P
Public Utility Facilities without Shops, Garages, or General Administrative Offices	C
Radio and Television Transmission and Receiving Towers and Earth Stations, provided that the base of such towers shall not be closer to the property line than a distance equal to the height of the tower	С
Recreational Sports Facilities for such sports as basketball, dance, gymnastics, martial arts, racquetball, skating, soccer, swimming, and tennis. These facilities may be used for any of the following: instruction, practice, and competitions. Only indoor facilities are permitted. Health and fitness clubs are excluded from this category.	P
Recreational Uses , including boat moorages, community gardens, country clubs, equine facilities, golf courses, gymnastics facilities, horse trails, lodges, pack stations, parks, playgrounds, sports courts, swimming pools, ski areas, and walking trails ³	С
Recyclable Drop-Off Sites, subject to Section 819	A
Recycling Centers and Transfer Stations, subject to Section 819	С
Repair and Refinishing of Furniture and Household Goods	P

Use	RI
Repair of Motor Vehicles	P
Retail Sales of Lumber and Building Materials	P
Roads	P
Retail Sales of Products that are Manufactured on the Subject Property, Distributed from the Subject Property, Warehoused on the Subject Property, or Sold on a Wholesale Basis from the Subject Property	A
Sales, Rental, Storage, Repair, and Servicing of Equipment and Materials Associated with Farm and Forest Uses, Road Maintenance, Mineral Extraction, and Construction	P
Sewer System Components that Serve Lands Inside an Urban Growth Boundary, subject to ORS 660-011-0060(3)	Type II ⁴
Sewer Systems and Extensions of Sewer Systems to Serve Land Outside an Urban Growth Boundary and Unincorporated Community, subject to ORS 660-011-0060(4)	Type II ⁵
Sheet Metal and Machine Shops	P
Signs, subject to Section 1010	A ⁶⁴
Small Power Production Facilities	₽
Surface Mining, subject to Section 818	С
Telephone Exchanges	E
Temporary Buildings for Uses Incidental to Construction Work , provided that such buildings shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of the construction work	A
Temporary Storage within an Enclosed Structure of Source-Separated Recyclable/Reusable Materials Generated and/or Used On-site Prior to Onsite Reuse or Removal by the Generator or Licensed or Franchised Collector to a User or Broker	A
Upholstery Shops	P
<u>Utility Facilities, including:</u>	
Sewer System Components that Serve Lands Inside an Urban Growth Boundary, subject to OAR 660-011-0060(3)	Type II ⁵
Sewer Systems and Extensions of Sewer Systems to Serve Land Outside an Urban Growth Boundary and Unincorporated Community, subject to OAR 660-011-0060(4)	Type II ⁶

Use	RI
Small Power Production Facilities. A small power production facility is a facility that that produces energy primarily by use of biomass, waste, solar energy, wind power, water power, geothermal energy, or any combination thereof; is more than 50 percent owned by a person who is not an electric utility, an electric utility holding company, an affiliated interest, or any combination thereof; and has a power production capacity that, together with any other small power production facility located at the same site and owned by the same person, is not greater than 80 megawatts.	<u>P</u>
Utility Carrier Cabinets, subject to Section 830	P,C ⁷
Utility Facilities in Road Rights-of-Way	<u>P</u>
Utility Facilities Not Otherwise Listed in Table 604-1	<u>C</u> ⁸
<u>Utility Lines</u>	<u>P</u>
Veterinary Hospitals	P
Warehousing and Distribution, including establishments primarily engaged in operating warehousing and distribution facilities for general merchandise, refrigerated goods, and other products and materials that have been manufactured and generally are being stored in anticipation of delivery to the final customer. A range of logistical services may be provided, including labeling, packaging, price marking and ticketing, and transportation arrangement. Included are the transportation and distribution of cargo using motor vehicles or rail spurs, loading docks, and parking of cargo transport vehicles. Mini-storage facilities are not included.	P ¹
Wholesale Trade, including establishments engaged in selling and distributing goods and services to retailers; to industrial, commercial, or professional business users; or to other wholesalers, generally without transformation. Wholesalers sell goods and services to other businesses, not the general public.	P^1
Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, subject to Section 835	P

Notes to Table 604-1:

- Manufacturing, transportation, distribution, warehousing, and wholesale trade of certain products are conditional uses, when specifically listed as such in Table 604-1.
- Marijuana production, marijuana processing, and marijuana wholesaling shall be located entirely within one or more completely enclosed buildings. A maximum of 20,000 square feet of building floor space may be used for all activities associated with marijuana production, marijuana processing, and marijuana wholesaling on a lot of record.
- This use may include concessions, restrooms, maintenance facilities, and similar support uses.

- ⁴ Components of a sewer system that serve land outside urban growth boundaries or unincorporated community boundaries are prohibited.
- The use is limited to sewer systems that: are designed and constructed so that their capacity does not exceed the minimum necessary to serve the area within the boundaries described under ORS 660-011-0060(4)(b)(B), except for urban reserve areas as provided under OAR 660-021-0040(6); and do not serve any uses other than those existing or allowed in the identified service area on the date the sewer system is approved.
- Temporary signs regulated under Subsection 1010.13(A) are a primary use.
- 5 Components of a sewer system that serve land outside urban growth boundaries or unincorporated community boundaries are prohibited.
- The use is limited to sewer systems that: are designed and constructed so that their capacity does not exceed the minimum necessary to serve the area within the boundaries described under OAR 660-011-0060(4)(b)(B), except for urban reserve areas as provided under OAR 660-021-0040(6); and do not serve any uses other than those existing or allowed in the identified service area on the date the sewer system is approved.
- Utility cabinets are a primary use if they comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*, or if they are inside a road right-of-way. Otherwise they Utility carrier cabinets are a conditional use if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A).
- 8 Except for telephone exchanges, utility facilities shall not include shops, garages, or general administrative offices.

