Clackamas County Required Notices for the 2026 Plan Year

Important notice to employees from Clackamas County about creditable prescription drug coverage and Medicare

The purpose of this notice is to advise you that the prescription drug coverage listed below under the Clackamas County medical plan are expected to pay out, on average, at least as much as the standard Medicare prescription drug coverage will pay in 2026. This is known as "creditable coverage."

Why this is important. If you or your covered dependent(s) are enrolled in any prescription drug coverage during 2026 listed in this notice and are or become covered by Medicare, you may decide to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan later and not be subject to a late enrollment penalty – as long as you had creditable coverage within 63 days of your Medicare prescription drug plan enrollment. You should keep this notice with your important records.

If you or your family members aren't currently covered by Medicare and won't become covered by Medicare in the next 12 months, this notice doesn't apply to you.

Please read the notice below carefully. It has information about prescription drug coverage with Clackamas County and prescription drug coverage available for people with Medicare. It also tells you where to find more information to help you make decisions about your prescription drug coverage.

Notice of creditable coverage

You may have heard about Medicare's prescription drug coverage (called Part D), and wondered how it would affect you. Prescription drug coverage is available to everyone with Medicare through Medicare prescription drug plans. All Medicare prescription drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.

Individuals can enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan when they first become eligible, and each year from October 15 through December 7. Individuals leaving employer/union coverage may be eligible for a Medicare Special Enrollment Period.

If you are covered by one of the Clackamas County prescription drug plans listed below, you'll be interested to know that the prescription drug coverage under the plans is, on average, at least as good as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage for 2026. This is called creditable coverage. Coverage under one of these plans will help you avoid a late Part D enrollment penalty if you are or become eligible for Medicare and later decide to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan.

- General County Kaiser Medical/Vision
- General County Providence Personal Option Medical/Vision
- General County Providence Open Option Medical/Vision
- POA Kaiser Medical/Vision

- POA Providence Personal Option Medical/Vision
- POA Providence Open Option Medical/Vision
- Providence Open Option Medical High Deductible
- Kaiser Medical/Vision High Deductible

If you decide to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan and you are an active employee or family member of an active employee, you may also continue your employer coverage. In this case, the Clackamas County plan will continue to pay primary or secondary as it had before you enrolled in a Medicare prescription drug plan. If you waive or drop Clackamas County coverage, Medicare will be your only payer. You can re-enroll in the employer plan at annual enrollment or if you have a special enrollment or other qualifying event, or otherwise become newly eligible to enroll in the Clackamas County plan mid-year, assuming you remain eligible.

You should know that if you waive or leave coverage with Clackamas County and you go 63 days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage (once your applicable Medicare enrollment period ends), your monthly Part D premium will go up at least 1% per month for every month that you did not have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 19 months without coverage, your Medicare prescription drug plan premium will always be at least 19% higher than what most other people pay. You'll have to pay this higher premium as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to enroll in Part D.

You may receive this notice at other times in the future – such as before the next period you can enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage, if this Clackamas County coverage changes, or upon your request.

For more information about your options under Medicare prescription drug coverage

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the *Medicare & You* handbook. Medicare participants will get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare prescription drug plans. Here's how to get more information about Medicare prescription drug plans:

- Visit medicare.gov for personalized help.
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see a copy of the Medicare & You handbook for the telephone number) or visit the program online at https://www.shiptacenter.org/.
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

For people with limited income and resources, extra help paying for a Medicare prescription drug plan is available. Information about this extra help is available from the Social Security Administration (SSA). For more information about this extra help, visit SSA online at www.socialsecurity.gov or call 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this notice. If you enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan after your applicable Medicare enrollment period ends, you may need to provide a copy of this notice when you join a Part D plan to show that you are not required to pay a higher Part D premium amount.

For more information about this notice or your prescription drug coverage, contact:

Clackamas County Benefits and Wellness 2051 Kaen Rd, Ste 310 Oregon City, OR 97045 Benefits@clackamas.us

For the Medicare Part D notices, click here.

Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial 1-877-KIDS NOW or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31, 2025. Contact your State for more information on eligibility –

ALABAMA – Medicaid	ALASKA – Medicaid
Website: http://myalhipp.com/ Phone: 1-855-692-5447	The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program Website: http://myakhipp.com/ Phone: 1-866-251-4861 Email: CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com Medicaid Eligibility: https://health.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/default.aspx
ARKANSAS – Medicaid	CALIFORNIA – Medicaid

Website: http://mvarhipp.com/ Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Website: Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447) http://dhcs.ca.gov/hipp Phone: 916-445-8322 Fax: 916-440-5676 Email: hipp@dhcs.ca.gov COLORADO – Health First Colorado FLORIDA - Medicaid (Colorado's Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+) Health First Colorado Website: Website: https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/ https://www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/flmedicaidtplrecover y.com/hipp/index.html Health First Colorado Member Contact Center: Phone: 1-877-357-3268 1-800-221-3943/State Relay 711 CHP+: https://hcpf.colorado.gov/child-health-plan-plus CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/State Relay 711 Health Insurance Buy-In Program (HIBI): https://www.mycohibi.com/ HIBI Customer Service: 1-855-692-6442 INDIANA – Medicaid **GEORGIA – Medicaid** GA HIPP Website: https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-Health Insurance Premium Payment Program insurance-premium-payment-program-hipp All other Medicaid Phone: 678-564-1162, Press 1 Website: https://www.in.gov/medicaid/ http://www.in.gov/fssa/dfr/ GA CHIPRA Website: https://medicaid.georgia.gov/programs/third-party-Family and Social Services Administration liability/childrens-health-insurance-program-reauthorization-Phone: 1-800-403-0864 act-2009-chipra Member Services Phone: 1-800-457-4584 Phone: 678-564-1162, Press 2 IOWA – Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki) KANSAS – Medicaid Website: https://www.kancare.ks.gov/ Medicaid Website: Iowa Medicaid | Health & Human Services Phone: 1-800-792-4884 Medicaid Phone: 1-800-338-8366 HIPP Phone: 1-800-967-4660 Hawki Website: Hawki - Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa | Health & Human Services Hawki Phone: 1-800-257-8563 HIPP Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Health & Human Services (iowa.gov) HIPP Phone: 1-888-346-9562

LOUISIANA - Medicaid

KENTUCKY – Medicaid

Kentucky Integrated Health Insurance Premium Payment

Program (KI-HIPP) Website:

https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/kihipp.aspx

Phone: 1-855-459-6328

Email: <u>KIHIPP.PROGRAM@ky.gov</u> KCHIP Website: <u>https://kynect.ky.gov</u>

Phone: 1-877-524-4718 Kentucky Medicaid Website: https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms Website: www.medicaid.la.gov or www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp

Phone: 1-888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or

1-855-618-5488 (LaHIPP)

MAINE – Medicaid

MASSACHUSETTS - Medicaid and CHIP

MISSOURI - Medicaid

Enrollment Website:

https://www.mymaineconnection.gov/benefits/s/?language=en

US

Phone: 1-800-442-6003 TTY: Maine relay 711

Private Health Insurance Premium Webpage: https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms

Phone: 1-800-977-6740 TTY: Maine relay 711

Website: https://www.mass.gov/masshealth/pa

Phone: 1-800-862-4840

TTY: 711

Email: <u>masspremassistance@accenture.com</u>

MINNESOTA – Medicaid

Website: Website:

https://mn.gov/dhs/health-care-coverage/
http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm

Phone: 1-800-657-3672 Phone: 573-751-2005

MONTANA – Medicaid	NEBRASKA – Medicaid		
Website: http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP Phone: 1-800-694-3084 Email: HIPP Phone: 1-800-694-3084 Email: HIPP Phone: 1-800-694-3084	Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov Phone: 1-855-632-7633 Lincoln: 402-473-7000 Omaha: 402-595-1178		
NEVADA – Medicaid	NEW HAMPSHIRE – Medicaid		
Medicaid Website: http://dhcfp.nv.gov Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900	Website: https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/programs-services/medicaid/health-insurance-premium-program Phone: 603-271-5218 Toll free number for the HIPP program: 1-800-852-3345, ext. 15218 Email: DHHS.ThirdPartyLiabi@dhhs.nh.gov		
NEW JERSEY – Medicaid and CHIP	NEW YORK – Medicaid		

Medicaid Website: Website: https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/ http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/ Phone: 1-800-541-2831 dmahs/clients/medicaid/ Phone: 1-800-356-1561 CHIP Premium Assistance Phone: 609-631-2392 CHIP Website: http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710 (TTY: 711) **NORTH CAROLINA – Medicaid NORTH DAKOTA – Medicaid** Website: https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/ Website: https://www.hhs.nd.gov/healthcare Phone: 919-855-4100 Phone: 1-844-854-4825; or 1-866-614-6005 OKLAHOMA - Medicaid and CHIP **OREGON – Medicaid and CHIP** Website: http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org Phone: 1-888-365-3742 Phone: 1-800-699-9075 PENNSYLVANIA - Medicaid and CHIP RHODE ISLAND - Medicaid and CHIP Website: https://www.pa.gov/en/services/dhs/apply-for-Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/ medicaid-health-insurance-premium-payment-program-Phone: 1-855-697-4347, or hipp.html 401-462-0311 (Direct RIte Share Line) Phone: 1-800-692-7462 CHIP Website: Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) (pa.gov) CHIP Phone: 1-800-986-KIDS (5437)

SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid

Website: http://dss.sd.gov

Phone: 1-888-828-0059

SOUTH CAROLINA – Medicaid

Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov

Phone: 1-888-549-0820

TEXAS – Medicaid	UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP
Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Texas Health and Human Services Phone: 1-800-440-0493	Utah's Premium Partnership for Health Insurance (UPP) Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/upp/ Email: upp@utah.gov Phone: 1-888-222-2542; Adult Expansion Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/expansion/ Utah Medicaid Buyout Program Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/buyout-program/ CHIP Website: https://chip.utah.gov/

VERMONT– Medicaid	VIRGINIA – Medicaid and CHIP	
Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program Department of Vermont Health Access Phone: 1-800-250-8427	Website: https://coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-assistance/famis-select https://coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-assistance/health-insurance-premium-payment-hipp-programs https://coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-assistance/health-insurance-premium-payment-hipp-programs https://coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-assistance/health-insurance-premium-payment-hipp-programs https://coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-assistance/health-insurance-premium-payment-hipp-programs https://coverva.dmas.virginia.gov/learn/premium-assistance/health-insurance-premium-payment-hipp-programs	

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since July 31, 2025, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor Employee Benefits Security Administration www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services www.cms.hhs.gov 1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565

Notice of Special Enrollment Rights for Medical/Health plan coverage

As you know, if you have declined enrollment in Clackamas County's medical plan for you or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance coverage, you or your dependents may be able to enroll in some coverages under this plans without waiting for the next open enrollment period, provided that you request enrollment within [30/31] days after your other coverage ends. In addition, if you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your eligible dependents, provided that you request enrollment within [30/31] days after the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption.

Clackamas County will also allow a special enrollment opportunity if you or your eligible dependents either:

- Lose Medicaid or Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) coverage because you are no longer eligible, or
- Become eligible for a state's premium assistance program under Medicaid or CHIP.

For these enrollment opportunities, you will have 60 days – instead of [30/31] – from the date of the Medicaid/CHIP eligibility change to request enrollment in the Clackamas County group health plan. Note that this new 60-day extension doesn't apply to enrollment opportunities other than due to the Medicaid/CHIP eligibility change.

Note: If your dependent becomes eligible for a special enrollment right, you may add the dependent to your current coverage or change to another medical plan.

