## Community Road Fund Advisory Committee

## **Congestion Projects Evaluation Measures**

UPDATED based on input at CRFAC meeting, Sept. 26, 2019

	Торіс	Comments	Evaluation Measure: Scored 0-2
1.	Development	Future development (known	2- Project impacted by known development
		projects, master plans) or	1 – Project is located near area with development impacts
		current development that could be supported	<b>0</b> - Project is in area with no current development impacts
2.	Safety	Safety; frequency of crashes; lack of alternative routes; could include schools, personal safety, shoulders.	2 – Project includes improvement identified as a need
			through CRF safety project evaluation
			<ul> <li>Improves a Transportation System Plan (TSP) safety focus intersection, in a road safety audit corridor or identified</li> </ul>
			as an ODOT Safety Priority Index System (SPIS) site
			0 – Not indicated as a safety priority
3.	Traffic Impact	Number of people or trips impacted. Improves traffic flow? Reduces congestion? Future traffic.	2 – Current ADT is near or exceeds planned / future ADT (90%
			and greater)
			1 – Current ADT more than 50% of expected future ADT (50%- 90%)
			0 – Current ADT is less than of 50% future ADT (0%-50%)
4.	Commercial / Freight Impacts	Commercial impacts,	Road classification and Emergency Transportation Route (ETR)
		improvements to freight movement. Does it support the economy?	2 – ETR / Major Arterial roadway / on freight route / provides
			access to commercial / industrial area
			<ul> <li>1- Minor Arterial roadway</li> <li>0 – Collector roadway</li> </ul>
5.	No Other	The Community Road Fund	2- No other funding source clearly available
	Funding Sources	provides the opportunity to fund projects with no other direct funding source.	<b>1-</b> No other funding source except project is eligible for SDCs
			(system development charges) or TIF (tax increment
			financing) funds <b>0</b> – A project that is grant-eligible or has grant funds readily
			available
Α.		Cost-effectiveness; bang for the buck	Second Round Scoring: Using current cost estimates, and
			potential SDC reduction, created a cost-effectiveness score of
			((Total Cost – SDC Contribution)/Average Daily Trips
			ADT)/100. Scoring:
			<ul> <li>5- If cost-effectiveness is 0 – 2.99</li> <li>4- If cost-effectiveness is 3 – 5.99</li> </ul>
			<b>3-</b> If cost-effectiveness is 6 – 9.99
			<ul> <li><b>2-</b> If cost-effectiveness is 10 – 19.99</li> </ul>
			1- If cost-effectiveness is 20+
B.	Readiness / Show Progress	Low-hanging fruit. Cheaper	Second Round Scoring: After the engineers created the cost
2.		alternative? Show progress.	assessment, they were asked to score the projects with
		Which projects have the least	respect to potential risk. Scoring
		amount of potential risk and may be quicker to deliver?	5 - Low risk
			3- Medium risk
			1- High risk
C.		Ability to leverage other funds.	Second Round Scoring: Identify which projects are also
		Partner with other agencies – cities, ODOT.	planned for paving, are SDC eligible, within urban renewal
			areas, potential Strategic Investment Fund, or jurisdictional contribution
			5- On paving list and other funding source
			3- On paving list OR other funding source
			1- No other funding source
		Spread projects across the	Second Round Scoring: Identified the projects ranking from
D.	Geographic	Spread projects deross the	
D.	Geographic Equity	county, not just in one area.	the three second round scores in each area to identify top
D.	• •		projects within each area.
D.	• •		projects within each area. 5- Top scoring project for area
D.	• •		projects within each area. 5- Top scoring project for area 4- Second scoring project for area
D.	• •		projects within each area. 5- Top scoring project for area