Table 604-2: Dimensional Standards in the RI District

Standard	RI
Minimum Lot Size	None ¹
Minimum Front Setback	30 feet
Minimum Rear Setback	$0^{2,3}$
Minimum Side Setback	0 ^{2,3}
Maximum Building Floor Space per Commercial Use in an Unincorporated Community	4,000 square feet ⁴

Standard	RI
Maximum Building Floor Space per Industrial Use in an Unincorporated Community	40,000 square feet ⁵
Maximum Building Floor Space per Industrial Use outside an Unincorporated Community	39,500 square feet ⁶

- The minimum lot size inside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary is 20 acres. The 20-acre minimum lot size is applicable to a subdivision or partition, but not to a property line adjustment.
- If the lot line abuts a residential zoning district, the minimum is 30 feet plus five feet for each 10-foot increase in building height over 35 feet. Height increments of less than 10 feet shall be rounded up to the nearest 10-foot increment. For example, if the building height is 49 feet, the minimum rear setback shall be 40 feet. If the lot line abuts a commercial zoning district, the minimum shall be 10 feet plus five feet for each 10-foot increase in building height over 35 feet. Height increments of less than 10 feet shall be rounded up to the nearest 10-foot increment. For example, if the building height is 49 feet, the minimum rear setback shall be 20 feet.
- Notwithstanding Note 2, the minimum rear and side setback standards applicable in the RA-2 District apply to dwellings that are nonconforming uses, as well as to uses that are accessory to such dwellings.
- ⁴ No maximum applies to uses authorized under Oregon Statewide Planning Goals 3 and 4 and uses intended to serve the community and surrounding rural area or the travel needs of people passing through the area.
- No maximum applies to uses authorized under Statewide Planning Goals 3 and 4; expansion of a use that existed on December 5, 1994; uses that require proximity to a rural resource, as defined in Oregon Administrative Rules 660-004-0022(3)(a); new uses that will not exceed the capacity of water and sewer service available to the site on December 5, 1994, or, if such services are not available to the site, the capacity of the site itself to provide water and absorb sewage; and uses sited on abandoned or diminished mill sites.
- No maximum applies to the primary processing of raw material produced in rural areas, or uses sited on abandoned or diminished mill sites. Also, any lawfully established industrial use that existed on December 20, 2001, may expand to occupy a maximum of 40,000 square feet of building floor space or 25 percent more building floor space than was occupied by the use on December 20, 2001, whichever is greater.

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604-8

702 OPEN SPACE MANAGEMENT DISTRICT (OSM)

702.01 PURPOSE

The intent of the Open Space Management (OSM) District is to preserve and manage the County's committed open space resources for the benefit, health, and welfare of the people. These resources provide the community with recreation areas, help satisfy a need for contrast with the built environment, protect natural areas and provide areas of quiet contemplation and enjoyment of the natural environment.

702.02 AREAS OF APPLICATION

The OSM District shall apply to those areas identified as urban on the Comprehensive Plan and Mount Hood Community Plan maps, in Metro's Urban Reserve Areas, or identified in the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan.

- A. Parks, whether existing, acquired, or dedicated in the future (see Section 1011 for dedication requirements);
- B. Other public and private recreation areas, including school playgrounds and golf courses;
- C. Cemeteries:
- D. Unique or distinctive natural areas which have been either dedicated to the public or preserved through an easement; and
- E. Natural areas in Metro's Urban Reserve Areas or identified in the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan, when under public or common ownership.

702.03 PRIMARY USES

- A. Public and private outdoor recreation facilities, and parks, including covered but not enclosed areas. Such facilities may include ball fields, swimming pools, play equipment, driving ranges, tennis courts, community gardens, fountain courts, and plazas, provided such uses and facilities are not intended for the purpose of obtaining a commercial profit. These uses are allowed in the urban area and urban services areas. Outside the urban areas these uses are subject to Subsection 702.05;
- B. Nature trails, bird sanctuaries, nature conservancies, and other similar natural areas provided such uses are not intended for the purpose of obtaining a commercial profit;
- C. Cemeteries;

- D. Utility earrier cabinets provided that the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot does not exceed the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A), subject to Section 830, *Utility Carrier-Cabinets*;
- E. Utility facilities in road rights-of-way;

F. Utility lines;

- E.G. Surface water retention and detention facilities. In the Clackamas River flood plain: surface water management biofiltration ponds and surface water pollution reduction facilities that minimize impact on the natural environment;
- F.H. Areas suitable for flood storage and flood mitigation purposes; and
- G.I. Wetland mitigation and enhancement facilities.

702.04 ACCESSORY USES

- A. Accessory uses listed under Subsection 702.04(B) may be allowed, provided that any structure shall be designed and integrated into the site by:
 - 1. Minimizing visual impacts by landscaping; and
 - 2. Providing skirting for manufactured dwellings, residential trailers, recreational vehicles, and other structures that do not have a continuous foundation.
- B. Accessory uses permitted subject to the above conditions include:
 - 1. A caretaker's dwelling;
 - 2. Restroom and locker room facilities;
 - 3. Information and interpretive centers;
 - 4. Pro shops and other concession sales uses incidental to a primary use, provided the combined total area devoted to this use does not exceed 500 square feet; and
 - 5. Maintenance buildings associated with a primary use;
- C. Parking and loading areas;
- D. Bus and mass transit shelters;
- E. Security facilities, such as lights, gates, and fences;
- F. Clubhouses and lodges;

- G. Cemetery office buildings, crematories, and mausoleums in conjunction with a cemetery. Crematories are subject to Section 808, *Cemeteries and Crematories*;
- H. Rainwater collection systems;
- Solar collection systems; and
- J. Electric vehicle charging stations:
- K. Utility service equipment; and
- L. Utility service lines.

702.05 CONDITIONAL USES

The following are conditional uses in the OSM District, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*.

- A. Indoor recreation facilities, meeting rooms, interpretive centers, and other similar uses provided such uses are not intended for the purpose of obtaining a commercial profit;
- B. Fire stations, public schools, and libraries when associated with open space or recreational facilities;
- C. Places of worship, subject to Section 804;
- D. Pro shops and other concession sales uses incidental to a primary use exceeding the area standards of Subsection 702.04(B)(4);
- E. Water treatment facilities and other <u>utility facilities</u> public <u>utilities</u> that exceed the limitations of primary uses in Subsection 702.03;
- F. Utility carrier cabinets if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A), subject to that do not comply with Section 830, Utility Carrier Cabinets; and are outside a road right-of-way; and
- G. Any use customarily provided in public or private recreation areas.