HIPAA Special Enrollment Notice

Group health plans that are subject to HIPAA's portability provisions must notify employees of the plan's special enrollment rules. Employees must be notified on or before they become eligible to enroll.

For active plans that also provide retiree coverage, the special enrollment notice may need clarification of how the plan will apply special enrollment rights to retirees compared to active employees. Special enrollment for standalone health plans (e.g., dental/vision) and retiree-only plans is optional. Some plans offer special enrollment for all benefits, regardless. Modify this notice according to plan's special enrollment rules.

Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act notice

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA). For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient for:

- All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed;
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;
- Prostheses; and
- Treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymphedema.

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductibles and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this plan.

If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, call the Benefits and Wellness division at 503-655-8550 or email at benefits@clackamas.us.

Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act notice

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours). If you would like more information on maternity benefits, call the Benefits and Wellness division at 503-655-8550 or email at benefits@clackamas.us.

Provider-Choice rights notice

The Providence and Kaiser health plans generally require the designation of a primary care provider. You have the right to designate any primary care provider who participates in our network and who is available to accept you or your family members. Until you make this designation, Kaiser or Providence designates one for you.} For information on how to select a primary care provider, and for a list of the participating primary care providers, contact the Kaiser or Providence customer service teams at the number on your ID Card.

For children, you may designate a pediatrician as the primary care provider.

You do not need prior authorization form Providence or Kaiser or from any other person (including a primary care provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in our network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals. For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact the Kaiser or Providence customer service teams at the number on your ID Card.

HIPAA Privacy notice reminder

The privacy rules under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) require the Clackamas County (the "Plan") to periodically send a reminder to participants about the availability of the Plan's Privacy Notice and how to obtain that notice. The Privacy Notice explains participants' rights and the Plan's legal duties with respect to protected health information (PHI) and how the Plan may use and disclose PHI.

To obtain a copy of the Privacy Notice contact Benefits and Wellness division at 503-655-8550 or go to http://www.clackamas.us/des/hippapolicy.html.

Notice of grandfathered plan status - Providence POA Plans

Clackamas County believes these plans are a "grandfathered health plan" under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (the Affordable Care Act).

- POA Providence Personal Option Medical/Vision
- POA Providence Open Option Medical/Vision

As permitted by the Affordable Care Act, a grandfathered health plan can preserve certain basic health coverage that was already in effect when that law was enacted. Being a grandfathered health plan means that your plan may not include certain consumer protections of the Affordable Care Act that apply to other plans, for example, the requirement for the provision of preventive health services without any cost sharing. However, grandfathered health plans must comply with certain other consumer protections in the Affordable Care Act, for example, the elimination of lifetime limits on benefits.

Questions regarding which protections apply and which protections do not apply to a grandfathered health plan and what might cause a plan to change from grandfathered health plan status can be directed to the plan administrator at:

Clackamas County Human Resources Benefits and Wellness Division 2051 Kaen Rd, Ste 310 Oregon City, OR 97045 503-655-8550

You may also contact the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services at www.healthreform.gov.

No Surprises Act Notice

The No Surprises Act requires group health plans and insurers to make publicly available, post on a public website, and include on each applicable EOB information in plain language on the balance billing restrictions, any applicable state law protections, and contact information for state and federal enforcement agencies. Until guidance is issued, plans and insurers are expected to implement these requirements using a good faith, reasonable interpretation. Plans and insurers may, but are not required to, use the model notice (NSA notice) to meet these disclosure requirements. If fully insured, confirm that the insurer is prepared to satisfy this requirement.