702.06 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Development in the OSM District is subject to the applicable provisions of Sections 1000, *Development Standards*, and 1100, *Development Review Process*. In addition, improvements shall comply with the following standards:

- A. Landscape the site to produce a setting appropriate to its function.
- B. Provide an efficient internal circulation system and facilities layout plan.

- C. Maximize access for pedestrians, bicyclists, transit riders, and people with disabilities in active recreation areas.
- D. Provide conveniences for users with disabilities.
- E. In the case of parks, conform to the classifications and standards in Policies 1.1 through 1.3 of the Parks and Recreation Section of Chapter 9, *Open Space*, *Parks*, and *Historic Sites*, of the Comprehensive Plan Table 9-1.
- F. Locate principal and accessory buildings a minimum of 10 feet from any lot in a residential zoning district.
- G. Community and Design Plans: Development within a Community or Design Plan area identified in Chapter 10, *Community Plans and Design Plans*, of the Comprehensive Plan shall comply with the specific policies and standards for the adopted Community or Design Plan.

[Amended by Ord. ZDO-224, 5/31/11; Amended by Ord. ZDO-248, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-287, 8/3/23]

711 GOVERNMENT CAMP OPEN SPACE MANAGEMENT DISTRICT (GCOSM)

711.01 PURPOSE

The intent of the Government Camp Open Space Management District is to preserve and manage the Government Camp open space resources for the benefit, health, and welfare of the people. These resources provide the community with recreation, water quality treatment facilities, natural protection areas, and pedestrian networks. Management of these resources will help protect, enhance, and maintain the quality of living and environmental character of Government Camp.

711.02 AREAS OF APPLICATION

The Government Camp Open Space Management District shall apply to those areas within the Government Camp Village, as described in the Mount Hood Community Plan, and have the following characteristics:

- A. Parks, whether existing, acquired, or dedicated in the future (see Section 1011 for dedication requirements);
- B. Public and private recreation areas, including areas used for skiing, skating, skateboarding, hiking, biking, and other similar activities;
- C. Natural and historic areas that are dedicated to the public or preserved through an easement;
- D. Areas that buffer existing residential development for the purpose of providing privacy and maintaining the natural character and quality of living in the community;
- E. Areas necessary for utility facilities, such as sewage treatment plants, public water facilities, or water quality treatment facilities.

711.03 PRIMARY USES

- A. Public and private outdoor recreation areas, including hiking and biking trails, and ski transportation facilities such as chairlifts and gondolas;
- B. Nature trails, bird sanctuaries, nature conservancies, and other similar natural areas;
- C. Utility carrier cabinets provided that the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot does not exceed the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A), subject to Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*; and
- D. Utility facilities in road rights-of-way;

E. Utility lines;

D.F. Water quality treatment facilities, except those listed as conditional uses in Subsection 711.05.

711.04 ACCESSORY USES

Accessory uses listed below may be allowed provided landscaping in compliance with Section 1009, *Landscaping*, is used to obscure visual impacts:

- A. Restroom and locker room facilities;
- B. Information and interpretive centers, provided they are not enclosed;
- C. Maintenance buildings and support facilities customarily associated with a primary use;
- D. Rainwater collection facilities;
- E. Solar collection systems; and
- F. Electric vehicle charging stations;
- G. Utility service equipment; and
- H. Utility service lines.

711.05 CONDITIONAL USES

- A. The following are conditional uses in the GCOSM District, approval of which is subject to Section 1203, *Conditional Uses*:
 - 1. Medical clinics, when associated with and incidental to a primary use;
 - 2. Sport shops, restaurants, and other concession sales uses when associated with and incidental to a primary use;
 - 3. Sewage treatment plants; and
 - 4. Utility earrier cabinets if the combined volume of all cabinets located on a single lot exceeds the applicable maximum established pursuant to Subsection 830.01(A), subject to that do not comply with Section 830, Utility Carrier Cabinets, and are outside a road right-of-way.
- B. Conditional uses are subject to the following standards and criteria:
 - 1. Approval shall not be granted if the proposed use requires a new access to Highway 26 or additional parking, unless such access and parking receive approval from the Oregon Department of Transportation.

2. The maximum building floor space per commercial use shall be 8,000 square feet.

711.06 PROHIBITED USES

Private outdoor recreation uses that generate vehicular trips, excluding uses for the Summit Ski Area or Multorpor Ski Bowl that do not exceed the United States Forest Service (USFS) Persons at One Time (PAOT) limits. See the table below for the PAOT limits:

US Forest Service Permitted Recreation Facility	US Forest Service Persons at One Time (PAOT) limits
Summit Ski Area	1500
Multorpor Ski Bowl (Ski Bowl West and Ski Bowl Multorpor Combined)	7800

711.07 BUFFER AREAS

Buffer areas shall be maintained in natural vegetation, except for minor developments such as:

- A. Extending and connecting trail systems;
- B. Posting directional, interpretative, and warning signs not exceeding three square feet for trails;
- C. Bridges or constructed walkways;
- D. Lift and tram towers; and
- E. Development of connecting roads to lands within Government Camp shall be minimized to the fullest possible extent.

711.08 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

The following dimensional standards apply in the GCOSM District:

- A. Minimum Front Setback: The minimum front setback is 30 feet.
- B. Minimum Rear Setback: The minimum rear setback is 30 feet.
- C. Minimum Side Setback: The minimum side setback is 10 feet.

711.09 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

Conditional uses in the GCOSM District are subject to the applicable provisions of Section 1000, *Development Standards*, and the review procedures of Section 1102, *Design Review*. In addition, the following development standards apply:

- A. The subject property shall be landscaped to produce a setting appropriate to the area's character and development's function. Screening and buffering of adjacent residential zoning districts shall occur pursuant to Section 1009, *Landscaping*
- B. An efficient internal circulation system and facilities layout plan shall be provided. In addition, motorized and non-motorized connections to external circulation systems and trails shall be provided.
- C. Access shall be maximized for pedestrians, bicyclists, transit riders, and people with disabilities in active recreation areas.
- D. Park facilities shall comply with the classifications and standards of Policies 1.1 through 1.3 in the Parks and Recreation section of Chapter 9, *Open Space*, *Parks*, *and Historic Sites*, of the Comprehensive Plan Table 9-1.

[Amended by Ord. ZDO-224, 5/31/11; Amended by Ord. ZDO-248, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-253, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18]

830 UTILITY CARRIER CABINETS

830.01 STANDARDS

Utility carrier cabinets shall comply with the following standards:

- A. <u>Maximum Volume</u>: <u>Unless approved pursuant to Section 1203</u>, <u>Conditional</u>
 <u>Uses</u>, <u>T</u>the maximum combined volume of all utility <u>carrier</u> cabinets located on a single lot shall be:
 - 1. Forty cubic feet in a residential or OSM zoning district inside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary (UGB);
 - 2. Two hundred cubic feet in a commercial or industrial zoning district inside the UGB; and
 - 3. Two hundred fifty cubic feet outside the UGB.-
- B. <u>Maximum Height</u>: The maximum height shall be five feet.
- C. <u>Setback Exemption</u>: Utility <u>carrier</u> cabinets are exempt from the minimum setback standards of this Ordinance.
- D. <u>Contact Information</u>: Utility companies shall clearly identify their carrier cabinets and provide an emergency telephone number where accidents or public safety concerns may be reported.
- E. <u>Design, Screening, or Landscaping</u>: Within the <u>UGBPortland Metropolitan</u>
 <u>Urban Growth Boundary</u>, utility <u>earrier</u> cabinets shall be designed, screened, or landscaped to blend with the development on the same lot of record or, if the utility <u>earrier</u> cabinet is in <u>athe road</u> right-of-way, with the development on the lot of record nearest the cabinet.

[Amended by Ord. ZDO-224, 5/31/11; Amended by Ord. ZDO-248, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18]

1001 GENERAL PROVISIONS

1001.01 PURPOSE

Section 1000, *Development Standards*, is adopted to implement policies in the Comprehensive Plan that are applicable to new development and thereby ensure that land is:

- A. Used efficiently to support broad-based economic development and the adequacy of housing and public services;
- B. Developed in an environmentally sustainable and aesthetically appealing manner;
- C. Supplied with public facilities sufficient to meet demand; and
- D. Served by a safe, convenient, multimodal, and interconnected transportation system.

1001.02 GENERAL STANDARDS

- A. Redevelopment of a manufactured dwelling park with a different use is subject to Subsection 825.02.
- B. A building consisting of only a basement shall not be used as a dwelling.
- C. A manufactured dwelling shall not be attached to another dwelling.
- D. A manufactured dwelling shall not be allowed as an accessory structure, except where such accessory structure is a dwelling unit permitted by this Ordinance.

1001.03 APPLICABILITY

Section 1000 applies to all development, as identified in Table 1001-1, *Applicability of Section 1000*. If a section is identified as applicable with a "✓" in Table 1001-1, it does not necessarily mean that every subsection within that section will apply; rather, each applicable section must be reviewed to determine which, if any, provisions in that section are applicable to the proposed development.

[Amended by Ord. ZDO-224, 5/31/11; Amended by Ord. ZDO-231, 1/31/12; Amended by Ord. ZDO-245, 7/1/13; Amended by Ord. ZDO-250, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-268, 10/2/18]; Amended by Ord. ZDO-282, 7/1/22

Table 1001-1: Applicability of Section 1000¹

Type of Development	1002 Protection of Natural Features	1003 Hazards to Safety	1004 Historic Protection	1005 Site and Building Design	1006 Utilities, etc	1007 Roads & Connectivity	1009 Land- scaping	1010 <i>Signs</i>	1011 Open Space and Parks	1012 Lot Size and Density	1013 Planned Unit Develop- ments	1015 Parking and Loading	1017 Solar Access	Solid Solid Waste & Recyclable Material Collection
Partitions														
Subdivisions	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Replats														
Institutional ²														
Commercial ²³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓		✓
Industrial														
Manufactured dwelling parks	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	√	✓	√		✓		
Multifamily dwellings	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓		1		✓
Detached single-family dwellings Manufactured dwellings	1002.01 1002.04 1002.05 1002.06 1002.07 1002.09 ³⁴	√	*		1	1007.04 1007.08		√				1015.01(A) 1015.02(A)(2) & (4) 1015.02(B-D) Table 1015-2		
Middle housing	in the R-5, R-7,	R-8.5, R-1	0, R-15, R-20	, R-30, VR	2-4/5, and V	R-5/7 Districts	S						T	
Duplexes, Triplexes, and Townhouses	1002.01 1002.09 ³	✓	✓		✓	1007.04 1007.08		✓				1015.01(A)		
Quadplexes and Cottage Clusters	1002.01 1002.09 ³	√	✓		✓	1007.04		√				1015.02(A)(2) & (4) 1015.02(B-D) Table 1015-2		
Middle housing land divisions	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓		✓		14010 1010 2		

Type of Development Middle housing	1002 Protection of Natural Features	1003 Hazards to Safety	1004 Historic Protection	1005 Site and Building Design	1006 Utilities, etc	1007 Roads & Connectivity	1009 Land- scaping	1010 <i>Signs</i>	1011 Open Space and Parks	Lot Size and Density	1013 Planned Unit Develop- ments	1015 Parking and Loading	1017 Solar Access	Solid Waste & Recyclable Material Collection
Wildle Housing	III ali otilei zoiii	ing uistrict	,	T	Т	Т		ı	1		Т	T	ı	ı
Townhouses with two dwelling units	1002.01 1002.04 1002.05 1002.06 1002.07 1002.09 ³	✓	✓		✓	1007.04 1007.08		√		✓		✓		✓
Duplexes, Triplexes, Quadplexes, and Townhouses with three or more dwelling units	~	√	*	1	1	√	*	1	1	√		√		✓

Where specific subsections are not identified in this table, an applicable section must be reviewed to determine which provisions in that section apply to the proposed development.

² Utility cabinets that comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*; utility facilities in road rights-of-way; and utility lines are not subject to Section 1000.

Level one through three mobile vending units are not subject to Section 1000, except as set forth in Section 837, *Mobile Vending Units*.

⁴³ Subsection 1002.09 also applies to accessory structures.