- If self-insured, check with the TPA to determine if they can prepare an NSA notice for the plan. Decide where best to post the notice on a public website, with no password required. This could be the same webpage that will contain the machine readable files required by the transparency rules, or on a career or job posting page, or where other plan notices are posted.
 - a. We understand that some TPAs may not allow any customization of the NSA notice.
 - b. If you have multiple TPAs, consider posting each of the NSA notices they've provided or draft a NSA notice using a good faith interpretation of the law. That may mean using the model notice without adding any state law information, but including a note that notices provided by the TPAs along with EOBs may vary.
- 2. If no notice has been prepared by your insurer or TPA, consider drafting a notice using a good faith interpretation of the law.
- 3. Consider also posting the notice at each worksite, or including it in a packet of notices (like Open Enrollment or New Hire Notices).

Until implementation guidance is available, many questions remain, including: what qualifies as the plan's public website; what does publicly available mean; what state information is required of self-insured plans. Consultation with legal counsel is recommended.

For the No Surprises Act notice, click here.

Your Rights and Protections Against Surprise Medical Bills

When you get emergency care or are treated by an out-of-network provider at an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center, you are protected from balance billing. In these cases, you shouldn't be charged more than your plan's copayments, coinsurance and/or deductible.

What is "balance billing" (sometimes called "surprise billing")?

When you see a doctor or other health care provider, you may owe certain <u>out-of-pocket costs</u>, like a <u>copayment</u>, <u>coinsurance</u>, or <u>deductible</u>. You may have additional costs or have to pay the entire bill if you see a provider or visit a health care facility that isn't in your health plan's network.

"Out-of-network" means providers and facilities that haven't signed a contract with your health plan to provide services. Out-of-network providers may be allowed to bill you for the difference between what your plan pays and the full amount charged for a service. This is called "balance billing." This amount is likely more than in-network costs for the same service and might not count toward your plan's deductible or annual out-of-pocket limit.

"Surprise billing" is an unexpected balance bill. This can happen when you can't control who is involved in your care—like when you have an emergency or when you schedule a visit at an innetwork facility but are unexpectedly treated by an out-of-network provider. Surprise medical bills could cost thousands of dollars depending on the procedure or service.

You're protected from balance billing for:

Emergency services

If you have an emergency medical condition and get emergency services from an out-ofnetwork provider or facility, the most they can bill you is your plan's in-network cost-sharing amount (such as copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles). You **can't** be balance billed for these emergency services. This includes services you may get after you're in stable condition, unless you give written consent and give up your protections not to be balanced billed for these post-stabilization services.

Certain services at an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center

When you get services from an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center, certain providers there may be out-of-network. In these cases, the most those providers can bill you is your plan's in-network cost-sharing amount. This applies to emergency medicine, anesthesia, pathology, radiology, laboratory, neonatology, assistant surgeon, hospitalist, or intensivist services. These providers **can't** balance bill you and may **not** ask you to give up your protections not to be balance billed.

If you get other types of services at these in-network facilities, out-of-network providers **can't** balance bill you, unless you give written consent and give up your protections.

You're <u>never</u> required to give up your protections from balance billing. You also aren't required to get out-of-network care. You can choose a provider or facility in your plan's network.

When balance billing isn't allowed, you also have these protections:

- You're only responsible for paying your share of the cost (like the copayments, coinsurance, and deductible that you would pay if the provider or facility was in-network).
 Your health plan will pay any additional costs to out-of-network providers and facilities directly.
- Generally, your health plan must:
 - Cover emergency services without requiring you to get approval for services in advance (also known as "prior authorization").
 - Cover emergency services by out-of-network providers.
 - Base what you owe the provider or facility (cost-sharing) on what it would pay an
 in-network provider or facility and show that amount in your explanation of benefits.
 - Count any amount you pay for emergency services or out-of-network services toward your in-network deductible and out-of-pocket limit.

If you think you've been wrongly billed, contact U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The federal phone number for information and complaints is: 1-800-985-3059. Visit No Surprises Act | CMS for more information about your rights under federal law.

Wellness Program Notices

HIPAA Notice of Availability of Alternatives (for Health-Contingent Wellness Programs)

Applicable only to health-contingent wellness programs and only if materials describe the terms of a health-contingent wellness program, such as a premium differential based on tobacco use or a biometric exam's results. If materials merely note that cost sharing may vary based on participation in a wellness program, but don't describe the program's standards, that brief mention wouldn't trigger this disclosure.

Plans may revise the sample language for use in their own materials, as long as the alternative text covers all required content. Essential information includes the availability of a reasonable alternative standard to qualify for the reward, the possibility of having the standard waived (if applicable), the plan's obligation to accommodate a personal physician's recommendations, and relevant contact information.

EEOC Notice (for Wellness Plans that include disability-related inquiries or medical examinations)

The EEOC final wellness plan regulations list several requirements that must be met in order for an employee's participation in a wellness program that includes disability-related inquiries or medical examinations to be considered voluntary. In order to ensure that an employee's participation is voluntary, an employer must provide a notice that clearly explains to employees what medical information will be obtained and how it will be used as well as the restrictions on any disclosure of the employee's information and the methods the plan will take to protect the information. The notice requirement applies to wellness programs as of the first day of the first plan year. EEOC has provided a sample notice. The Toolkit provides the sample notice as part of the OE notices. See Q&As: Sample Notice for instructions on using the sample notice as well

as the notice requirement. The Q&As suggest to avoid providing the notice along with a lot of information unrelated to the wellness program as this may cause employees to ignore or misunderstand the contents of the notice. It is unclear as to what extent the notice can or should be provided with open enrollment materials. We recommend consultation with legal counsel on this point.

Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA) Spousal Notice and Authorization for Wellness Program (for Wellness Plans that allow Spouses or Domestic Partners to participate in Disability-Related Inquiries or Medical Examinations)

GINA requires an employer that requests current or past health status information of an employee's spouse to obtain prior, knowing, written, and voluntary authorization from the spouse before the spouse completes a health risk assessment (which may include an HRA and/or biometrics). Employers should ensure that the Authorization form in this Open Enrollment Toolkit aligns with their current practices as well as those of their wellness vendor. Employers also should have their final Authorization reviewed by legal counsel as it is an important compliance document.

Please note, Mercer's sample Authorization form is drafted to allow for participating domestic partners to complete the Authorization. Please note that while the <u>Final GINA wellness</u> regulations only impose this requirement on spouses who are eligible to participate in the wellness program, it is recommended that domestic partners also provide authorization if they are eligible to participate. Employers should review the application of these requirements to dependents with counsel and make changes as necessary.

For the Wellness Program notices, click here.

Opt-Out payment attestation – [Name of plan or coverage]

Clackamas County has offered me the opportunity to enroll in medical coverage under the [Kaiser Health Plan or Providence Health Plan], which constitutes minimum essential coverage (MEC) with minimum value as defined under the Affordable Care Act. Clackamas County also provides an opt-out payment in the amount of per month/as a one-time payment] if I and my "expected tax family" will be covered by other non-individual market MEC for the relevant period and if I complete this attestation.

I hereby certify that the following statements are true and correct:

- I am declining medical coverage under the ______ (name of plan or coverage) for myself, my spouse and all tax dependents, if any, for whom I reasonably expect to claim personal exemption deduction on my federal income tax return ("expected tax family")
- I and all other members of my expected tax family, if any, have or will have MEC that is NOT
 coverage obtained in the individual market or Health Insurance Marketplace for the period
 covered by the opt-out payment (as defined below)
- I understand and agree to the following:

-		ne plan year under the[(plan ye (plan ye onth)		(name of plan o n) –	r coverage) is (plan year end day &		
_	- The period covered by the opt-out payment is:						
	-	Through the end of the initial enrollment	e current plan year,	if the declination o	of coverage is related to		
	 Through the end of the next plan year, if the declination of coverage is related to open enrollment 						
_	 If my employer knows or has reason to know that I or any other member of my expected tax family does not have (or will not have) the required alternative MEC, my employer is obligated to terminate the opt-out payment 						
Emplo	yee	e Name	Date	Emp	oloyee Signature		
Emplo	yee	: ID					