1006 UTILITIES, STREET LIGHTS, WATER SUPPLY, SEWAGE DISPOSAL, SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT, AND EROSION CONTROL

1006.01 GENERAL STANDARDS

- A. The location, design, installation, and maintenance of all utility lines and facilities shall be carried out with minimum feasible disturbance of soil and site consistent with the rules and regulations of the surface water management regulatory authority.
- B. All development that has a need for electricity, natural gas, and communications services shall install them pursuant to the requirements of the utility district or company serving the development. Except where otherwise prohibited by the utility district or company, <u>utility service linesall such facilities</u> shall be installed underground.
- C. Coordinated installation of necessary water, sanitary sewer, and surface water management and conveyance facilities is required.
- D. Easements shall be provided along lot lines as deemed necessary by the County, special districts, and utility companies. Easements for special purpose uses shall be of a width deemed appropriate by the responsible agency.

1006.02 STREET LIGHTS

Street lights are required for all development inside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary. The following standards apply:

- A. Street lighting shall be installed pursuant to the requirements of Clackamas County Service District No. 5 and the electric company serving the development. A street light shall be installed where a new road intersects a County road right-of-way and, in the case of subdivisions, at every intersection within the subdivision.
- B. Areas outside Clackamas County Service District No. 5 shall annex to the district through petition to the district.

1006.03 WATER SUPPLY

- A. Development which has a need for, or will be provided with, public or community water service shall install water service facilities and grant necessary easements pursuant to the requirements of the district or company serving the development.
- B. Approval of a development that requires public or community water service shall be granted only if the applicant provides a preliminary statement of feasibility from the water system service provider.

- 1. The statement shall verify that water service, including fire flows, is available in levels appropriate for the development and that adequate water system capacity is available in source, supply, treatment, transmission, storage and distribution. Alternatively, the statement shall verify that such levels and capacity can be made available through improvements completed by the developer or the system owner.
- 2. If the statement indicates that water service is adequate with the exception of fire flows, the applicant shall provide a statement from the fire district serving the subject property that states that an alternate method of fire protection, such as an on-site water source or a sprinkler system, is acceptable.
- 3. The statement shall be dated no more than one year prior to the date a complete land use application is filed and need not reserve water system capacity for the development.
- C. Prior to final approval of a partition or subdivision, the applicant shall provide evidence that any wells in the tract subject to temporary or permanent abandonment under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 537.665 have been properly abandoned.
- D. The following standards apply inside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary, Government Camp, Rhododendron, Wemme/Welches, Wildwood/Timberline, and Zigzag Village:
 - 1. Land divisions or other development requiring water service shall not be approved, except as provided in Subsection 1006.03(D)(4), unless they can be served by a public water system in compliance with drinking water standards as determined by the Oregon Health Authority.
 - 2. Development requiring water service within the boundaries of a water service system, created pursuant to ORS chapters 264, 450, or 451, shall receive service from this system.
 - 3. New public water systems shall not be created unless formed pursuant to ORS chapters 264, 450, or 451.
 - 4. A lot of record not located within the approved boundaries of a public water system may be served by an alternative water source.
- E. The following standards apply outside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary, Government Camp, Rhododendron, Wemme/Welches, Wildwood/Timberline, and Zigzag Village:
 - 1. Applicants shall specify a lawful water source for the proposed development, such as a public or community water system, certificated water right, or exempt-use well.

- 2. If use of an exempt-use well is proposed, subdivisions—as well as the following types of development in a sensitive groundwater area: partitions, Type II replats, and industrial, commercial, or institutional development—must affirmatively demonstrate that:
 - a. The subject aquifer is capable of sustaining the proposed development with sufficient potable water.
 - b. The proposed development is not likely to unreasonably interfere with existing wells. "Unreasonably interfere" means that a proposed development will result in one or more senior groundwater appropriators being unable to obtain either the permitted or the customary quantity of groundwater, whichever is less, from a reasonably efficient well that fully penetrates the aquifer where the aquifer is relatively uniformly permeable. However, in aquifers where flow is predominantly through fractures, full penetration may not be required as a condition of finding substantial or undue interference.
 - c. The proposed development is not likely to contribute to the overdraft of the affected aquifer.
- 3. Except for land divisions in which all proposed lots are already developed with the maximum number of dwelling units that would be allowable following the land division (excluding potential temporary dwellings for care), and except for industrial, commercial, and institutional development demonstrated to have no statistical increase in water usage, an applicant for any proposed development subject to Subsection 1006.03(E)(2) shall submit a hydrogeologic review with the subject application. The purposes of a hydrogeologic review are to provide information and professional analysis regarding the geology and hydrogeology of the area in the immediate vicinity of the proposed development for the County to determine compliance with Subsection 1006.03(E)(2). Study findings, maps, and conclusions shall be presented in a clear and understandable report.
 - a. A hydrogeologic review report shall include sufficient evidence and analysis to demonstrate compliance with Subsection 1006.03(E)(2), and at a minimum, shall include the following information:
 - i. A map showing all lots and parcels within at least one-quarter mile of the proposed development;
 - ii. The location, as determined by publicly available information, of all known wells on all lots or parcels within at least one-quarter mile of the proposed development, and the quantity of water permitted to be used;

- iii. The estimated use of groundwater within at least one-quarter mile of the proposed development, including but not limited to, 400 gallons per day of household use for each lot and parcel, 2,000 gallons per day for lawn and landscape irrigation from June through September, and water use from permitted wells. The estimated use of groundwater shall include any development or tentative land division which has been approved by the county, and shall assume development of a single-family residence on each undeveloped lot or parcel;
- iv. The quantity of water the proposed land use will utilize. If the proposal is for residential use, water use shall be calculated as 400 gallons per day per household and 2000 gallons per day for lawn and landscape irrigation from June through September. If the proposal is for a land division for residential purposes, all proposed lots or parcels shall be included in the calculation, and the calculation shall assume that the remainder of the tract will be developed at its allowed density;
- v. Identification of aquifers in the area of the subject property;
- vi. Compilation and review of available geologic and hydrogeologic studies of the review area;
- vii. Compilation and evaluation of available well deepening and replacement well information in the review area;
- viii. Compilation and analysis of existing geologic information, including representative well logs, physical location of representative wells, and an evaluation of the local stratigraphy and geologic structure in the review area:
- ix. Compilation and analysis of existing and available water level and pump test information including evaluation of long-term stability and sustainability of groundwater levels (heads); and
- x. Interpretation of the information gathered for Subsections 1006.03(E)(3)(a)(i) through (ix), including preparation of geologic and hydrogeologic maps and cross sections necessary to support and/or illustrate the interpretation.
- b. A hydrogeologic review shall conclude that there is sufficient information to demonstrate compliance with Subsection 1006.03(E)(2), and may need to be based on draw down tests or other physical measurements where necessary.
- c. The Planning Director may, at the Director's discretion, allow an applicant to modify the water use assumptions used in the hydrogeologic review where an applicant proposes enforceable water conservation and/or reuse measures, including but not limited to:
 - i. Gray water use;
 - ii. Water conserving appliances and fixtures;

- iii. Landscaping with drought resistant plants; or
- iv. Rainwater harvest and/or the use of cisterns.

To be deemed enforceable, any conservation or reuse measure must be approved by County Counsel.

- 4. All reviews and plans required by Subsection 1006.03(E) shall be reviewed by a qualified professional of the County's choice during the development review process. Such review shall include examination to ensure required elements have been completed, study procedures and assumptions are generally accepted, and all conclusions and recommendations are supported and reasonable.
- 5. Outside of sensitive groundwater areas, the Planning Director may, at the Director's discretion, waive some or all of the requirements for a hydrogeologic review where an applicant demonstrates through well logs or other evidence that the specified information is not necessary to determine compliance with Subsection 1006.03(E)(2).
- 6. Water service for partitions and subdivisions shall be provided according to the provisions of ORS 92.090. When no water is to be provided by a public or community water system, there shall be a note on the final plat indicating that no public water service is being provided, in addition to the filing and disclosure requirements of ORS 92.090.
- 7. Approved land divisions at densities requiring public water service shall include a note on the final plat indicating public water service is required for development.
- 8. For a major subdivision, all lots shall be served by a single public or community water source.

1006.04 SANITARY SEWER SERVICE

- A. All development that has a need for sanitary sewers shall install the facilities pursuant to the requirements of the district or company serving the development.
- B. Approval of a development that requires sanitary sewer service shall be granted only if the applicant provides a preliminary statement of feasibility from the sanitary sewage treatment service provider and the collection system service provider.
 - 1. The statement shall verify that sanitary sewer capacity in the wastewater treatment system and the sanitary sewage collection system is available to serve the development or can be made available through improvements completed by the developer or the system owner.

- 2. The service provider may require preliminary sanitary sewer system plans and calculations for the proposed development prior to signing a preliminary statement of feasibility.
- 3. The statement shall be dated no more than one year prior to the date a complete land use application is filed and need not reserve sanitary sewer system capacity for the development.
- C. Hotels and motels are permitted in unincorporated communities only if served by a community sewer system as defined by Oregon Administrative Rules 660-022-0010(2).

1006.05 ONSITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT

- A. All development that requires onsite wastewater treatment shall receive approval for the system from the County prior to submittal of a land use application for development. Onsite wastewater treatment systems shall be installed pursuant to: Oregon Revised Statutes 454.605 through 454.745; Oregon Administrative Rules chapter 340, divisions 71 and 73; and the policies of the County.
- B. Inside the Portland Metropolitan Urban Growth Boundary (UGB), Government Camp, Rhododendron, Wemme/Welches, Wildwood/Timberline, and Zigzag Village, all land divisions or other development that requires onsite wastewater treatment shall be prohibited except for:
 - 1. A lot of record that is outside of a sewage service district and was created:
 - a. Prior to January 31, 1980; or
 - b. On or after January 31, 1980, and prior to inclusion in the UGB;
 - 2. Lots of 10 acres or larger in the FU-10 District;
 - 3. Lots that do not have a sanitary sewerage system that is legally and physically available as defined in OAR 340-071-0160(4)(f)(A) and (B), including lots that have unique topographic or other natural features that make sewer extension impractical as determined on a case-by-case basis by the sewer service provider; and
 - 4. Areas under a sewer moratorium with sewer services five years or more away if the area is annexed into a city or district that can assure that future delivery of sewerage services is planned.
- C. Notwithstanding Subsection 1006.05(B), development of triplexes, quadplexes, townhouses, or cottage clusters in the VR-4/5, VR-5/7, R-5, R-7, R-8.5, R-10, R-15, R-20, or R-30 Districts is prohibited if the development requires onsite wastewater treatment.

1006.06 SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

The following surface water management and erosion control standards apply:

- A. Positive drainage and adequate conveyance of surface water shall be provided from roofs, footings, foundations, and other impervious or near-impervious surfaces to an appropriate discharge point.
- B. The requirements of the surface water management regulatory authority apply. If the County is the surface water management regulatory authority, the surface water management requirements of the *Clackamas County Roadway Standards* apply.
- C. Approval of a development shall be granted only if the applicant provides a preliminary statement of feasibility from the surface water management regulatory authority. The statement shall verify that adequate surface water management, treatment and conveyance is available to serve the development or can be made available through improvements completed by the developer or the system owner.
 - 1. The surface water management regulatory authority may require a preliminary surface water management plan and report, natural resource assessment, and buffer analysis prior to signing the preliminary statement of feasibility.
 - 2. The statement shall be dated no more than one year prior to the date a complete land use application is filed and need not reserve surface water treatment and conveyance system capacity for the development.
- D. Development shall be planned, designed, constructed, and maintained to:
 - 1. Protect and preserve existing natural drainage channels to the maximum practicable extent;
 - 2. Protect development from flood hazards;
 - 3. Provide a system by which water within the development will be controlled without causing damage or harm to the natural environment, or to property or persons within the drainage basin;
 - Ensure that waters drained from the development are substantially free of pollutants, including sedimentary materials, through such construction and drainage techniques as sedimentation ponds, reseeding, and phasing of grading; and
 - 5. Ensure that waters are drained from the development in such a manner that will not cause erosion to any greater extent than would occur in the absence of development.

- E. Where culverts cannot provide sufficient capacity without significant environmental degradation, the County may require the watercourse to be bridged or spanned.
- F. If a development, or any part thereof, is traversed by any watercourse, channel, stream, creek, gulch, or other natural drainage channel, adequate easements for surface water management purposes shall be provided to the surface water management regulatory authority.
- G. Channel obstructions are not allowed, except as approved for the creation of detention, retention, or hydropower facilities approved under this Ordinance. Fences with swing gates may be utilized.
- H. The natural drainage pattern shall not be substantially altered at the periphery of the subject property. Greatly accelerated release of stored water is prohibited. Flow shall not be diverted to lands that have not previously encountered overland flow from the same upland source unless adjacent downstream owners agree.
- I. A surface water management and erosion control plan is required for significant residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional development. The plan shall include:
 - 1. The methods to be used to minimize the amount of runoff siltation and pollution created from the development both during and after construction; and
 - 2. Other elements required by the surface water management authority.

1006.07 PRELIMINARY STATEMENTS OF FEASIBILITY EXCEPTIONS

- A. A land use application shall be deemed complete and may be approved without the submittal of one or more of the preliminary statements of feasibility required by Subsections 1006.03, 1006.04, and 1006.06 if the applicant demonstrates that a good faith attempt has been made to obtain the statement(s). At a minimum, demonstration of a good faith attempt shall require the applicant to submit the following:
 - 1. A statement signed by the applicant indicating that the service provider or surface water management authority has not responded to a request for a preliminary statement of feasibility or has refused to issue one. When the refusal to issue a preliminary statement of feasibility is based upon a finding that adequate service cannot be provided, such refusal shall not qualify for an exception under this subsection; and

- 2. A copy of a letter delivered to the service provider or surface water management authority clearly requesting a preliminary statement of feasibility. The letter shall be dated no less than 30 days prior to the submittal of the land use application.
- B. In the absence of evidence in the record to the contrary, it shall be presumed that the failure of a service provider or surface water management authority to respond to a request for a preliminary statement of feasibility constitutes a finding of adequacy of service. This presumption shall be for the purposes of land use application approval only and does not guarantee that service can be provided.

[Amended by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-282, 7/1/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]

1102 DESIGN REVIEW

1102.01 PURPOSE AND APPLICABILITY

Section 1102 is adopted to provide standards, criteria, and procedures under which design review may be approved.

- A. Design review is required for:
 - <u>1</u>A.Development, redevelopment, expansions, and improvements in commercial and industrial zoning districts, except for:
 - <u>a</u>⁴. Uses approved through a zone change to NC District; and
 - <u>b2</u>. Detached single-family dwellings, manufactured dwellings, and uses accessory to detached single-family dwellings and manufactured dwellings;
 - **2B**. Development, redevelopment, expansions, and improvements in the following residential zoning districts: HDR, MR-1, MR-2, PMD, RCHDR, SHD, VA, and VTH;
 - <u>3</u>C. Development, redevelopment, expansions, and improvements in the MRR District, except for detached single-family dwellings, manufactured homes, and uses accessory to detached single-family dwellings and manufactured homes;
 - 4D.Institutional uses in the Urban Low Density Residential, VR-4/5, and VR-5/7 Districts:
 - 5\overline{\Delta}\). Townhouses and institutional uses in the HR District; and
 - **<u>6F.</u>** Other uses as required by the Planning Director, the Hearings Officer, or the Board of County Commissioners.
- B. Notwithstanding Subsection 1102.01(A), design review is not required for utility cabinets that comply with Section 830, *Utility Cabinets*; utility facilities in road rights-of-way; and utility lines.

1102.02 SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

In addition to the submittal requirements identified in Subsection 1307.07(C), an application for design review shall include:

- A. A narrative describing the proposed use;
- B. An engineering geologic study, if required pursuant to Section 1002, *Protection of Natural Features*, or 1003, *Hazards to Safety*;

- C. Preliminary statements of feasibility, if required pursuant to Section 1006, *Utilities, Street Lights, Water Supply, Sewage Disposal, Surface Water Management, and Erosion Control*;
- D. A transportation impact study, if required pursuant to Section 1007, *Roads and Connectivity*;
- E. Calculations demonstrating compliance with Section 1012, *Lot Size and Density*, if applicable;
- F. A vicinity map showing the location of the subject property in relation to adjacent properties, roads, bikeways, pedestrian access, utility access, and manmade or natural site features that cross the boundaries of the subject property;
- G. An existing conditions map, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch equals 50 feet, showing:
 - 1. Contour lines at two-foot intervals for slopes of 20 percent or less within an urban growth boundary; contour lines at five-foot intervals for slopes exceeding 20 percent within an urban growth boundary; contour lines at 10-foot intervals outside an urban growth boundary; source of contour information.
 - 2. Slope analysis designating portions of the site according to the following slope ranges and identifying the total land area in each category: zero to 20 percent, greater than 20 percent to 35 percent, greater than 35 percent to 50 percent, and greater than 50 percent;
 - 3. Drainage;
 - 4. Potential hazards to safety, including areas identified as mass movement, flood, soil, or fire hazards pursuant to Section 1003;
 - 5. Natural features, such as rivers, streams, wetlands, underground springs, wildlife habitat, earth mounds, and large rock outcroppings;
 - 6. Wooded areas, significant clumps or groves of trees, and specimen conifers, oaks, and other large deciduous trees. Where the site is heavily wooded, an aerial photograph, at a scale of not more than 1 inch equals 400 feet, may be submitted and only those trees that will be affected by the proposed development need be sited accurately;
 - 7. Overlay zoning districts regulated by Section 700, Special Districts;
 - 8. Noise sources:
 - 9. Sun and wind exposure;

- 10. Significant views;
- 11. Structures, impervious surfaces, utilities, onsite wastewater treatment systems, landscaping, driveways and easements (e.g., access, utility, storm drainage). Note whether these will remain or be removed and provide dimensions of driveways and easements; and
- 12. All of the following that are on or adjacent to the subject property, including dimensions and, if applicable, names: existing roads, platted unconstructed roads, railroad rights-of-way, bikeways, curbs, sidewalks, pedestrian pathways, accessways, and trails.
- H. A proposed site plan, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch equals 50 feet, showing:
 - 1. The subject property, including contiguous property under the same ownership as the subject property, and adjacent properties;
 - 2. Property lines and dimensions for the subject property. Indicate any proposed changes to these;
 - 3. Natural features to be retained;
 - 4. Location, dimensions, and names of all existing or platted roads or other public ways, easements, and railroad rights-of-way on or adjacent to the subject property;
 - 5. The location of at least one temporary benchmark and spot elevations;
 - 6. Location and dimensions of structures, impervious surfaces, and utilities, whether proposed or existing and intended to be retained. For phased developments, include future buildings;
 - 7. Approximate location and size of storm drainage facilities;
 - 8. Relation to transit; parking and loading areas, including dimensions and number of individual parking and loading spaces and drive aisles; bicycle racks; walkways; and pedestrian crossings;
 - 9. Orientation of structures showing windows and doors;
 - 10. Location and type of lighting;
 - 11. Service areas for waste disposal, recycling, loading, and delivery;
 - 12. Location of mail boxes;
 - 13. Freestanding signs; and

- 14. Pedestrian amenities;
- I. A grading plan, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch equals 50 feet, showing location and extent of proposed grading, general contour lines, slope ratios, slope stabilization proposals, and natural resources protection consistent with Sections 1002 and 1003:
- J. Architectural drawings, including:
 - Building elevations, including any building signs. Identify the dimensions, area, color, materials, and means of illumination of such signs. Identify and show dimensions of any electronic message center or other changeable copy sign areas;
 - 2. Building sections;
 - 3. Floor plans;
 - 4. Color and type of building materials; and
 - 5. Elevation of freestanding sign(s). Identify the dimensions—including total height and height between bottom of sign and ground, area, color, materials, and means of illumination. Identify and show dimensions of any electronic message center or other changeable copy sign areas; and
 - 6. Gross floor area, in square feet, of each structure; floor area ratio if a minimum floor area ratio standard applies; and number of dwelling units;
- K. A general landscaping plan, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch equals 50 feet, showing the elements required on the proposed site plan and:
 - 1. Existing plants and groups of plants proposed;
 - 2. Description of soil conditions; plans for soil treatment such as stockpiling of topsoil or addition of soil amendments; and plant selection requirements relating to soil conditions;
 - 3. Erosion controls, including plant materials and soil stabilization, if any;
 - 4. Irrigation system;
 - 5. Landscape-related structures such as fences, terraces, decks, patios, shelters and play areas; and
 - 6. Open space and recreational areas and facilities, if applicable.
- L. A transportation improvement plan that includes proposed cross-sections for roads to be constructed or improved, including widths of travel lanes, bikeways, sidewalks, curbs, pedestrian pathways, and landscape strips. Identify proposed

1102.03 APPROVAL CRITERIA

Design review requires review as a Type II application pursuant to Section 1307, *Procedures*, and shall be subject to the following standards and criteria:

- A. The proposed development shall be subject to Section 1000, *Development Standards*, and the standards of the applicable zoning district.
- B. As part of design review in the PMU and RCO Districts, a master plan shall be required if the proposed development does not meet the minimum floor area ratio for the entire site (where phased compliance is permitted by Table 510-2, *Dimensional Standards in the Urban Commercial and Mixed-Use Zoning Districts*) or if compliance with Table 510-3: *Site-Specific Requirements for the PMU District*, is not being achieved for the entire PMU site. The master plan shall demonstrate that it is feasible to achieve full compliance with a future phase of development that is not reliant upon adding additional stories to existing or proposed structures or demolishing structures built after the PMU or RCO District was applied to the subject property.
- C. As part of design review of development of any portion of the OA District, a master plan shall be required for the subject property and all contiguous lots with a Comprehensive Plan land use designation of Office Apartment. The master plan shall include a plan for consolidation of motor vehicle accesses for the entire Office Apartment site that complies with the access targets of Comprehensive Plan Map X-SC-5, Sunnyside Corridor Community Plan Sunnyside Road Access Management Targets.

1102.04 DESIGN REVIEW COMMITTEE

A Design Review Committee shall be established pursuant to Subsection 1307.03 and shall have the responsibilities assigned to it by Subsection 1102.04.

- A. The Planning Director may review and render a decision on a Type II application for design review or forward the application to the Design Review Committee for review and recommendation prior to rendering a decision. In deciding whether to forward an application to the Design Review Committee, the Planning Director shall consider:
 - 1. The size of the project, including mass of buildings, site area, landscaping, and parking requirements;
 - 2. The presence of natural features, such as wetlands, steep slopes, treed area, and riparian corridors;
 - 3. Visual significance; and

- 4. Impact on neighboring properties, particularly where a project is adjacent to a residential area.
- B. An application shall be forwarded to the Design Review Committee for review and recommendation if requested by the applicant or required by the Hearings Officer or the Board of County Commissioners.
- C. The Planning Director may consult with individual members of the Design Review Committee at any point during the evaluation of a design review application or in determining compliance with conditions of design review approval.

1102.05 APPROVAL PERIOD AND TIME EXTENSION

- A. Approval of design review is valid for four years from the date of the final decision. If the County's final decision is appealed, the approval period shall commence on the date of the final appellate decision. During this four-year period, the approval shall be implemented, or the approval will become void.
 - 1. Implemented means all major development permits shall be obtained and maintained for the approved development, or if no major development permits are required to complete the development contemplated by the design review approval, implemented means all other necessary County development permits (e.g., grading permit, building permit for an accessory structure) shall be obtained and maintained. A major development permit is:
 - a. A building permit for a new primary structure that was part of the design review approval; or
 - b. A permit issued by the County for parking lot or road improvements required by the design review approval.
- B. If the design review approval is not implemented within the initial approval period established by Subsection 1102.05(A), a two-year time extension may be approved pursuant to Section 1310, *Time Extension*.
- C. If the design review approval is implemented, a master plan approved as part of the design review approval remains applicable to future development of the subject property unless a modification to the master plan, or a new master plan, is approved or the requirement for master planning no longer applies to the subject property.

[Amended by Ord. ZDO-224, 5/31/11; Amended by Ord. ZDO-230, 9/26/11; Amended by Ord. ZDO-249, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-250, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-248, 10/13/14; Amended by Ord. ZDO-252, 6/1/15; Amended by Ord. ZDO-266, 5/23/18; Amended by Ord. ZDO-282, 7/1/22; Amended by Ord. ZDO-283, 9/5/23]